

## NAME

**mbtiff2png** – Convert GeoTiff images to PNG format images setting no data regions to be transparent.

## VERSION

Version 5.0

## SYNOPSIS

**mbtiff2png** **--input=***inputGeoTiffFile* [**--world=***inputWorldFile=* **--output=***outputPNGFile* **--transparency=white** **--transparency=light=***threshold* **--transparency=black** **--transparency=dark=***threshold* **--verbose** **--help**]

## DESCRIPTION

**Mbtiff2png** converts a GeoTiff image generated by the **MB-System** GMT module **mbgrdtiff** or the macro **mbm\_grdtiff** into a PNG format image. Although GeoTiff images are advantageous with respect to having the associated geodetic information embedded in the image file, the Tiff standard does not support transparency and so cannot represent no data regions as transparent when imported into a GIS. The conversion done by **Mbtiff2png** can include setting no data regions to be transparent. The no data regions can be specified as being white, black, or lighter or darker than a threshold. The threshold is specified as an integer between 0 and 255, where 0 is black and 255 is white. Since the PNG image format does not support embedded geodetic information, making the output image importable into a GIS depends on the parallel world file. ESRI raster world files (e.g. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/World\\_file](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/World_file)) are six line plain text files that define the location, scale, and rotation of a raster on a map. **Mbtiff2png** simply copies the GeoTiff world file to be parallel to the output PNG file with a ".pgw" suffix.

## MB-SYSTEM AUTHORSHIP

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## OPTIONS

- help** This "help" flag cause the program to print out a description of its operation and then exit immediately.
- input=***inputGeoTiffFile*  
Sets the filename of the input GeoTiff file. This file must have a valid parallel world file with suffix \*.tfw
- world=***inputWorldFile*  
Sets the filename of the input world file. Image world files have the form
- output=***outputPNGFile*  
Sets the filename of the input GeoTiff file. This file must have a valid parallel world file with suffix \*.tfw
- transparency=white**  
Input pixels that are white, with BGR values all equal to 255, will be set transparent in the output PNG image file. The pixel colors are presumed to be defined by single byte blue, green, and red values with a range of 0 to 255.

**--transparency-light=*threshold***

Input pixels with BGR average values greater than or equal to *threshold* will be set transparent in the output PNG image file. The *threshold* value is an integer from 0 to 255. The pixel colors are presumed to be defined by single byte blue, green, and red values with a range of 0 to 255. The average BGR value is  $\text{int}((\text{blue} + \text{green} + \text{red})/3)$ .

**--transparency-black**

Input pixels that are black, with BGR values all equal to 0, will be set transparent in the output PNG image file. The pixel colors are presumed to be defined by single byte blue, green, and red values with a range of 0 to 255.

**--transparency-dark=*threshold***

Input pixels with BGR average values less than or equal to *threshold* will be set transparent in the output PNG image file. The *threshold* value is an integer from 0 to 255. The pixel colors are presumed to be defined by single byte blue, green, and red values with a range of 0 to 255. The average BGR value is  $\text{int}((\text{blue} + \text{green} + \text{red})/3)$ .

**--verbose**

The **--verbose** option causes **mbtiff2png** to print out status messages.

**EXAMPLES**

Suppose that we have topography in a UTM zone 10 projected grid named OctopusGarden\_LASS\_MB\_Topo\_5cm\_UTM.grd. We can use **mbm\_grdtiff** to generate a script named OctopusGarden\_LASS\_MB\_Topo\_5cm\_UTM\_Slope\_tiff.cmd that in turn generates a slope shaded GeoTiff image of the topography:

```
mbm_grdtiff -I OctopusGarden_LASS_MB_Topo_5cm_UTM.grd -O OctopusGarden_LASS_MB_Topo_5cm_UTM_Slope -G5 -A0.3 -D0/1 -WOctopusGarden_LASS_Topocpt -V
OctopusGarden_LASS_MB_Topo_5cm_UTM_Slope_tiff.cmd
```

However, the no data regions of the grid will be represented with the color white in the GeoTiff OctopusGarden\_LASS\_MB\_Topo\_5cm\_UTM\_Slope.tif because the Tiff format does not support transparency. In order to translate the GeoTiff to the PNG format with the white areas set transparent, use **mbtiff2png** as follows:

```
mbtiff2png --input=OctopusGarden_LASS_MB_Topo_5cm_UTM_Slope.tif --transparency-white --verbose
```

Running the example above produced the following output to the shell:

```
Wrote output BGRA png image OctopusGarden_LASS_MB_Topo_5cm_UTM_Slope.png
Copied world file from OctopusGarden_LASS_MB_Topo_5cm_UTM_Slope.tfw to OctopusGarden_LASS_MB_Topo_5cm_UTM_Slope.pgw
```

**SEE ALSO**

**mbssystem(1)**, **mbgrid(1)**, **mbmosaic(1)**, **mbm\_arc2grd(1)**, **mbm\_grid(1)**

**BUGS**

Maybe. Maybe not.