

OpenCore

Reference Manual (0.9.2.3)

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Note 3: For this patch to be correctly applied, Override must be enabled with all keys properly set in Custom, under section Misc->Serial.

Note 4: This patch is for PMIO support and is therefore not applied if UseMmio under section Misc->Serial->Custom is false. For MMIO, there are boot arguments pcie_mmio_uart=ADDRESS and mmio_uart=ADDRESS that allow the kernel to use MMIO for serial port access.

Note 5: The serial baud rate must be correctly set in both BaudRate under section Misc->Serial->Custom and via serialbaud=VALUE boot argument, both of which should match against each other. The default baud rate is 115200.

6. CustomSMBIOSGuid

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false Requirement: 10.4

Description: Performs GUID patching for UpdateSMBIOSMode Custom mode. Usually relevant for Dell laptops.

7. DisableIoMapper

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false

Requirement: 10.8 (not required for older)

Description: Disables IOMapper support in XNU (VT-d), which may conflict with the firmware implementation.

Note 1: This option is a preferred alternative to deleting DMAR ACPI table and disabling VT-d in firmware preferences, which does not obstruct VT-d support in other systems in case they need this.

Note 2: Misconfigured IOMMU in the firmware may result in broken devices such as ethernet or Wi-Fi adapters. For instance, an ethernet adapter may cycle in link-up link-down state infinitely and a Wi-Fi adapter may fail to discover networks. Gigabyte is one of the most common OEMs with these issues.

8. DisableIoMapperMapping

 $\mathbf{Type}:$ plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Requirement: 13.3 (not required for older)

Description: Disables mapping PCI bridge device memory in IOMMU (VT-d).

Note 1: This option resolves compatibility issues with Wi-Fi, Ethernet and Thunderbolt devices when AppleVTD is enabled on systems where the native DMAR table contains one or more Reserved Memory Regions and iCPU is enabled and more than 16 GB memory is installed. On some systems, this quirk is only needed when iGPU is enabled.

Note 1: This quirk requires a native DMAR table that does not contain Reserved Memory Regions or a substitute SSDT-DMAR.aml in which Reserved Memory Regions have been removed.

Note 2: This option is not needed on AMD systems.

9. DisableLinkeditJettison

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false Requirement: 11

Description: Disables __LINKEDIT jettison code.

This option lets Lilu.kext, and possibly other kexts, function in macOS Big Sur at their best performance levels without requiring the keepsyms=1 boot argument.

10. DisableRtcChecksum

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false Requirement: 10.4

Description: Disables primary checksum (0x58-0x59) writing in AppleRTC.

 $Note \ 1:$ This option will not protect other areas from being overwritten, see RTCMemoryFixup kernel extension if this is desired.

11 UEFI

11.1 Introduction

UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) is a specification that defines a software interface between an operating system and platform firmware. This section allows loading additional UEFI modules as well as applying tweaks to the onboard firmware. To inspect firmware contents, apply modifications and perform upgrades UEFITool and supplementary utilities can be used.

11.2 Drivers

Depending on the firmware, a different set of drivers may be required. Loading an incompatible driver may lead the system to unbootable state or even cause permanent firmware damage. Some of the known drivers are listed below:

AudioDxe*	HDA audio support driver in UEFI firmware for most Intel and some other analog audio controllers. Staging driver, refer to acidanthera/bugtracker#740 for known issues in AudioDxe.
btrfs_x64	Open source BTRFS file system driver, required for booting with OpenLinuxBoot from a file system which is now quite commonly used with Linux.
BiosVideo*	CSM video driver implementing graphics output protocol based on VESA and legacy BIOS interfaces. Used for UEFI firmware with fragile GOP support (e.g. low resolution). Requires ReconnectGraphicsOnConnect. Included in OpenDuet out of the box.
CrScreenshotDxe*	Screenshot making driver saving images to the root of OpenCore partition (ESP) or any available writeable filesystem upon pressing F10. Accepts optional driver argumentenable-mouse-click to additionally take screenshot on mouse click. (It is recommended to enable this option only if a keypress would prevent a specific screenshot, and disable it again after use.) This is a modified version of CrScreenshotDxe driver by Nikolaj Schlej.
<pre>EnableGop{Direct}*</pre>	Early beta release firmware-embeddable driver providing pre-OpenCore non-native GPU support on MacPro5,1. Installation instructions can be found in the Utilities/EnableGop directory of the OpenCore release zip file - proceed with caution.
ExFatDxe	Proprietary ExFAT file system driver for Bootcamp support commonly found in Apple firmware. For Sandy Bridge and earlier CPUs, the ExFatDxeLegacy driver should be used due to the lack of RDRAND instruction support.
ext4_x64	Open source EXT4 file system driver, required for booting with OpenLinuxBoot from the file system most commonly used with Linux.
HfsPlus	Recommended. Proprietary HFS file system driver with bless support commonly found in Apple firmware. For Sandy Bridge and earlier CPUs, the HfsPlusLegacy driver should be used due to the lack of RDRAND instruction support.
HiiDatabase*	HII services support driver from MdeModulePkg. This driver is included in most types of firmware starting with the Ivy Bridge generation. Some applications with GUI, such as UEFI Shell, may need this driver to work properly.
EnhancedFatDxe	FAT filesystem driver from FatPkg. This driver is embedded in all UEFI firmware and cannot be used from OpenCore. Several types of firmware have defective FAT support implementation that may lead to corrupted filesystems on write attempts. Embedding this driver within the firmware may be required in case writing to the EFI partition is needed during the boot process.
NvmExpressDxe*	NVMe support driver from MdeModulePkg. This driver is included in most firmware starting with the Broadwell generation. For Haswell and earlier, embedding it within the firmware may be more favourable in case a NVMe SSD drive is installed.
OpenCanopy*	OpenCore plugin implementing graphical interface.
OpenRuntime*	OpenCore plugin implementing OC_FIRMWARE_RUNTIME protocol.
OpenLinuxBoot*	OpenCore plugin implementing OC_BOOT_ENTRY_PROTOCOL to allow direct detection and booting of Linux distributions from OpenCore, without chainloading via GRUB.
OpenNtfsDxe*	New Technologies File System (NTFS) read-only driver. NTFS is the primary file system

for Microsoft Windows versions that are based on Windows NT.

Note 1: /System/Library/CoreServices/BridgeVersion.bin should be copied to /Volumes/VOLNAME/DIR.

Note 2: To be able to use the bless command, disabling System Integrity Protection is necessary.

Note 3: To be able to boot Secure Boot might be disabled if present.

Some of the known tools are listed below (builtin tools are marked with *):

BootKicker* Display Apple BootPicker menu (for Macs with compatible firmware).

ChipTune* Test BeepGen protocol and generate audio signals of different style and length.

CleanNvram* Reset NVRAM alternative bundled as a standalone tool.

CsrUtil* Simple implementation of SIP-related features of Apple csrutil.

FontTester*
Render the console font pages which the Builtin renderer provides.

GopStop* Test GraphicsOutput protocol with a simple scenario.

KeyTester* Test keyboard input in SimpleText mode.

MemTest86 Memory testing utility.

OpenControl* Unlock and lock back NVRAM protection for other tools to be able to get full NVRAM

access when launching from OpenCore.

OpenShell* OpenCore-configured UEFI Shell for compatibility with a broad range of firmware.

PavpProvision Perform EPID provisioning (requires certificate data configuration).

ResetSystem* Utility to perform system reset. Takes reset type as an argument: coldreset, firmware,

shutdown, warmreset. Defaults to coldreset.

RtcRw* Utility to read and write RTC (CMOS) memory.

ControlMsrE2* Check CFG Lock (MSR 0xE2 write protection) consistency across all cores and change such

hidden options on selected platforms.

TpmInfo* Check Intel PTT (Platform Trust Technology) capability on the platform, which allows using

fTPM 2.0 if enabled. The tool does not check whether fTPM 2.0 is actually enabled.

11.4 OpenCanopy

OpenCanopy is a graphical OpenCore user interface that runs in External PickerMode and relies on OpenCorePkg OcBootManagementLib similar to the builtin text interface.

OpenCanopy requires graphical resources located in Resources directory to run. Sample resources (fonts and images) can be found in OcBinaryData repository. Customised icons can be found over the internet (e.g. here or there).

OpenCanopy provides full support for PickerAttributes and offers a configurable builtin icon set. The chosen icon set may depend on the DefaultBackgroundColor variable value. Refer to PickerVariant for more details.

Predefined icons are saved in the PickerVariant-derived subdirectory of the \EFI\OC\Resources\Image directory. A full list of supported icons (in .icns format) is provided below. When optional icons are missing, the closest available icon will be used. External entries will use Ext-prefixed icon if available (e.g. OldExtHardDrive.icns).

Note: In the following all dimensions are normative for the 1x scaling level and shall be scaled accordingly for other levels.

- Cursor Mouse cursor (mandatory, up to 144x144).
- Selected Selected item (mandatory, 144x144).
- Selector Selecting item (mandatory, up to 144x40).
- SetDefault Selecting default (mandatory, up to 144x40; must be same width as Selector).
- Left Scrolling left (mandatory, 40x40).
- Right Scrolling right (mandatory, 40x40).
- HardDrive Generic OS (mandatory, 128x128).
- Background Centred background image.
- Apple Apple OS (128x128).
- AppleRecv Apple Recovery OS (128x128).
- AppleTM Apple Time Machine (128x128).
- Windows Windows (128x128).
- Other Custom entry (see Entries, 128x128).
- ResetNVRAM Reset NVRAM system action or tool (128x128).
- Shell Entry with UEFI Shell name for e.g. OpenShell (128x128).
- Tool Any other tool (128x128).

11.8.1 Configuration

Most UEFI audio configuration is handled via the UEFI Audio Properties section, but in addition some of the following configuration options may be required in order to allow AudioDxe to correctly drive certain devices. All options are specified as text strings, separated by space if more than one option is required, in the Arguments property for the driver within the UEFI/Drivers section:

• --codec-setup-delay - Integer value, default 0.

Amount of time in milliseconds to wait for all widgets to come fully on, applied per codec during driver connection phase. In most systems this should not be needed and a faster boot will be achieved by using Audio section SetupDelay if any audio setup delay is required. Where required, values of up to one second may be needed.

• --force-codec - Integer value, no default.

Force use of an audio codec, this value should be equal to Audio section AudioCodec. Can result in faster boot especially when used in conjuction with --force-device.

• --force-device - String value, no default.

When this option is present and has a value (e.g. --force-device=PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x1f,0x3)), it forces AudioDxe to connect to the specified PCI device, even if the device does not report itself as an HDA audio controller.

During driver connection, AudioDxe automatically provides audio services on all supported codecs of all available HDA controllers. However, if the relevant controller is misreporting its identity (typically, it will be reporting itself as a legacy audio device instead of an HDA controller) then this argument may be required.

Applies if the audio device can be made to work in macOS, but shows no sign of being detected by AudioDxe (e.g. when including DEBUG_INFO in DisplayLevel and using a DEBUG build of AudioDxe, no controller and codec layout information is displayed during the Connecting drivers... phase of OpenCore log).

• --gpio-setup - Default value is 0 (GPIO setup disabled) if argument is not provided, or 7 (all GPIO setup stages stages enabled) if the argument is provided with no value.

Available values, which may be combined by adding, are:

- 0x00000001 (bit 0) GPIO_SETUP_STAGE_DATA, set GPIO pin data high on specified pins. Required e.g. on MacBookPro10,2 and MacPro5,1.
- 0x00000002 (bit 1) GPIO_SETUP_STAGE_DIRECTION, set GPIO data direction to output on specified pins. Required e.g. on MacPro5,1.
- 0x00000004 (bit 2) GPIO SETUP STAGE ENABLE, enable specified GPIO pins. Required e.g. on MacPro5,1.

If audio appears to be 'playing' on the correct codec, e.g. based on the debug log, but no sound is heard on any channel, it is suggested to use --gpio-setup (with no value) in the AudioDxe driver arguments. If specified with no value, all stages will be enabled (equivalent of specifying 7). If this produces sound, it is then possible to try fewer bits, e.g. --gpio-setup=1, --gpio-setup=3, to find out which stages are actually required.

Note: Value 7 (all flags enabled) of this option – as required for the MacPro5, 1 – is compatible with most systems, but is known to cause problems with sound (previous sounds are not allowed to finish before new sounds start) on a small number of other systems, hence this option is not enabled by default.

• --gpio-pins - Default: 0, auto-detect.

Specifies which GPIO pins should be operated on by <code>--gpio-setup</code>. This is a bit mask, with possible values from <code>0x0</code> to <code>0xFF</code>. The usable maximum depends on the number if available pins on the audio out function group of the codec in use, e.g. it is <code>0x3</code> (lowest two bits) if two GPIO pins are present, <code>0x7</code> if three pins are present, etc.

When --gpio-setup is enabled (i.e. non-zero), then 0 is a special value for --gpio-pins, meaning that the pin mask will be auto-generated based on the reported number of GPIO pins on the specified codec (see AudioCodec), e.g. if the codec's audio out function group reports 4 GPIO pins, a mask of 0xF will be used. The value in use can be seen in the debug log in a line such as:

HDA: GPIO setup on pins 0x0F - Success

Values for driver parameters can be specified in hexadecimal beginning with 0x or in decimal, e.g. --gpio-pins=0x12 or --gpio-pins=18.

• --restore-nosnoop - Boolean flag, enabled if present.

AudioDxe clears the Intel HDA No Snoop Enable (NSNPEN) bit. On some systems, this change must be reversed on exit in order to avoid breaking sound in Windows or Linux. If so, this flag should be added to AudioDxe driver arguments. Not enabled by default, since restoring the flag can prevent sound from working in macOS on some other systems.

• --use-conn-none - Boolean flag, enabled if present.

On some sound cards enabling this option will enable additional usable audio channels (e.g. the bass or treble speaker of a pair, where only one is found without it).

Note: Enabling this option may increase the available channels, in which case any custom setting of AudioOutMask may need to be changed to match the new channel list.

11.9 OpenVariableRuntimeDxe

Provides in-memory emulated NVRAM implementation. This can be useful on systems with fragile (e.g. MacPro5,1, see discussion linked from this forum post) or incompatible NVRAM implementations. This driver is included by default in OpenDuet.

In addition to installing emulated NVRAM, this driver additionally installs an OpenCore compatible protocol enabling the following:

- NVRAM values are loaded from NVRAM/nvram.plist (or from NVRAM/nvram.fallback if it is present and NVRAM/nvram.plist is missing) on boot
- The Reset NVRAM option installed by the ResetNvramEntry driver removes the above files instead of affecting underlying NVRAM
- CTRL+Enter in the OpenCore bootpicker updates or creates NVRAM/nvram.plist

Recommended configuration settings for this driver:

- OpenVariableRuntimeDxe.efi loaded using LoadEarly=true. OpenDuet users should not load this driver, as it is included in OpenDuet.
- OpenRuntime.efi specified after OpenVariableRuntimeDxe.efi (when applicable), also loaded using LoadEarly=true for correct operation of RequestBootVarRouting.
 - RequestBootVarRouting is never strictly needed while using emulated NVRAM, but it can be convenient
 to leave it set on a system which needs to switch between real and emulated NVRAM.
 - RequestBootVarRouting is never required on an OpenDuet system, since there are no BIOS-managed boot entries to protect, therefore on OpenDuet recommended settings are LoadEarly=false for OpenRuntime.efi and RequestBootVarRouting=false.
- LegacySchema populated.
 - For simpler testing (allows arbitrary test variables), and future-proofing against changes in the variables required by macOS updates, use <string>*</string> settings, as described in notes below.
 - For increased security, populate sections with known required keys only, as shown in OpenCore's sample .plist files.
- ExposeSensitiveData with at least bit 0x1 set to make boot-path variable containing the OpenCore EFI partition UUID available to the Launchd.command script.

Variable loading happens prior to the NVRAM Delete (and Add) phases. Unless LegacyOverwrite is enabled, it will not overwrite any existing variable. Variables allowed for loading and for saving with CTRL+Enter must be specified in LegacySchema.

In order to allow changes to NVRAM within macOS to be captured and saved, an additional script must be installed. An example of such script can be found in Utilities/LogoutHook/Launchd.command.

Note 1: This driver requires working FAT write support in firmware, and sufficient free space on the OpenCore EFI partition for up to three saved NVRAM files.

Note 2: The nvram.plist (and nvram.fallback if present) files must have a root plist dictionary type and contain two fields:

- Version plist integer, file version, must be set to 1.
- Add plist dictionary, equivalent to Add from config.plist.

Failsafe: false

Description: Replaces the Data Hub protocol with a builtin version.

Note: This will discard all previous entries if the protocol was already installed, so all properties required for the safe operation of the system must be specified in the configuration file.

14. DeviceProperties

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Replaces the Device Property protocol with a builtin version. This may be used to ensure full compatibility on VMs and legacy Macs.

Note: This will discard all previous entries if the protocol was already installed, so all properties required for safe operation of the system must be specified in the configuration file.

15. FirmwareVolume

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Wraps Firmware Volume protocols, or installs a new version, to support custom cursor images for FileVault 2. Set to true to ensure FileVault 2 compatibility on anything other than on VMs and legacy Macs.

Note: Several virtual machines, including VMware, may have corrupted cursor images in HiDPI mode and thus, may also require enabling this setting.

16. HashServices

 $\mathbf{Type}:$ plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Replaces Hash Services protocols with builtin versions. Set to true to ensure FileVault 2 compatibility on platforms with defective SHA-1 hash implementations. This can be determined by an invalid cursor size when UIScale is set to 02. Platforms earlier than APTIO V (Haswell and older) are typically affected.

17. OSInfo

Type: plist boolean Failsafe: false

Description: Replaces the OS Info protocol with a builtin version. This protocol is typically used by the firmware and other applications to receive notifications from the macOS bootloader.

18. PciIo

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Replaces functions in CpuIo and PciRootBridgeIo with 64-bit MMIO compatible ones to fix Invalid Parameter when using 4G Decoding. This affects UEFI drivers such as AudioDxe which access 64-bit MMIO devices. Platforms earlier than APTIO V (Haswell and older) are typically affected.

19. UnicodeCollation

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Replaces unicode collation services with builtin versions. Set to true to ensure UEFI Shell compatibility on platforms with defective unicode collation implementations. Legacy Insyde and APTIO platforms on Ivy Bridge, and earlier, are typically affected.

11.18 Quirks Properties

1. ActivateHpetSupport

Type: plist boolean

Failsafe: false

Description: Activates HPET support.

Older boards like ICH6 may not always have HPET setting in the firmware preferences, this option tries to force enable it.

2. EnableVectorAcceleration

Type: plist boolean