

**020101**

April 2022

**B.Tech. (RAI/ME)-I SEMESTER****Mathematics-I (Calculus and Linear Algebra) (BSC-103A)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

*Instructions :*

1. *It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part-A in short.*
2. *Answer any four questions from Part-B in detail.*
3. *Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.*

**PART-A**

1. ☒ (a) Describe rank of a matrix A with numerical example. (1.5)
- ☒ (b) State Rolle's Theorem. (1.5)
- ☒ (c) Expand the function  $\log x$  using Taylor series. (1.5)
- ☒ (d) What is relation between Beta and Gamma function. (1.5)
- ☐ (e) Find the radius of convergence of the series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n} x^n. \quad (1.5)$$

(f) Explain Fourier series of a function. (1.5)

(g) If  $u = f\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{y}{z}, \frac{z}{x}\right)$  then find the value of  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$ . (1.5)

(h) Find the divergence of the vector  $\vec{V} = xyz$ . (1.5)

(i) Explain Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of square matrix A. (1.5)

(j) What are the Eigenvalues of the Hermitian matrix. (1.5)

#### PART-B

2. (a) For what values of  $k$ , the equations

$$x + y + z = 1, \quad 2x + y + 4z = k$$

and  $4x + y + 10z = k^2$  have

(i) a unique solution,

(ii) infinite number of solutions,

(iii) no solution,

and solve them completely in each case of consistency. (7)

(b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ ,

then find the Eigen values of  $A^2 - 2A + I$ . (8)

3. (a) Find the extreme values of the function

$$f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 12x - 3y + 20. \quad (7)$$

(b) Find a unit normal to the surface  $xy^3z^2 = 4$ , at the point  $(-1, -1, 2)$ . (8)

4. (a) Find the Fourier series for the function  $f(x) = x^2$ ,

$-\pi < x < \pi$ . Hence, show that

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}. \quad (7)$$

(b) Test the convergence of the following series

(i)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^{-n^2}$

(ii)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ . (8)

5. (a) What will be the value of  $c$  of Lagrange's mean value theorem for the function  $f(x) = x^3 + x$  in  $[1, 2]$ . (7)

(b) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\sec x)^{(\cot x)}$ . (8)

6. (a) Will the improper integral  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\log x}{x^2} dx$  be convergent or not? (7)

(b) (i) Find the value of  $\int_0^1 x^7(1-x)^6 dx$ .

- (ii) What will be the volume of the solid generated by revolving the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1, a > b$  along the major axis. (8)

7. (a) Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by setting

$$f(x, y) = \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}},$$

when  $(x, y) \neq (0, 0), f(0, 0) = 0$

Show that  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  exist at  $(0, 0)$ , also, check that the continuity of the function  $f$  at origin. (7)

- (b) Find the equation of the evolute of the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$ . (8)
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