





Solution Exercise 3

Generative Models - part ${\bf 1}$

Deriving the Evidence Lower Bound

In this exercise, we want to derive the Evidence Lower Bound (ELBO) for training variational autoencoders.



Deriving the Evidence Lower Bound - Exercise A

Show:

$$D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z)] + \log P(X)$$
(1)



Definition KL Divergence

$$D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \int_{z} Q(z|X) \log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} dz$$
 (2)



Definition Expected Value

$$D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \int_{z} Q(z|X) \log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} dz$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} \right]$$
(3)



Logartihm Rule

$$D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \int_{z} Q(z|X) \log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} dz$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z|X) \right]$$
(4)



Bayes Theorem

$$D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \int_{z} Q(z|X) \log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} dz$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z|X) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log \frac{P(X|z)P(z)}{P(X)} \right]$$
(5)



Logarithm Rule

$$D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \int_{z} Q(z|X) \log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} dz$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z|X) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log \frac{P(X|z)P(z)}{P(X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - (\log P(X|z) + \log P(z) - \log P(X)) \right]$$
(6)



Removing inner bracket

$$D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \int_{z} Q(z|X) \log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} dz$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z|X) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log \frac{P(X|z)P(z)}{P(X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - (\log P(X|z) + \log P(z) - \log P(X)) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - (\log P(X|z) + \log P(z) + \log P(X)) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z) + \log P(X) \right]$$

$$(7)$$



Moving constant out of expected value

 $D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \int Q(z|X) \log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} dz$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log \frac{Q(z|X)}{P(z|X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z|X) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log \frac{P(X|z)P(z)}{P(X)} \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - (\log P(X|z) + \log P(z) - \log P(X)) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z) + \log P(X) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} \left[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z) \right] + \log P(X)$$

$$(8)$$



Deriving the Evidence Lower Bound - Exercise B

Show:

$$\log P(X) - D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)} [\log P(X|z)] - D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z)]$$
(9)



Substitute $D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)]$ according to exercise A.

$$\log P(X) - D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \log P(X) - (\mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z)] + \log P(X))$$
(10)



 $\log P(X)$ terms cancel each other out, scalar multiplication rule for expected values

$$\log P(X) - D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)]$$

$$= \log P(X) - (\mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z)] + \log P(X))$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log P(X|z) - (\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z))]$$
(11)



Rules for addition in expected values.

$$\log P(X) - D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \log P(X) - (\mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z)] + \log P(X))$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log P(X|z) - (\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z))]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log P(X|z)] - \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z)]$$
(12)



Definition expected value, definition KL Divergence

$$\log P(X) - D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z|X)] = \log P(X) - (\mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(X|z) - \log P(z)] + \log P(X))$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log P(X|z) - (\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z))]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log P(X|z)] - \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log Q(z|X) - \log P(z)]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{z \sim Q(z|X)}[\log P(X|z)] - D_{KL}[Q(z|X)||P(z)]$$
(13)



Proof Counterfactual stays on Data Manifold

In this exercise we want to show, that the counterfactual produced by the diffeomorphic counterfactuals procedure actually still lies on the data manifold.

Hint: Use Taylor Decomposition, the Chain Rule and singular value decomposition

$$g\left(z^{(i+1)}\right) = g\left(z^{(i)}\right) + \lambda U \Sigma^{2} U^{T} \frac{\partial f_{t}}{\partial x} + \mathcal{O}\left(\lambda^{2}\right)$$



Proof Counterfactual stays on Data Manifold - Solution A

$$\begin{split} g\left(z^{(i+1)}\right) &= g(z^{(i)} + \lambda \frac{\partial (f \circ g)_t}{\partial z}(z^{(i)})) \\ &= g^{\left(z^{(i)}\right)} + \frac{\partial g}{\partial z}(z - z^{(i)}) + \mathcal{O}\left(|z - z^{(i)}|^2\right) \\ &= g^{\left(z^{(i)}\right)} + \frac{\partial g}{\partial z}(z^{(i)} + \lambda \frac{\partial (f \circ g)_t}{\partial z} - z^{(i)}) + \mathcal{O}\left(|z^{(i)} + \lambda \frac{\partial (f \circ g)_t}{\partial z} - z^{(i)}|^2\right) \\ &= g^{\left(z^{(i)}\right)} + \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} \frac{\partial (f \circ g)_t}{\partial z} + \mathcal{O}\left(\lambda^2\right) \\ &= g^{\left(z^{(i)}\right)} + \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} \frac{\partial f_t}{\partial g} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} + \mathcal{O}\left(\lambda^2\right) \\ &= g^{\left(z^{(i)}\right)} + \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} \frac{\partial f_t}{\partial x} + \mathcal{O}\left(\lambda^2\right) \\ &= g\left(z^{(i)}\right) + \lambda U \Sigma V V^T \Sigma^T U^T \frac{\partial f_t}{\partial x} + \mathcal{O}\left(\lambda^2\right) \\ &= g\left(z^{(i)}\right) + \lambda U \Sigma^2 U^T \frac{\partial f_t}{\partial x} + \mathcal{O}\left(\lambda^2\right) \end{split}$$

