Scenario:

You are developing a **Library Management System** where books can be **borrowed and returned** multiple times. The system automatically runs **predefined transactions** inside a loop instead of taking user input.

Task 1: Implement the Book Class (BLC - Business Logic Class)

- Create a Java class named Book with the following private attributes:
 - bookId (int) → Unique ID for the book.
 - title (String) → Book title.
 - availableCopies (int) → Number of copies available.
- Implement:
 - 1. Parameterized constructor to initialize attributes.
 - 2. Getter methods to retrieve book details.
 - 3. **borrowBook() method** to reduce available copies by 1 (only if copies are available).
 - 4. returnBook() method to increase available copies by 1.

Task 2: Implement the LibrarySystem Class (ELC - Executable Logic Class)

- Inside the main method:
 - 1. Create a Book object with predefined values.
 - 2. Use a loop to simulate borrowing and returning books.
 - 3. Perform automatic transactions without user input.
 - 4. Print book details after each transaction.

Conditions:

- 1. A book cannot be borrowed if no copies are available.
- 2. A book can always be returned, increasing the number of available copies.
- 3. The loop automatically performs transactions and stops after a fixed number of operations.

Example Run (Expected Output):

```
Book Details:
Book ID: 101
Title: Harry Potter
Available Copies: 2

Attempting to borrow a book...
Book borrowed successfully! Updated Available Copies: 1

Attempting to borrow a book...
Book borrowed successfully! Updated Available Copies: 0

Attempting to borrow a book...
Book is not available for borrowing.

Attempting to return a book...
```

```
Book returned successfully! Updated Available Copies: 1
```

Attempting to return a book...

Book returned successfully! Updated Available Copies: 2

 ${\bf Library\ system\ transactions\ completed.}$