7.	(a) What is the meaning of regulated power supp					upply?	What
		is the difference between	n 78**	and	79**	series	of IC
	2.4	regulator?					(5)

(b) Using truth tables and K-maps, design and explain the working of Half-adder and Full-adder circuits. Write their logical expressions in SOP and POS forms. (10)

4. (a) Derive the expression of members of oscillation of

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and reverse bias characteristics.

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December, 2019 B.Tech. (ME/MAE/AE) 3rd SEMESTER Basics of Electronics Engineering (ESC-201)

Time: 3 Hours] leads as to enterpolaring [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: and a first a for side dum only ward.

- 1. It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part -A in short.
- 2. Answer any four questions from Part -B in detail.
- 3. Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.
- 4. Assume suitable data, if not explicitly specified.

PART - A

- 1. (a) What is zener diode? Write applications of zener diode. (1.5)
 - (b) Write De Morgan's theorems. (1.5)
- (c) Differentiate between sequential circuits and combinational circuits. (1.5)
- (d) Draw the Common emitter (CE) configuration of BJT and write its two applications. (1.5)

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- (e) Draw symbol of PN junction diode and plot its forward bias and reverse bias characteristics. (1.5)
- (f) What does GSM and GPRS stand for? (1.5)
- (g) Implement AND gate using NOR gate only. Why NAND and NOR gates are called universal gates?

(1.5)

- (h) State the characteristics of an ideal OP-AMP. (1.5)
- (i) What is the Barkhausen criteria of oscillations? (1.5)
- (j) Draw the truth table of a FULL subtractor circuit.

(1.5)

Different sub-god - PART extion are to be attempted

- (a) Compare Half-wave and Full-wave rectifier. Also, describe the operation of Full-wave rectifier and Bridge rectifier using relevant waveforms. (10)
 - (b) Explain the working of Zener diode as a voltage regulator. (5)
- 3. (a) Compare Analog digital processing with Digital signal processing. Also, draw analog-continuous, analog-discrete, digital-continuous and digital discrete signals. (5)

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(b) Simplify the following expression using K-maps and implement using basic gates.

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m (0, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13)$$

(5)

- (c) Draw and explain simple block diagram of microprocessor. (5)
- 4. (a) Derive the expression of frequency of oscillation of Wein bridge oscillator. (5)
 - (b) Explain the application of OP-AMP as a differentiator and adder. (10)
- 5. (a) Draw and explain block diagram of GSM system. (5)
 - (b) Why modulation of a signal is carried out? Explain in detail what are AM and FM and how these modulations are carried out? (10)
- 6. (a) Draw and discuss the CE amplifier configuration using BJT. Explain the input and output characteristics of the configuration. (10)
 - (b) What is a Multiplexer? Implement 16:1 MUX using
 (i) 4:1 MUX (ii) 2:1 MUX. (5)