ps Delete():0()一資料と対き序引極的度影高在第一個 Binary Search Tree = (插入水刷)除時間器P开本盖) Selection Sort = Unsorted List Insertion Sort = Sorted List 韩近點提奪 (不鬼排傷) · Basics of Priority Aucues Tree Sore 學九一 優先行列 App IT CATION 3 Use

◎ Use Insertion Sort: (福小庫外所需的動長) P\$ Peleta(): 0(11)-每八智松歌小中時間需載長 PB Insert (): 0 (1) - 需要於報住住子插入 O Use Selection Sort: (南)降所需時間執兵 3 Priority Ruene = Search Key + priority value pg Insert(): 0(1) - 直将校在最後面

P& Delete(): O ( Rog h) ( 影養 降三九 智 0 (m)) pg Insert() = 0(20gn) (最充計小 0(n))

D 光 5 B , 建用 priority queue 李松 等江西

②在最近图内再建用 printing queu 对热最还高的

3把 bottom copy 社在 root, 冊) 解 bottom,由上往下板直 ( Reheap Down) 2, 從柏戴生走五年与中一课路都可以看成一個50rted 13t. . 只松出最大的最小 多效李勒好 ラ季日·曹 計立 bottom ,由下往上板直 (Kebeguly) pg Peletel): Oti) -最大值在程計版 pg Delete(): 0(1) - 最小值在框打起 ● 新電資料: pp 在 bottom 》 RehenpUp ⑤ 丽小野草井: 那1 root → ReheapDown 跟了許影中較大(4)好次東 pg Insertl) = 0 (logh) pg Insert (): O (Rogn) 1. 是一棵晃耀梢 ① 随用行電大量編稿 max - heap min - heap · Heap - FHER @ MAX - heap @ min - heap ③ 泥影

110

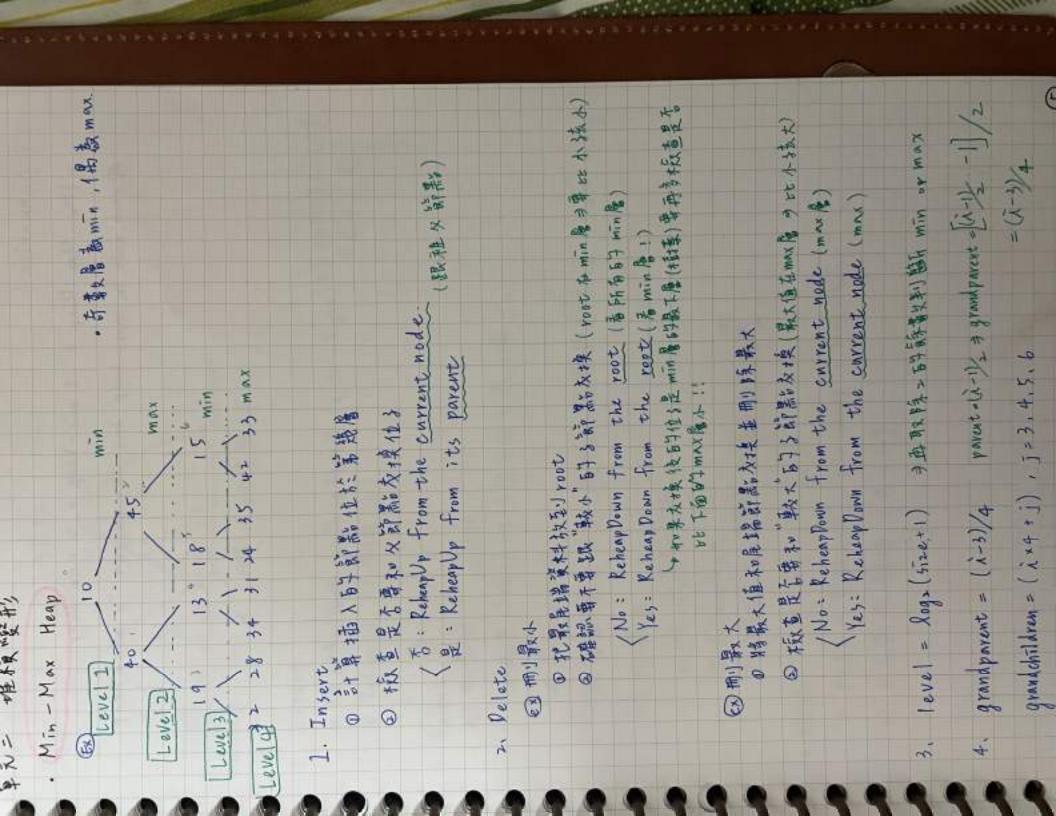
和下窗内 210 17

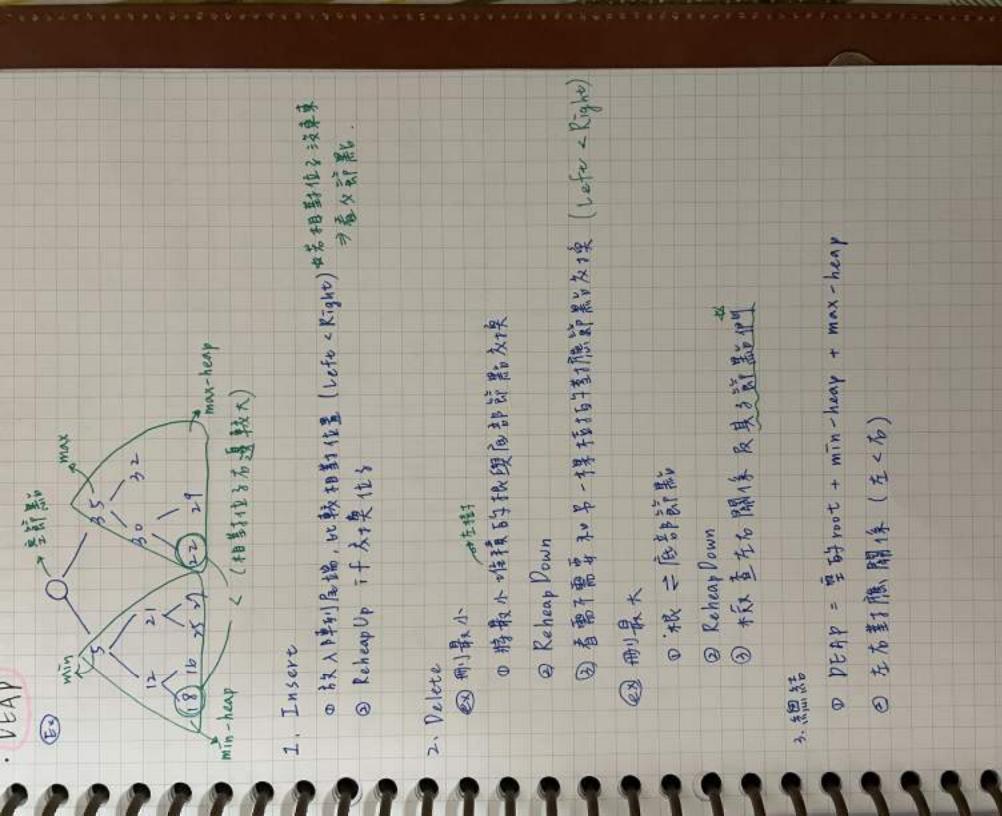
△ 1至11回 code 不管是另一1回 code 百年前面 (ex. 有91

ラ用min-heap はなンス Deletr産生物個最小日子

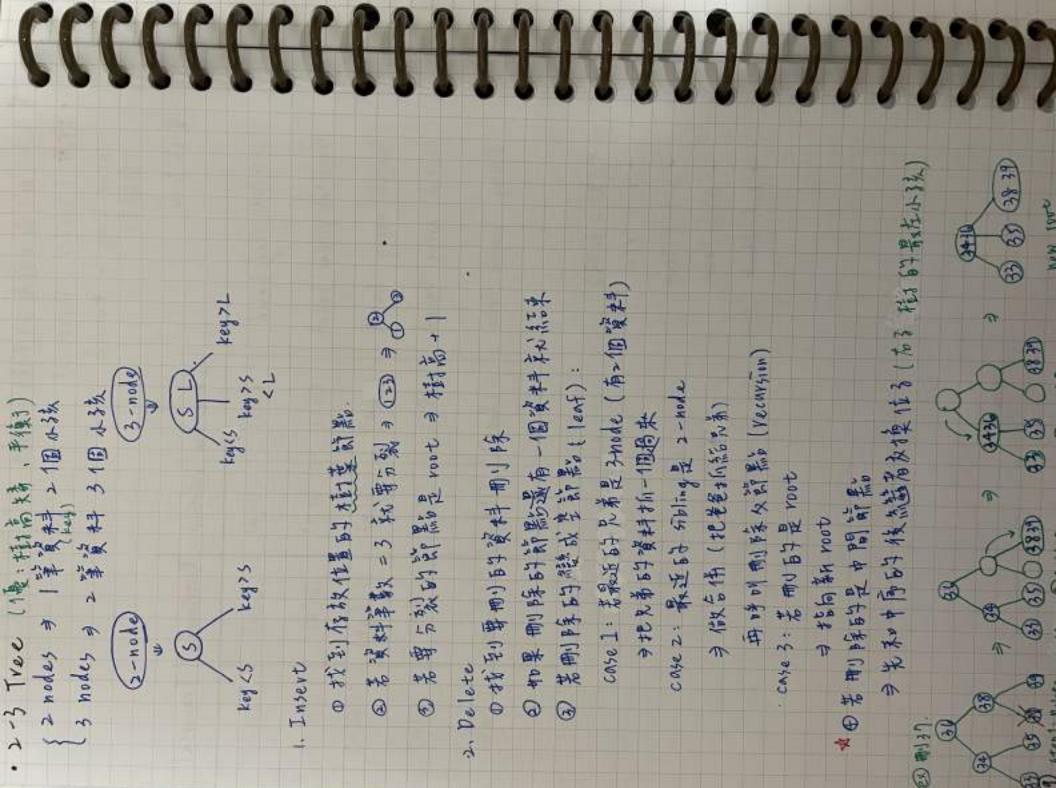
```
while ((parent >= 0) && (items[place] > items[parent])){
                                                                                        1f (512e > = MAX-HEAP) throw HampException ("Henp full")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    11 Swap.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    copy & y root
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Heap I tem Type temp = items [parent];
                                                                                                                           1 tom 5 [512e] = new Item; // 持資料放在影後
                                                                                                                                                                                    int parent = (place-1)/2; 11 108
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Items[0] = Items[5Tze-1]; 11 th bottom
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   items[parent] = items [place];
                   + HeapItemType Items [MAX-HEAP];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         parent = (place -1)/2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Ttems[place] = temp;
                                                                                                                                                          int place = size;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  place = parent;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  子(1) (1) 1年
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             heap Rebuild (0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 // reheapup!
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  3 11 heap Insert ()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    - henphelete() {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              3 // while
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ++5/20)
                                                             > heapInsert() {
+ int 5120 ]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           in
```

Tf ( right Child a size & & items [right child] > items[child] HeapItemType temp = Ttems [root] ; // swap + heap Kebuild (Int root) { // 30 Semi-heap Alth By heap.
Int child = 2 \* root +1; // thish 大招子記書が heap of note - 1個 semi-heap. child = rightChild // et 教大与子子教 子重質 call heap Rebutld(i), T= n ... 2.1.0 heap Rebuild (child);//能翻編1年下 if ( items [ voot ] < items [ child ] ) { Ttems[root] = items[child]; The right child = child + 1; 1/6 & 3th 若最大值干在 root 与中小孩中就管结 Ttems [child] = temp; 3 why not of by 0. 1.2 ... ? ·把家樣打直接轉成max-henp @ Gratista, delete Ato TR B henpRebuild, 重新 step 0 7+ (child < size) { 为 Why 能下往上呼叫? } 11 end if 3 11 heap Rebutld () 3 11 end 7 f O 73 heap Heap Sort



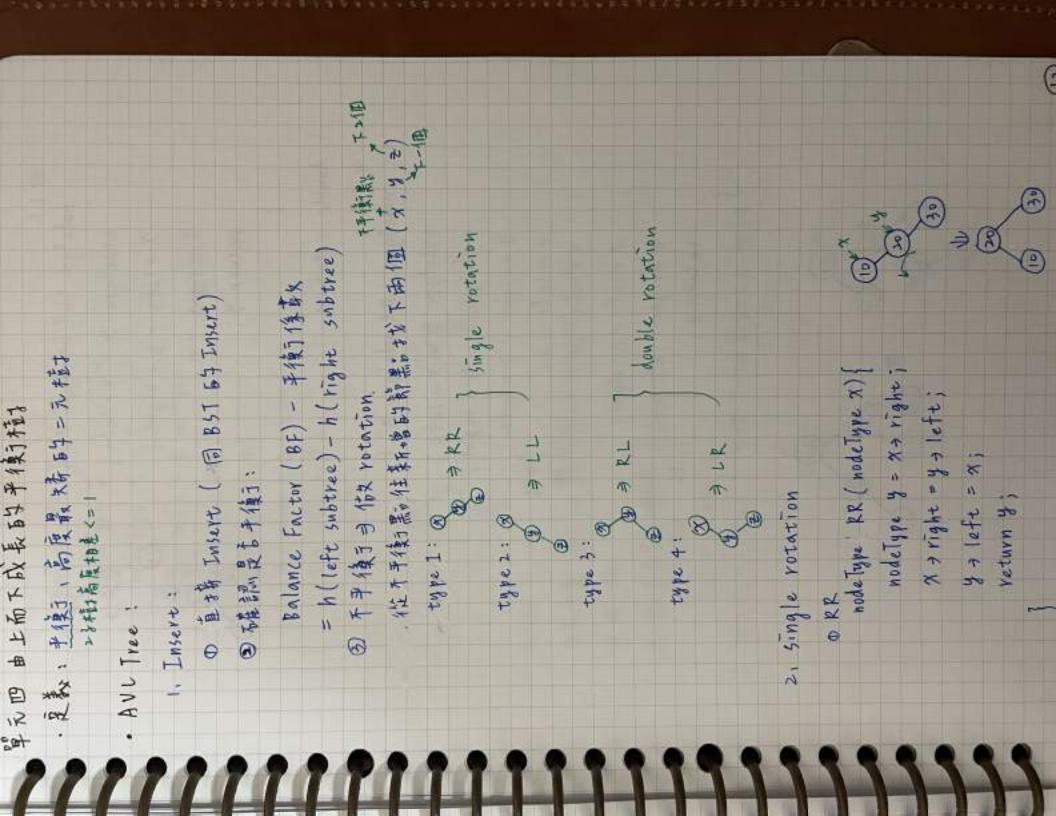


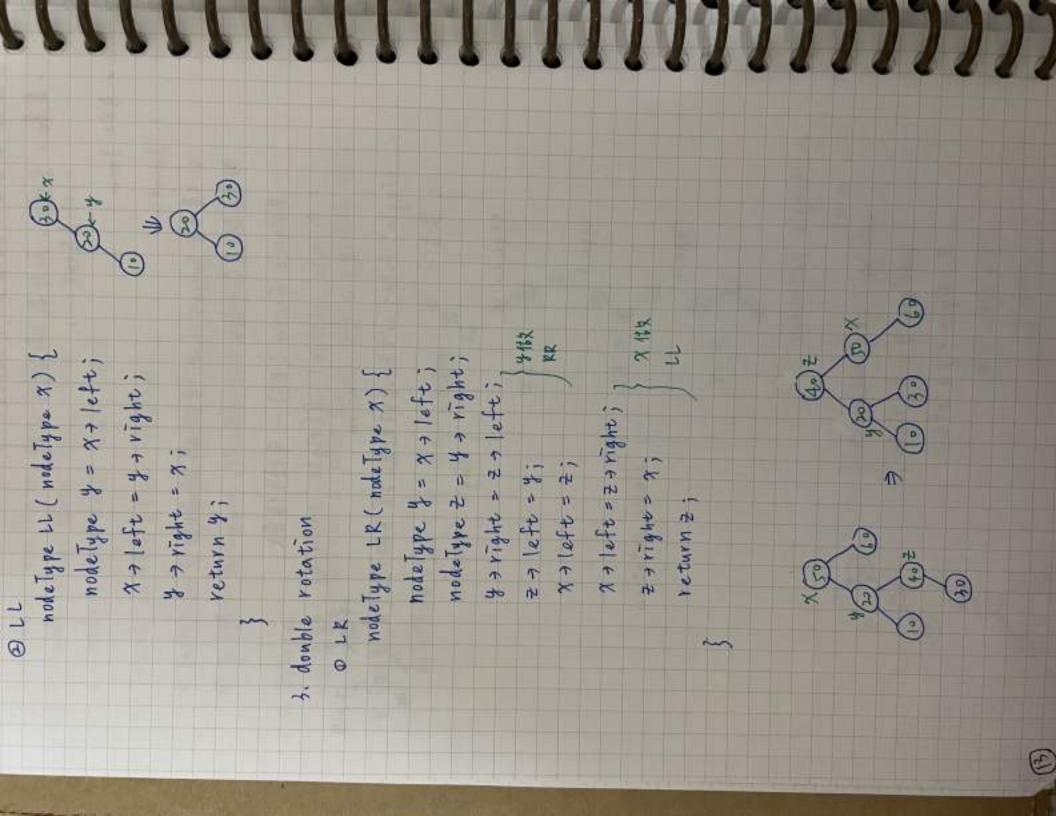
Traversa (m)0 0 (m) (n)0 (n)0 (w)0 Retrieval O(Rogn) O(Rogn) O (Logh) O(n) (w) 0 0 (N) (W)0 (w) 0 Insertin Deletion (w)0 (w) 0 o (Rogn) 0(n) (w)0 (170 (1)0 · 才獎奇 ( Search , Retrive) search key + Record (開鍵手) Unsorted pointer based Sorted pry based Sorted array based Binny Search Tree > Red-Black Tree Unsorted array based +2-3-4 Tree 平镇二元村 + AVL Tree + 2-3 Tree ·最作了去,

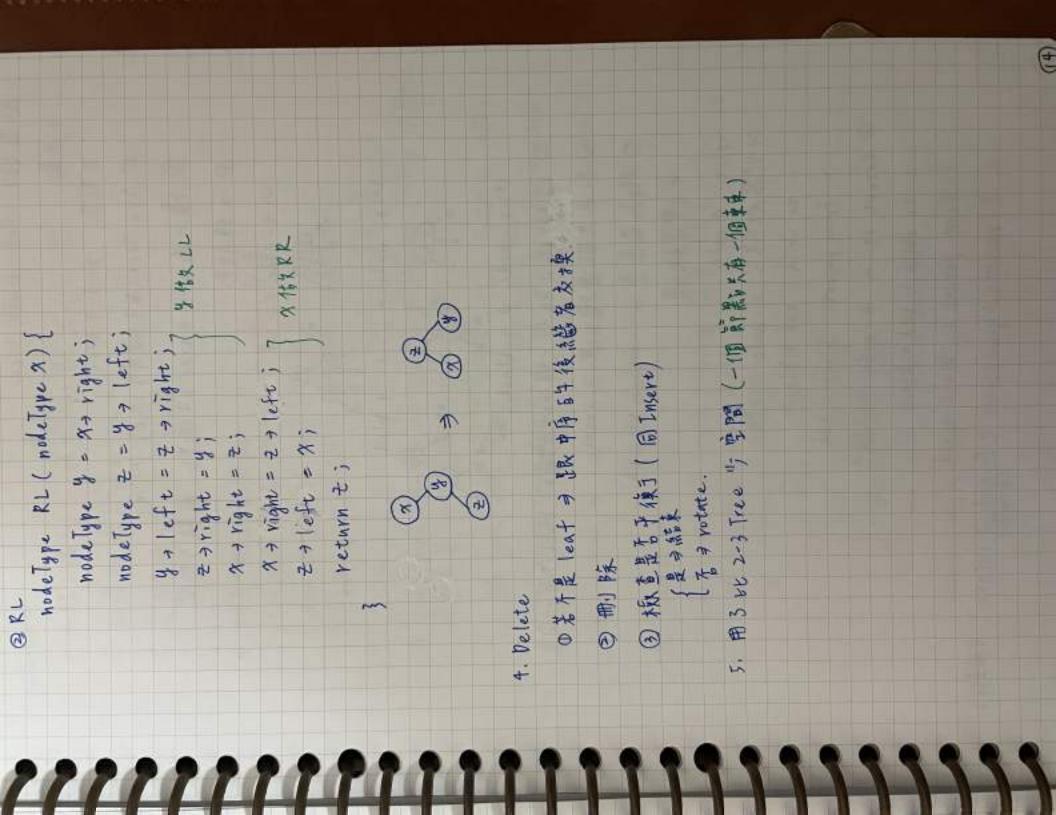


Move appropriate child from sibling to x; Forts 3 Redistribute items among the sibling, p and x; if (x is not a leat) Hove x's child tos; X = the tree node whose search key equals thekey it ( the nearest sibling of x has two items) 3mode " Move appropriate Item down from p to 5; romove X; If (p now has no item) fix (p); 5 = the nearest staling of x; りこられccessor(双); タ中自日接給著 17 ( x 75 not a leaf) delete I tem ( in tt Tree , in the key) if (x is not a leaf) If ( X now has no Item) Pelete thokey from X; p = parent of x; SNapkey (x, 4); remove the root; else 11 merge 1f (x >> root) fix (x); 3. Pelete ig ist パール 打x( In x)

①在上本土地至山西子 2-node 智 化生石将(:可能进成型管理) 图 先 Split 再 Insert (路上過到154-node 清算5plice) O Insert 新光椒直該就器是各為4-node ( \*0 2-3 tree 不同日子地方); (用3比的下東海雪門) 4 - node = three data four child - node : two data three child one data two child (おひろ打なを更大書) 聖間接時間 . 2-5-4 Tree 1. Insert 35年で、 2 - node Delete Œ 4 3 7 0







## 3, 花 parent = grandparent 也是 red > rotate (:不能重维)

① 從稿,根走到任一個 lea午海過的 black 数量一樣

(3) 2 - node 3 2 black .

(2) 3 - node 3 1 red , 1 black

TO THE

w 4-node 3 2 red

2 種類色

●梅高最高是2-3-4Tree 15岁·作

于野事教授

Split 4 noke

⑤ 松色不肯尼李篇 以主見 + rotate

Parent TS a 3-node 9 64882

3

1. to child : red + black

2. from parent 1 black thed

O Parent is a 2-node 3 UX 3 & 2

" to child : red > black

21 from parent: black + red

③ 優·有2-3-4 trec 15字優於,用軟了空間

◎ AVL tree 百年花草事功能多多种

の前點: 2-3-4七元

· 新果村 Red - black tree

Sins Ena

grandparend & parent is red & pointed to sibling is black as R. & B. lent & te black & red (d) 2 child 3 LL + red + black (pointed to left child)

(RR (7f Adde left child) (b) RA left child of LL + red > black (point to child)
(c) RA right child of LR + red > black (pointed to child)
(c) RA right child of LR + red > black (pointed to child)
(RL (Tf delete left child) ( 在影上遇毛) > red pointers 本人 Split (同2-3-4Tree) CASE 1: 冊目与是在小多效 (5061mg一定有一個黑小多数) pointed to by black 3 - EARS enf s) { pointed to by red s 直非用! ( IN CASE 1 +18 E) ( LOK, ROL) stwo child ラネロ in-order macessor 交接 two child a LL + recolor one child 9 12 child 静上東 right child only 3 LR ia LL votation + recolor left child only 3 LL B 新前點 64 pointer 75 red (b) STOPING BY TO A ST. ③ 若有連續 64 red 升視轉 r no child 3 hts pointer to sibling 75 Case 2: 例在小多数 ① 大文至小刑少年日的 點 4. Delete 3, Insert 0

(4) no child + tets 的 sibling ty 成 底 6 4 case 1: 冊的本部 Gibling By小孩一定是高心色 @ pointers to parents and sibling ave black (4) rightchild only: LR + recolor (10x , 201) 3 1 EL reconsion (c) other: LL + recolor ( FO CASE ( FB E ) (

このうとは: 用り五小子水