

## ABV-Indian Institute of Information Technology & management gwalior

## Minor Exam Principle of Communication (EE-201)

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60 Date: 28/11/2024 Time: 10AM-1PM

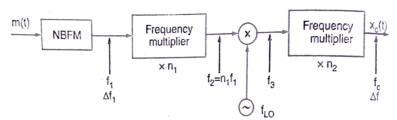
## Important Instructions:

- · This is a closed book, closed notes examination.
- This question paper comprises a total of 12 questions, and each question is worth 5 marks.
- The bandwidth of TV video plus audio signal is 5MHz. If this signal is converted into a PCM bit stream with 1024 quantization levels, determine the number of bits/sec. of the res1ulting signal.
   Assume that the signal is sampled at the rate of 20% above the Nyquist rate.
- 2. Write the difference between PAM, PWM, and PPM with clear waveform diagrams.
- 3. A continuous-time signal is given below:

 $X(t) = 8 \cos 200 \pi t$ 

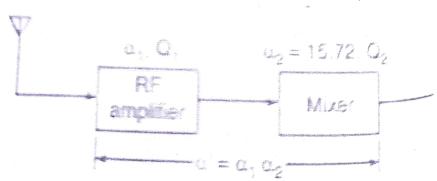
Determine

- (A) Minimum sampling rate required to avoid aliasing.
- (B) If the sampling frequency is 400Hz. What is the discrete time signal obtained after the sampling?
- (C) If the sampling frequency is 150Hz. What is the discrete time signal obtained after the sampling?
- 4. Consider a sampled signal  $y(t) = 5 \times 10^{-6} x(t) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=\infty} \delta(t-nT_s)$ ;  $x(t) = 10\cos(8\pi \times 10^3 t)$ ;  $T_s$ =100 $\mu$ s. When y(t) is passed through an ideal low pass filter with a cut-off frequency of 5KHz. Find the output of the filter.
- 5. A block diagram of the FM transmitter has been shown below. Calculate the maximum frequency deviation  $\Delta f$  of the output of the FM transmitter and the carrier frequency fc if f<sub>1</sub>=200KHz, f<sub>LO</sub>=10.8MHz,  $\Delta f_1$ =25Hz, n<sub>1</sub>=64, and n<sub>2</sub>=48.



- 6. Determine the permissible range in the maximum modulation index for
  - (i) Commercial FM which has 30Hz to 15KHz modulation frequencies; Given that maximum deviation in commercial FM is 75KHz.
  - (ii) Narrowband FM system which allows maximum deviation of 10KHz and 100Hz to 3KHz modulating frequencies.

- A given AM broadcast station transmits a total power of 50kW when the carrier is modulated by a sinusoidal signal with a modulation index of 0.7071. Compute (i) the carrier power (ii) the transmission efficiency.
- Derive an expression for the DSB-SC signal. Explain a methods to generate and detect it.
- 9. In order to make the image frequency rejection of the receiver shown below as good at 10MHz as it is at 950KHz (rejection ratio at this freq. Is 1.45). Given that  $\alpha' = 130.5$ ; The Q of the Mixer is 90. Calculate:
  - (i) The loaded Q which an RF amplifier for this receiver would have and
  - (ii) The new intermediate frequency that would be needed (if an RF amplifier is not used).



- 10. What is Quantizer in PCM? Write the working principle and types of the Quantizers.
- 11. What is aliasing and how it can be reduced.
- 12. Explain the methods to detect the FM waves.