

OpenCore

Reference Manual (0.9.1.2)

[2023.04.13]

3. DevirtualiseMmio

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Remove runtime attribute from certain MMIO regions.

This quirk reduces the stolen memory footprint in the memory map by removing the runtime bit for known memory regions. This quirk may result in an increase of KASLR slides available but without additional measures, it is not necessarily compatible with the target board. This quirk typically frees between 64 and 256 megabytes of memory, present in the debug log, and on some platforms, is the only way to boot macOS, which otherwise fails with allocation errors at the bootloader stage.

This option is useful on all types of firmware, except for some very old ones such as Sandy Bridge. On certain firmware, a list of addresses that need virtual addresses for proper NVRAM and hibernation functionality may be required. Use the MmioWhitelist section for this.

4. DisableSingleUser

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Disable single user mode.

This is a security option that restricts the activation of single user mode by ignoring the CMD+S hotkey and the -s boot argument. The behaviour with this quirk enabled is supposed to match T2-based model behaviour. Refer to this archived article to understand how to use single user mode with this quirk enabled.

Note: When Apple Secure Boot is enabled single user mode is always disabled.

5. DisableVariableWrite

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Protect from macOS NVRAM write access.

This is a security option that restricts NVRAM access in macOS. This quirk requires OC_FIRMWARE_RUNTIME protocol implemented in OpenRuntime.efi.

Note: This quirk can also be used as an ad hoc workaround for defective UEFI runtime services implementations that are unable to write variables to NVRAM and results in operating system failures.

6. DiscardHibernateMap

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Reuse original hibernate memory map.

This option forces the XNU kernel to ignore a newly supplied memory map and assume that it did not change after waking from hibernation. This behaviour is required by Windows to work. Windows mandates preserving runtime memory size and location after S4 wake.

Note: This may be used to workaround defective memory map implementations on older, rare legacy hardware. Examples of such hardware are Ivy Bridge laptops with Insyde firmware such as the Acer V3-571G. Do not use this option without a full understanding of the implications.

7. EnableSafeModeSlide

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Patch bootloader to have KASLR enabled in safe mode.

This option is relevant to users with issues booting to safe mode (e.g. by holding shift or with using the -x boot argument). By default, safe mode forces 0 slide as if the system was launched with the slide=0 boot argument.

- This quirk attempts to patch the boot.efi file to remove this limitation and to allow using other values (from 1 to 255 inclusive).
- This quirk requires enabling ProvideCustomSlide.

Note: The need for this option is dependent on the availability of safe mode. It can be enabled when booting to safe mode fails.

7 Kernel

7.1 Introduction

This section allows the application of different kinds of kernelspace modifications on Apple Kernel (XNU). The modifications currently provide driver (kext) injection, kernel and driver patching, and driver blocking.

Kernel and kext changes apply with the following effective order:

- Block is processed.
- Add and Force are processed.
- Emulate and Quirks are processed.
- Patch is processed.
- Add and Force are processed.

7.2 Properties

1. Add

Type: plist array Failsafe: Empty

Description: Load selected kernel extensions (kexts) from the OC/Kexts directory.

To be filled with plist dict values, describing each kext. Refer to the Add Properties section below for details.

Note 1: The load order is based on the order in which the kexts appear in the array. Hence, dependencies must appear before kexts that depend on them.

Note 2: To track the dependency order, inspect the OSBundleLibraries key in the Info.plist file of the kext being added. Any kext included under the key is a dependency that must appear before the kext being added.

Note 3: Kexts may have inner kexts (Plugins) included in the bundle. Such Plugins must be added separately and follow the same global ordering rules as other kexts.

2. Block

Type: plist array Failsafe: Empty

Description: Remove selected kernel extensions (kexts) from the prelinked kernel.

To be filled with plist dictionary values, describing each blocked kext. Refer to the Block Properties section below for details.

3. Emulate

Type: plist dict

Description: Emulate certain hardware in kernelspace via parameters described in the Emulate Properties section below.

4. Force

Type: plist array Failsafe: Empty

Description: Load kernel extensions (kexts) from the system volume if they are not cached.

To be filled with plist dict values, describing each kext. Refer to the Force Properties section below for details. This section resolves the problem of injecting kexts that depend on other kexts, which are not otherwise cached. The issue typically affects older operating systems, where various dependency kexts, such as IOAudioFamily or IONetworkingFamily may not be present in the kernel cache by default.

Note 1: The load order is based on the order in which the kexts appear in the array. Hence, dependencies must appear before kexts that depend on them.

Note 2: Force happens before Add.

Note β : The signature of the "forced" kext is not checked in any way. This makes using this feature extremely dangerous and undesirable for secure boot.

Note 4: This feature may not work on encrypted partitions in newer operating systems.

Note 4: This patch is for PMIO support and is therefore not applied if UseMmio under section Misc->Serial->Custom is false. For MMIO, there are boot arguments pcie_mmio_uart=ADDRESS and mmio_uart=ADDRESS that allow the kernel to use MMIO for serial port access.

Note 5: The serial baud rate must be correctly set in both BaudRate under section Misc->Serial->Custom and via serialbaud=VALUE boot argument, both of which should match against each other. The default baud rate is 115200.

6. CustomSMBIOSGuid

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false Requirement: 10.4

Description: Performs GUID patching for UpdateSMBIOSMode Custom mode. Usually relevant for Dell laptops.

7. DisableIoMapper

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Requirement: 10.8 (not required for older)

Description: Disables IOMapper support in XNU (VT-d), which may conflict with the firmware implementation.

Note 1: This option is a preferred alternative to deleting DMAR ACPI table and disabling VT-d in firmware preferences, which does not obstruct VT-d support in other systems in case they need this.

Note 2: Misconfigured IOMMU in the firmware may result in broken devices such as ethernet or Wi-Fi adapters. For instance, an ethernet adapter may cycle in link-up link-down state infinitely and a Wi-Fi adapter may fail to discover networks. Gigabyte is one of the most common OEMs with these issues.

8. DisableIoMapperMapping

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Requirement: 13.3 (not required for older)

Description: Disables mapping PCI bridge device memory in IOMMU (VT-d).

Note 1: This option resolves compatibility issues with Wi-Fi, Ethernet and Thunderbolt devices when AppleVTD is enabled on systems where the native DMAR table contains one or more Reserved Memory Regions.

Note 2: This option is not needed on AMD systems or any Intel system where the native DMAR table does not contain any Reserved Memory Regions.

9. DisableLinkeditJettison

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false Requirement: 11

Description: Disables __LINKEDIT jettison code.

This option lets Lilu.kext, and possibly other kexts, function in macOS Big Sur at their best performance levels without requiring the keepsyms=1 boot argument.

$10. \ {\tt DisableRtcChecksum}$

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false Requirement: 10.4

Description: Disables primary checksum (0x58-0x59) writing in AppleRTC.

Note 1: This option will not protect other areas from being overwritten, see RTCMemoryFixup kernel extension if this is desired.

Note 2: This option will not protect areas from being overwritten at firmware stage (e.g. macOS bootloader), see AppleRtcRam protocol description if this is desired.

11. ExtendBTFeatureFlags

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

This option may be useful for keyboard layouts with Option key situated to the right of Command key.

6. PointerSupport

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Enable internal pointer driver.

This option implements standard UEFI pointer protocol (EFI_SIMPLE_POINTER_PROTOCOL) through certain OEM protocols. The option may be useful on Z87 ASUS boards, where EFI_SIMPLE_POINTER_PROTOCOL is defective.

$7. \ {\tt PointerSupportMode}$

Type: plist string Failsafe: Empty

Description: Set OEM protocol used for internal pointer driver.

Currently the only supported variant is ASUS, using specialised protocol available on certain Z87 and Z97 ASUS boards. More details can be found in LongSoft/UefiTool#116. The value of this property cannot be empty if PointerSupport is enabled.

8. TimerResolution

Type: plist integer

Failsafe: 0

Description: Set architecture timer resolution.

This option allows updating the firmware architecture timer period with the specified value in 100 nanosecond units. Setting a lower value typically improves performance and responsiveness of the interface and input handling.

The recommended value is 50000 (5 milliseconds) or slightly higher. Select ASUS Z87 boards use 60000 for the interface. Apple boards use 100000. In case of issues, this option can be left as 0 to not change the timer resolution.

11.16 Output Properties

1. TextRenderer

Type: plist string Failsafe: BuiltinGraphics

Description: Chooses renderer for text going through standard console output.

Currently two renderers are supported: Builtin and System. System renderer uses firmware services for text rendering. Builtin bypassing bypasses firmware services and performs text rendering on its own. Different renderers support a different set of options. It is recommended to use Builtin renderer, as it supports HiDPI mode and uses full screen resolution.

UEFI firmware typically supports ConsoleControl with two rendering modes: Graphics and Text. Some types of firmware do not support ConsoleControl and rendering modes. OpenCore and macOS expect text to only be shown in Graphics mode and graphics to be drawn in any mode. Since this is not required by UEFI specification, exact behaviour varies.

Valid values are combinations of text renderer and rendering mode:

- BuiltinGraphics Switch to Graphics mode and use Builtin renderer with custom ConsoleControl.
- BuiltinText Switch to Text mode and use Builtin renderer with custom ConsoleControl.
- SystemGraphics Switch to Graphics mode and use System renderer with custom ConsoleControl.
- SystemText Switch to Text mode and use System renderer with custom ConsoleControl.
- $\bullet \ \ {\tt SystemGeneric-Use\ System\ renderer\ with\ system\ {\tt ConsoleControl\ assuming\ it\ behaves\ correctly}.$

The use of BuiltinGraphics is straightforward. For most platforms, it is necessary to enable ProvideConsoleGop and set Resolution to Max. The BuiltinText variant is an alternative BuiltinGraphics for some very old and defective laptop firmware, which can only draw in Text mode.

The use of System protocols is more complicated. Typically, the preferred setting is SystemGraphics or SystemText. Enabling ProvideConsoleGop, setting Resolution to Max, enabling ReplaceTabWithSpace is useful on almost all platforms. SanitiseClearScreen, IgnoreTextInGraphics, and ClearScreenOnModeSwitch are more specific, and their use depends on the firmware.

Failsafe: false

Description: Enable write-combining (WC) caching for GOP memory, if system firmware has not already enabled it.

Some older firmware (e.g. EFI-era Macs) fails to set write-combining caching (aka burst mode) for GOP memory, even though the CPU supports it. Setting this can give a considerable speed-up for GOP operations, especially on systems which require DirectGopRendering.

Note 1: This quirk takes effect whether or not DirectGopRendering is set, and may give some in some cases may give a noticeable speed-up to GOP operations even when DirectGopRendering is false.

Note 2: On most systems from circa 2013 onwards, write-combining caching is already applied by the firmware to GOP memory, in which case GopBurstMode is unnecessary. On such systems enabling the quirk should normally be harmless, producing an OCC: debug log entry indicating that burst mode is already started.

Note 3: Some caution should be taken when enabling this quirk, as it has been observed to cause hangs on a few systems. Since additional guards have been added to try to prevent this, please log a bugtracker issue if such a system is found.

8. GopPassThrough

Type: plist string Failsafe: Disabled

Description: Provide GOP protocol instances on top of UGA protocol instances.

This option provides the GOP protocol via a UGA-based proxy for firmware that do not implement the protocol. The supported values for the option are as follows:

- Enabled provide GOP for all UGA protocols.
- ${\tt Apple}$ provide GOP for ${\tt AppleFramebufferInfo-enabled}$ protocols.
- Disabled do not provide GOP.

Note: This option requires ProvideConsoleGop to be enabled.

9. IgnoreTextInGraphics

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Some types of firmware output text onscreen in both graphics and text mode. This is typically unexpected as random text may appear over graphical images and cause UI corruption. Setting this option to true will discard all text output when console control is in a different mode from Text.

Note: This option only applies to the System renderer.

10. ReplaceTabWithSpace

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Some types of firmware do not print tab characters or everything that follows them, causing difficulties in using the UEFI Shell's builtin text editor to edit property lists and other documents. This option makes the console output spaces instead of tabs.

Note: This option only applies to System renderer.

11. ProvideConsoleGop

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Ensure GOP (Graphics Output Protocol) on console handle.

macOS bootloader requires GOP or UGA (for 10.4 EfiBoot) to be present on console handle, yet the exact location of the graphics protocol is not covered by the UEFI specification. This option will ensure GOP and UGA, if present, are available on the console handle.

Note: This option will also replace incompatible implementations of GOP on the console handle, as may be the case on the MacPro5,1 when using modern GPUs.

12. ReconnectGraphicsOnConnect

Type: plist boolean