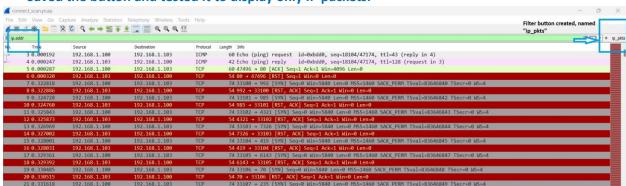
Dan Otieno CPE 449-01 Wireshark Assignment. 11/11/23.

PART 1:

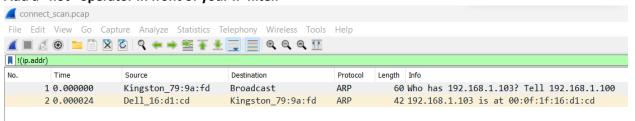
Connect scan.pcap:

Write a filter to display all non-IP packets in the file.

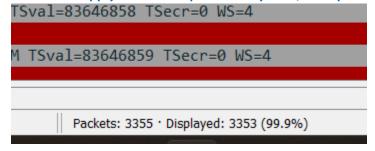
- a. Use the "Expression" button to find a filter that displays only IP packets.
 - I created a filter button by pressing the "+" symbol on the right hand side of the filter field.
 - Named the filter button "ip_pkts".
 - Set filter text to "ip.addr".
 - Saved the button and tested it to display only IP packets.



b. Add a "not" operator in front of your IP filter.



- c. How many packets are displayed using your completed filter?
 - When I apply the view IP packets only filter, 3353 packets are displayed.



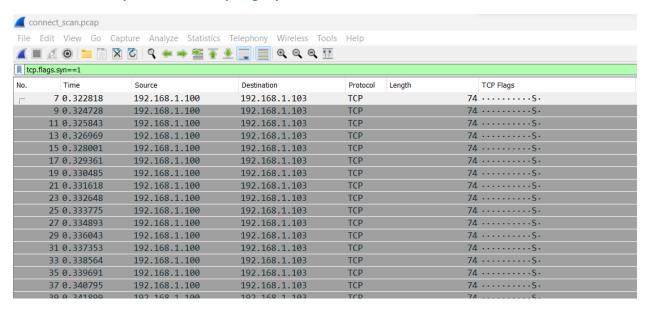
- When I filter out IP packets, only 2 are displayed.

Packets: 3355 · Displayed: 2 (0.1%)

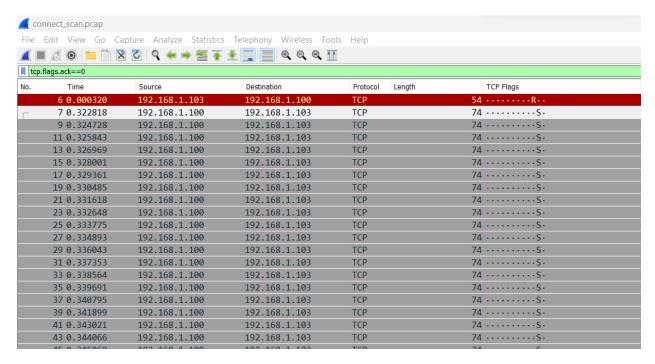
d. Include your final Wireshark filter in your answer. !(ip.addr)

Write a Wireshark filter to display all packets from the scanner.

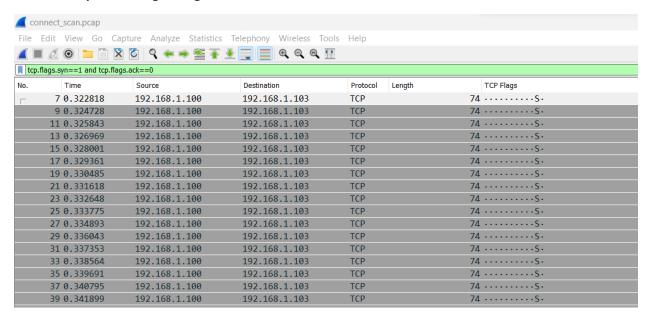
- a. Write a Wireshark filter that shows all TCP packets with the syn flag set.
 - Expression used: tcp.flags.syn==1



- b. Write a second Wireshark filter that shows all TCP packets with the ack flag not set.
 - Expression used: tcp.flags.ack==0.



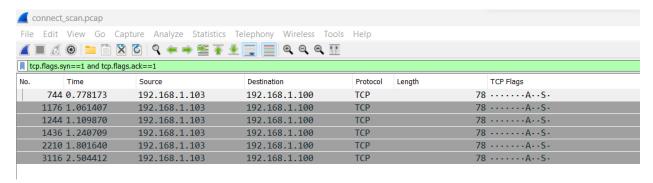
c. Combine the above two filters with an AND statement to see the port scan as a set of SYN packets originating from the source IP.



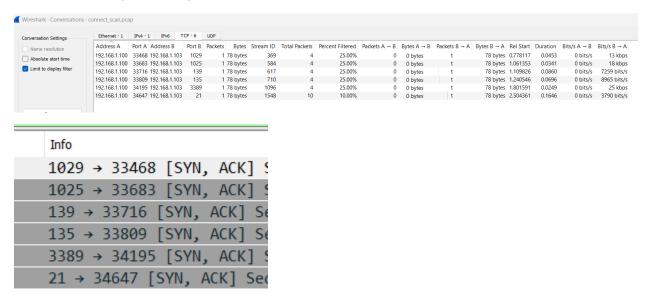
- d. Include the combined Wireshark filter in your answer.
 - tcp.flags.syn==1 and tcp.flags.ack==0.
- e. What is the IP address of the scanner? In the screenshot above, 192.168.1.100 listed as the source IP address, with the syn flag is attributed to it.

Write a Wireshark filter to display packets from successful TCP connection (established connections) requests.

a. Write a Wireshark filter to display [SYN, ACK] packets returning to the scanner from the victim. This filter should identify packets sent to the scanner IP address with SYN and ACK flags set.



- b. Include this Wireshark filter in your answer.
 - tcp.flags.syn==1 and tcp.flags.ack==1
- c. How many open ports were found by the scanner?
 - 6 ports are open.

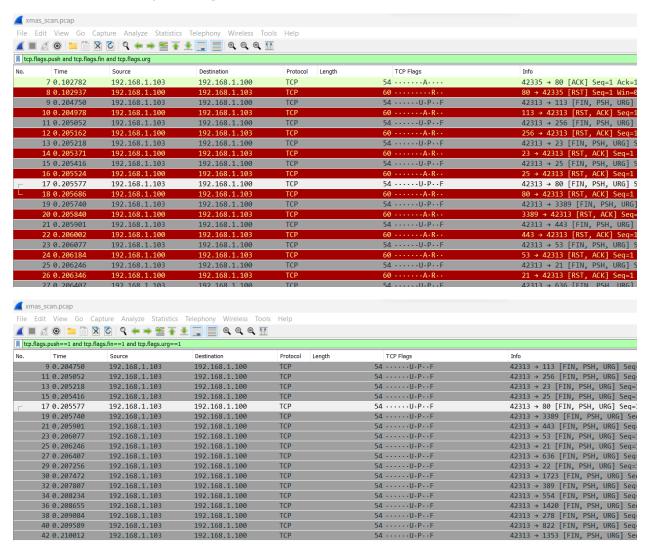


Xmas_scan.pcp:

The xmas_scan file includes a network capture that observed one node on a network in the 192.168.1.xxx domain scanning other nodes using a Christmas scan. Answer the following questions. For a Christmas scan, the port scanner sends TCP packets with the FIN, PSH, and URG flags asserted. Write a filter to display only the aforementioned packets from the scanner. Use the tcp.flags filter category for this rule.

a. Try this filter "tcp.flags.push and tcp.flags.fin and tcp.flags.urg." Does this work? Why or why not?

- The command doesn't work, all TCP packets are displayed because each packet has psh, fin and urg bits. The second screenshot shows a better filter expression, where those specific flag bits are set to 1.



- b. Calculate an unsigned integer that equals the expected value of the flag bytes in the TCP header when the FIN, PSH, and URG flags asserted. Tip: Type out the 8 flag bits in order in binary and then convert to decimal on a calculator. Try the filter tcp.flags == <your unsigned integer>. Does this work? Why or why not? Include this Wireshark filter in your answer.
- Frame 17 Flag details:

```
Flags: 0x029 (FIN, PSH, URG)

000. ... = Reserved: Not set
... 0 ... = Accurate ECN: Not set
... 0. ... = Congestion Window Reduced: Not set
... 0. ... = ECN-Echo: Not set
... 1 ... = Urgent: Set
... 0 ... = Acknowledgment: Not set
... 1 ... = Push: Set
... 0 ... = Reset: Not set
... 0 ... = Syn: Not set
... 1 = Fin: Set
```

From the above screenshot, the hexadecimal value is 0x029, which is equivalent to 0010_1001 (we can also determine that binary equivalent by observing the flag bit values). The integer equivalent is 41, so I typed the expression tcp.flags==41 in the filter field, as shown in the screenshot below, that command worked, because we have specified in the filter expression that we want to see the packet with flag bits set such that that all 8 bits add up to a binary value equivalent to unsigned decimal 41.

File	Edit View Go Ca	apture Analyze Statistics	Telephony Wireless Too	ols Help		
1		🐧 🌠 🧣 👄 🚆 🚡	♣ ■ Q Q Q I	Ē		
tcp	.flags==41					
Vo.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol Length	TCP Flags	Info
	9 0.204750	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 113
	11 0.205052	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 256
	13 0.205218	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 23 [
	15 0.205416	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 25 [
г	17 0.205577	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 80 [
	19 0.205740	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 3389
	21 0.205901	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 443
	23 0.206077	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 53 [
	25 0.206246	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 21 [
	27 0.206407	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 636
	29 0.207256	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 22 [
	30 0.207472	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 1723
	32 0.207807	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 389
	34 0.208234	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 554
	36 0.208655	192.168.1.103	192.168.1.100	TCP	54 · · · · · · U · P · · F	42313 → 1420

c. What is the IP address of the scanner? 192.168.1.103.

d. How many packets have the FIN, PSH, and URG flags asserted? With a filter expression of "tcp.flags.push==1 and tcp.flags.fin==1 and tcp.flags.urg==1" set, there are 1,668 packets displayed.

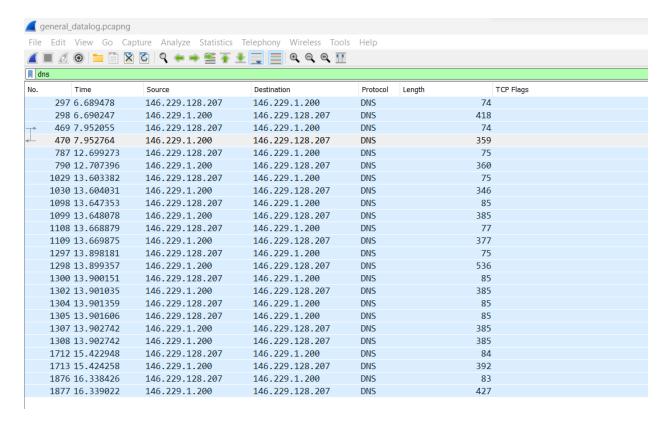
Packets: 3339 · Displayed: 1668 (50.0%)

General datalog.pcapng:

The general_datalog file includes a network capture that observed general traffic on a computer.

Answer the following questions. Write a filter to display all DNS packets. For most (or all protocols) typing the acronym for the protocol in the filter box will provide a filter to display only those packets.

- a. Write a filter to display all DNS packets. Include this Wireshark filter in your answer.
 - Expression used: dns

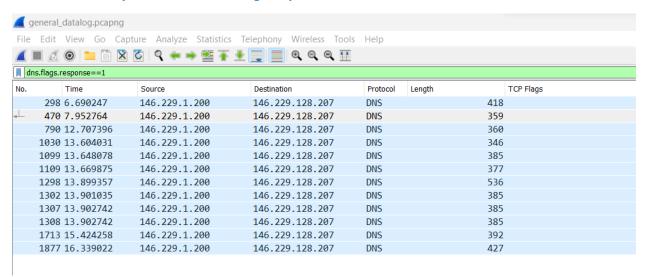


b. How many DNS packets are present?

There are 24 DNS packets present.

Packets: 2668 · Displayed: 24 (0.9%)

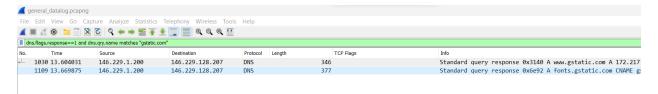
- c. Write a filter to display only DNS responses. Include this Wireshark filter in your answer.
 - Expression used: dns.flags.response==1



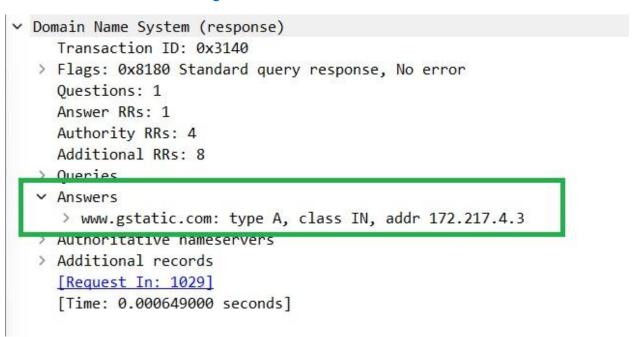
- d. How many responses are present?
 - 12 Responses are present.

Packets: 2668 · Displayed: 12 (0.4%)

- e. Write a filter to display only the DNS response for the gstatic.com query. Include this Wireshark filter in your answer.
 - Expression: dns.flags.response==1 and dns.qry.name matches "gstatic.com"



- f. What is the IP address of the gstatic.com server? You need to look in the packet manually to find the IP address. Look for the "Answers" field.
 - The IP address for gstatic.com is 172.217.4.3



- g. Use a Who IS registry on the internet to find the street address associated with the above IP address.
 - Lookup website used: https://lookup.icann.org/en/lookup
 - Street Address: 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway, Mountain View, CA, 94043, United States.

Registrant:

Handle: GOGL

Name: Google LLC

Whois Server: whois.arin.net

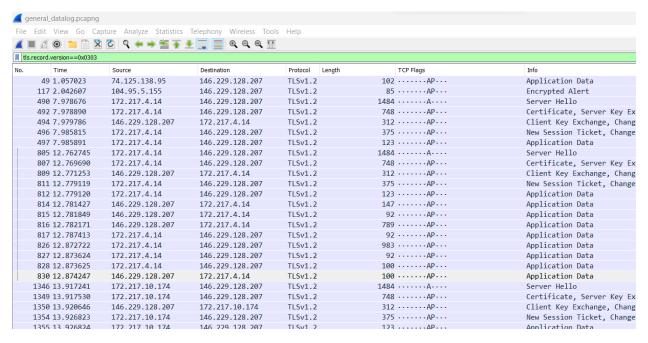
Kind: org

Mailing Address: 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway, Mountain View, CA, 94043, United States

The ssl filter type can display many versions of SSL and TLS packets.

a. Write a filter to display only TLS v1.2 packets. Use Google to figure this one out. Include this Wireshark filter in your answer.

- Expression: tls.record.version==0x0303



- b. How many TLSv1.2 packets are in the general_datalog pcap file?
 - There are 68 TLSv1.2 packets in this file.

Packets: 2668 · Displayed: 68 (2.5%)

PART 2:

I opened the Security-Desk VM and analyzed each pcap file, starting with 10.7.

10.7.pcap:

O After opening the file, I clicked on Analyze -->Expert Information. Next, I clicked Statistics-->Protocol Hierarchy, Statistics-->Conversations and Statistics-->Endpoints. I noted that IP 172.16.30.109 was sending mass ARP requests to a wide range of IPs across a network. The first ARP request was at packet 41. IP 172.16.30.109 initiated the TCP-3-way handshake with 172.16.10.7 at packet 3088 by sending a SYN connection establish request over port 80. I scrolled to the very bottom of the packet capture file and last saw the suspect IP in packet #6670. The rogue IP is 172.16.30.109 and the range is packets 41-6670.

20.0.pcap:

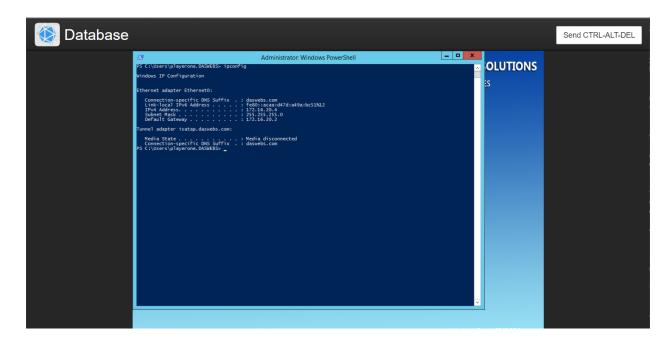
For this file the Expert Information details showed more than 2000 SYN connection requests and more than 2,000 RST/ACK connection reset packets. I noticed that IP 172.16.30.109 initiated SYN connection request with 172.16.20.2. Then 172.16.20.4 replied with SYN/ACK. IP 172.16.30.109 proceeded to spam 172.16.20.2 with SYN requests and 172.16.20.4 kept sending RST/ACK. I flagged IP 172.16.30.109 as malicious, with a packet range of 77-8801.

30.21.pcap:

 Using the Expert Information menu. I noticed that IP 172.16.30.109 was sending a lot of ARP requests. Then I noticed 172.16.30.109 initiated communication with 172.6.30.21 over SSH and at packet 8186, the connection between them was terminated. I flagged IP 172.16.30.109 as malicious, packet range of 963-8186.

Canvas Questions.

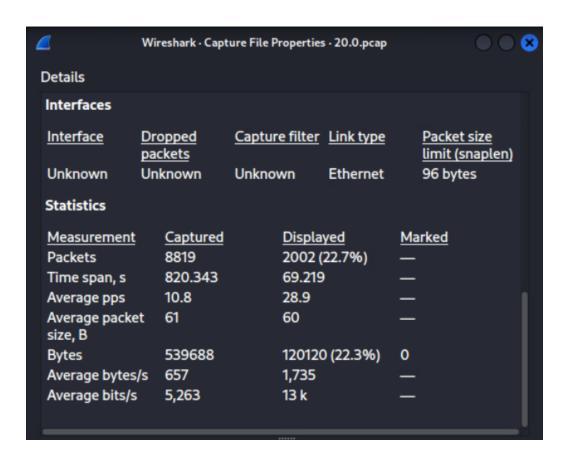
IP address for database server: 172.16.20.4



- 2. For each pcap file analyzed, provide a 1 sentence description of each major action performed by the attacker.
 - 10.7.pcap:
 - The attacker used IP 172.16.30.109 to initiate mass ARP requests and a TCP-3way handshake with 172.16.10.7 on port 80, between packets 41 and 6670.
 - 20.0.pcap:
 - The attacker used IP 172.16.30.109 to spam-flood 172.16.20.2 and 172.16.20.4 with SYN requests in attempts to crash the server.
 - 30.21.pcap:
 - Once again, 172.16.30.109 connected with 172.6.30.21 at packet 7601, initiated communication over SSH, and completed connection at packet 8186.

3. How many total packets were sent by the attacker?

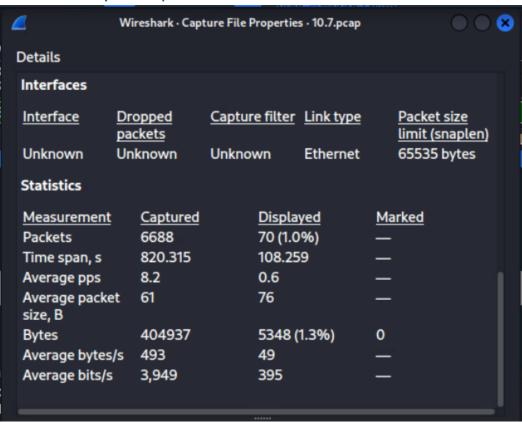




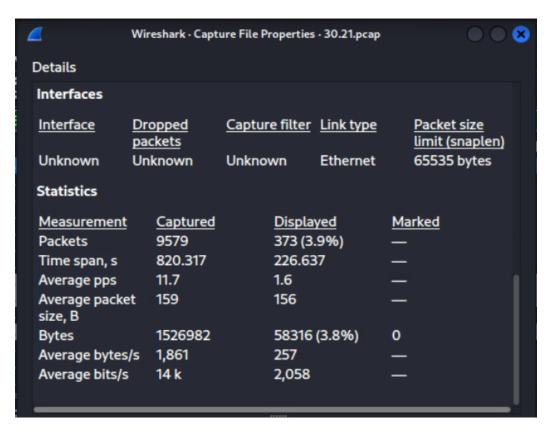


Total packets = 2011 + 2002 + 2261 = 6,274.

4. How many total packets were sent to the attacker?







Total packets = 70 + 2,122 + 373 = 2,565.