

CPE final project report  
Team Number 40  
Team Members: Christopher Maldonado

My final project is an **embedded system swamp cooler** designed to provide energy-efficient cooling in dry climates. The cooler operates by pulling outside air through a water-soaked pad, where evaporation lowers the air temperature and increases humidity. The system is controlled by an **Arduino Mega 2560** microcontroller and integrates multiple sensors, actuators, and user interfaces to ensure safe and reliable operation.

The cooler cycles through four distinct **states**:

- **DISABLED:** System is off. Yellow LED indicator is lit. No monitoring or fan activity occurs.
- **IDLE:** System is on standby. Green LED is lit. Sensors continuously monitor water level, temperature, and humidity.
- **RUNNING:** Fan motor is active. Blue LED is lit. The system enters this state when temperature or humidity exceed thresholds.
- **ERROR:** Red LED is lit. Triggered when water level drops below the safe threshold. Fan is disabled until water is replenished.

Transitions between states are triggered by sensor readings or user inputs (start, reset, and vent control buttons). The LCD display provides real-time feedback on temperature, humidity, water level, and current state. The system also records timestamps of state changes using the RTC module, enabling logging and traceability.

Key functionalities:

- Automatic fan control based on temperature and humidity thresholds.
- Water level monitoring with hysteresis to prevent rapid toggling between ERROR and IDLE states.
- LED indicators for clear visual feedback of system state.
- LCD interface for sensor readings and state messages.
- Stepper motor vent control for adjusting airflow direction.
- Button inputs for start, reset, and manual vent adjustment.
- RTC logging of state transitions and vent movements for system traceability.

## Component Details

### 1. Arduino Mega 2560

- The central microcontroller manages all inputs, outputs, and state transitions.
- Direct register manipulation is used for timers, ADC, and interrupts to meet project guidelines.

### 2. LiquidCrystal LCD (16x2)

- Displays sensor readings (temperature, humidity, water level) and system state.
- Provides user feedback during button presses and vent adjustments.

### **3. Stepper Motor (28BYJ-48 with ULN2003 driver)**

- Controls the vent position to direct airflow.
- Operated via the Stepper library with defined steps per revolution.

### **4. Fan Motor**

- Provides airflow for cooling.
- Controlled via a digital output pin (PB4) with a dedicated power supply board to protect the Arduino.

### **5. DHT11 Temperature and Humidity Sensor**

- Measures ambient temperature (°F) and relative humidity (%).
- Readings determine transitions between IDLE and RUNNING states.

### **6. Water Level Sensor**

- Connected to analog pin A0.
- ADC readings are compared against hysteresis thresholds (LOW\_WTR and HIGH\_WTR).
- Ensures safe operation by preventing fan activity when water is insufficient.

### **7. RTC DS3231 Module**

- Provides accurate real-time clock functionality.
- Used to timestamp state transitions and vent movements for logging via the serial monitor.

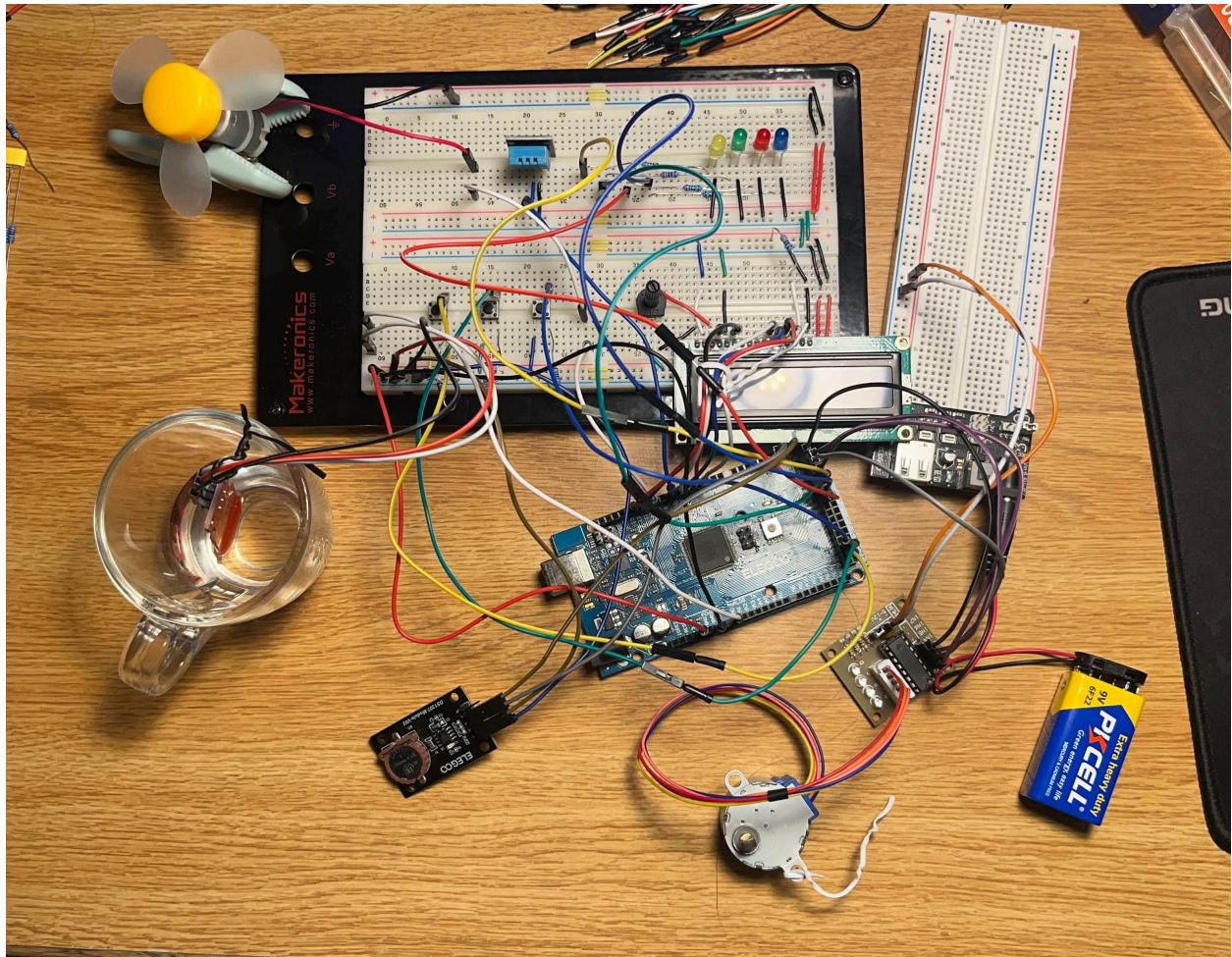
### **8. LED Indicators (PC1, PC3, PC5, PC7)**

- Four LEDs represent system states:
  - Yellow (DISABLED), Green (IDLE), Red (ERROR), Blue (RUNNING).
- Controlled via masked writes to PORTC to avoid interference with other pins.

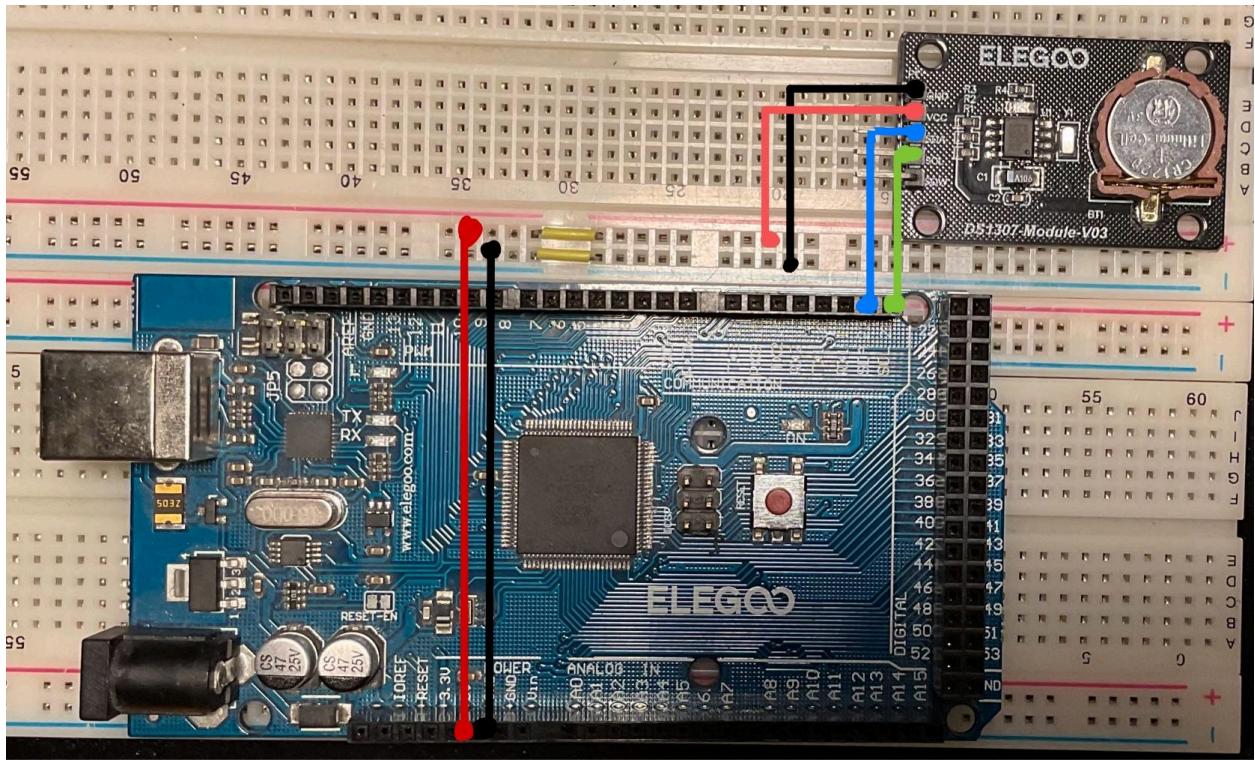
### **9. Buttons (PB1, PB2, PB3)**

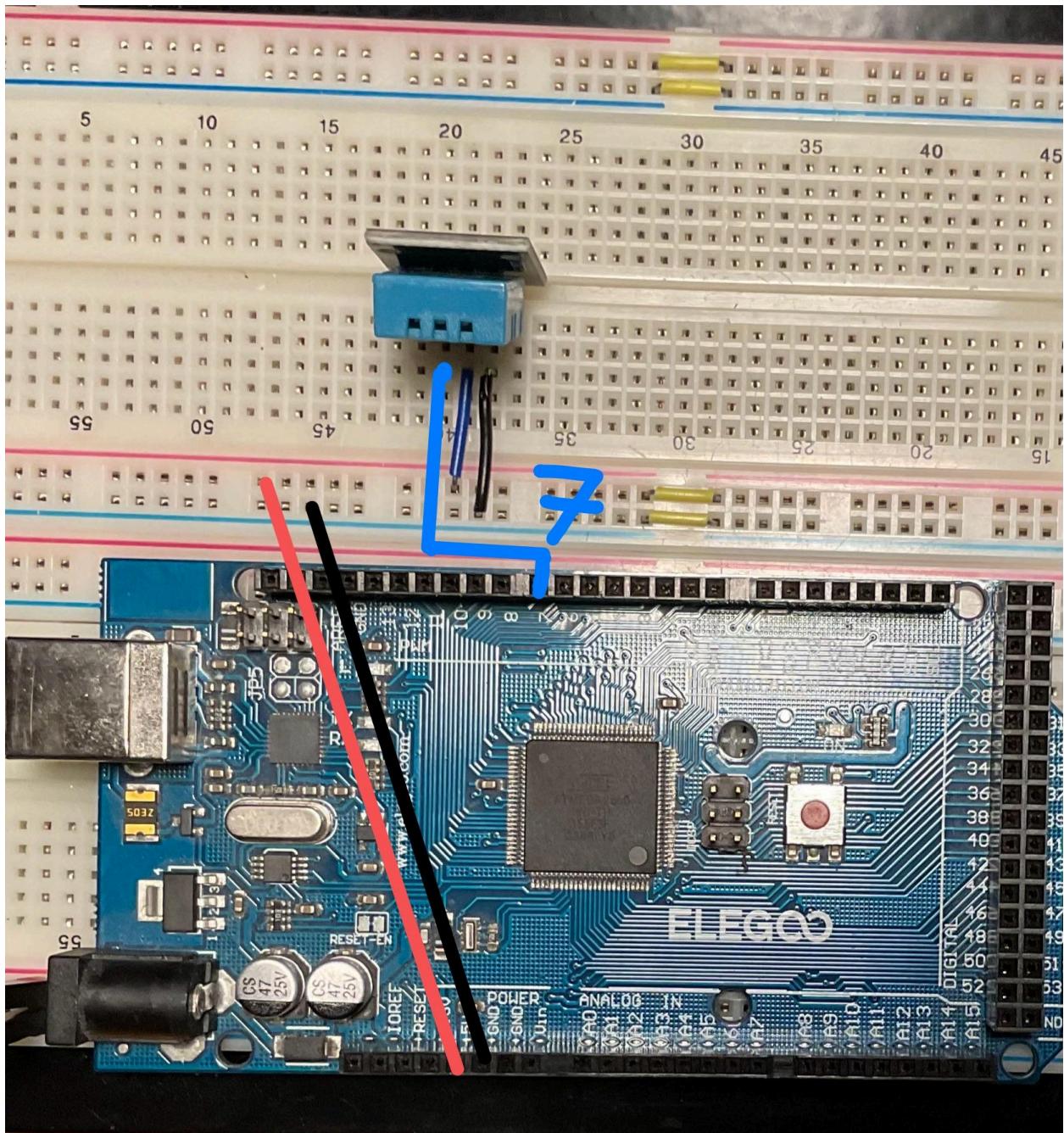
- **Start Button (PB3):** Enables the system, transitioning from DISABLED to IDLE.
- **Reset Button (PB2):** Forces system into DISABLED state, turning off fan and sensors.
- **Control Button (PB1):** Activates the stepper motor to adjust the vent position.

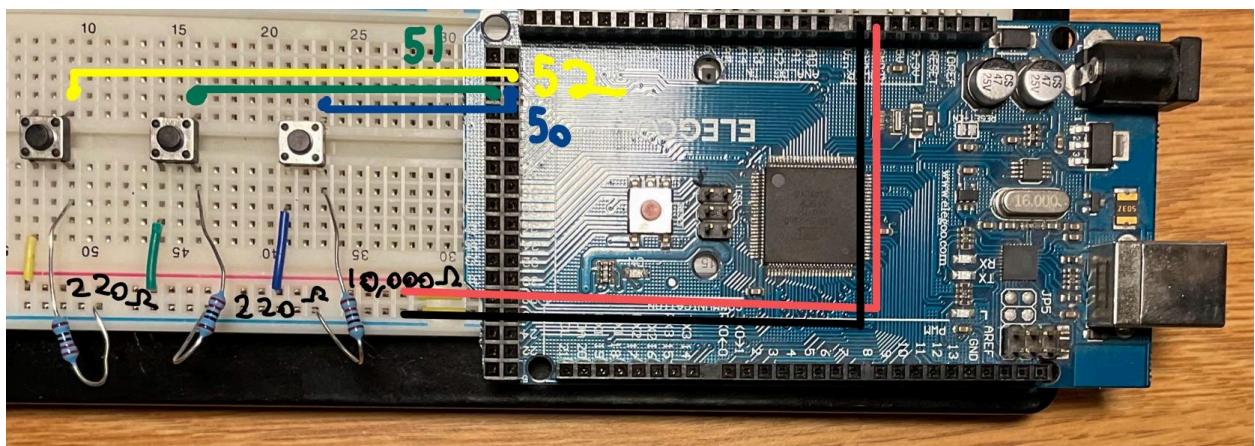
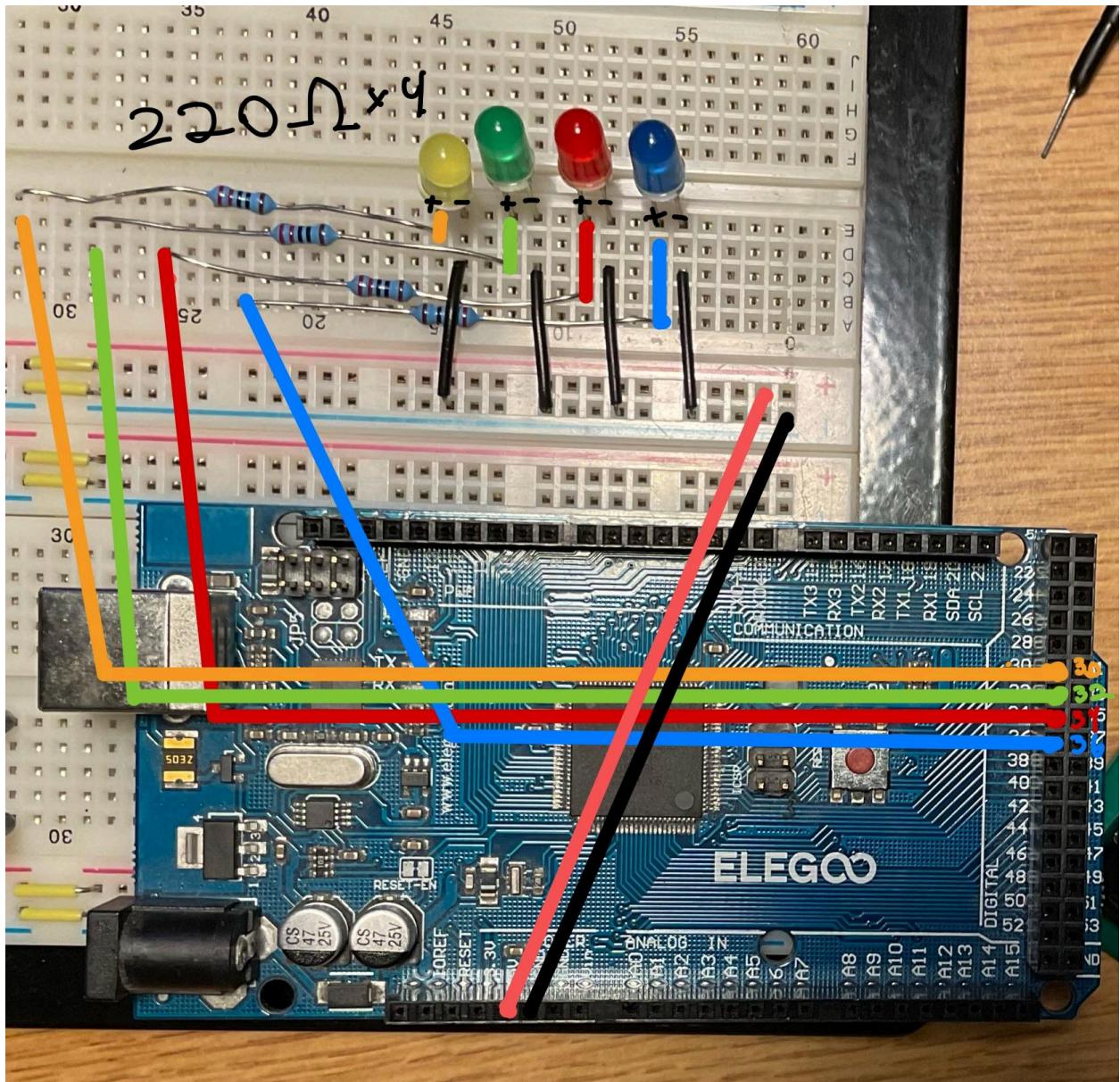
## Circuit Image.

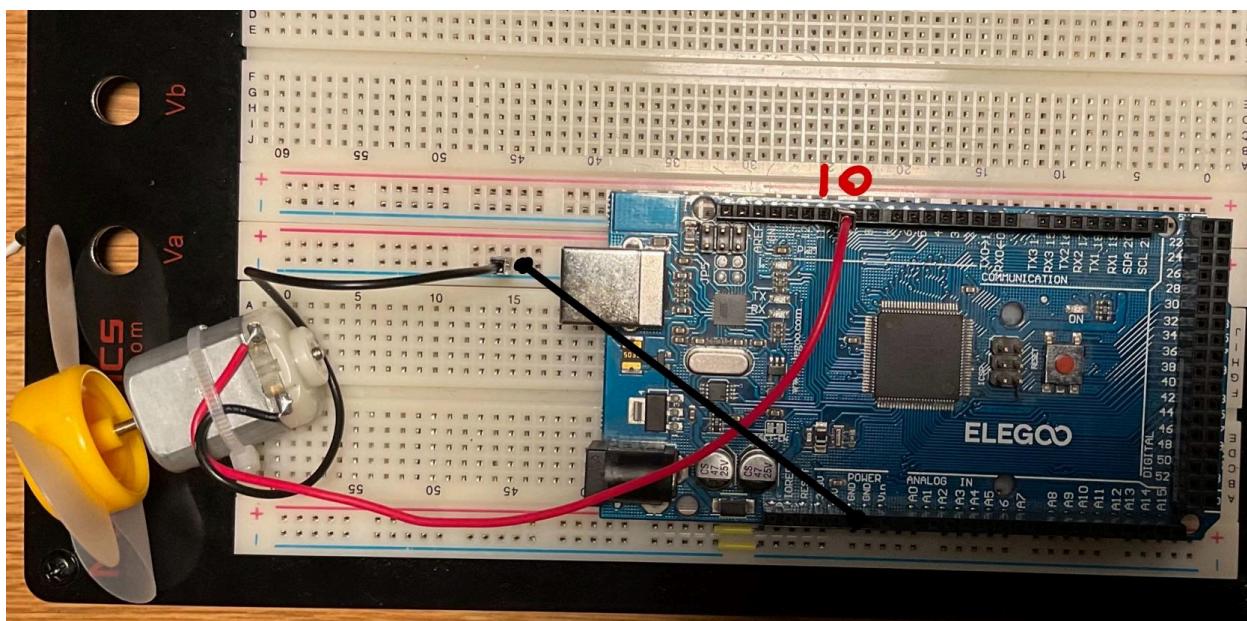
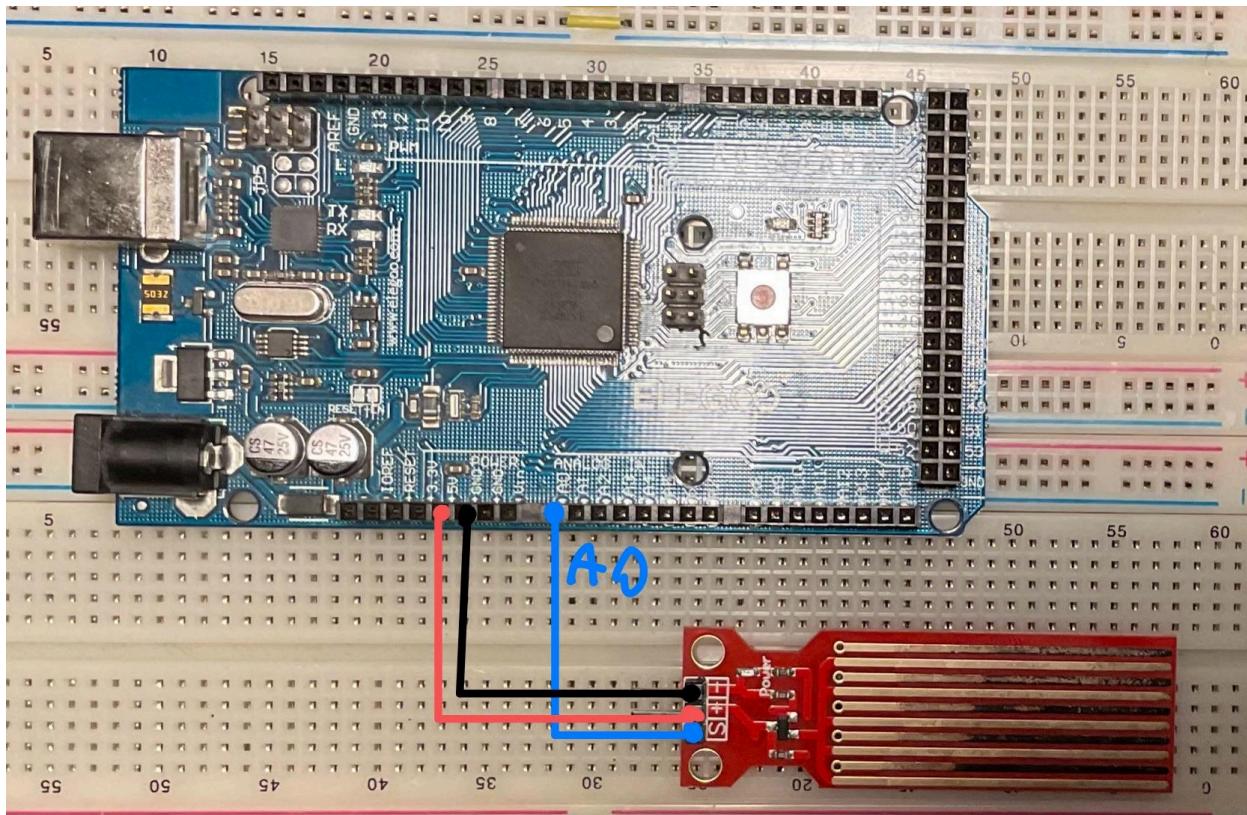


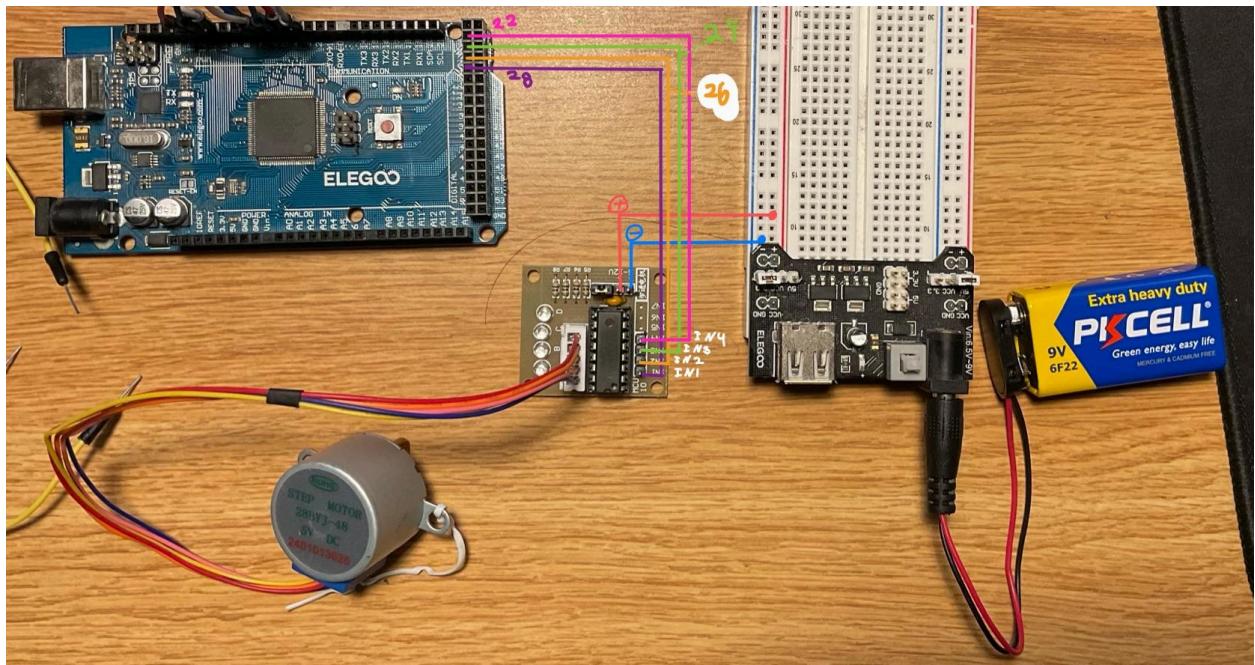
## **Schematic Diagram**

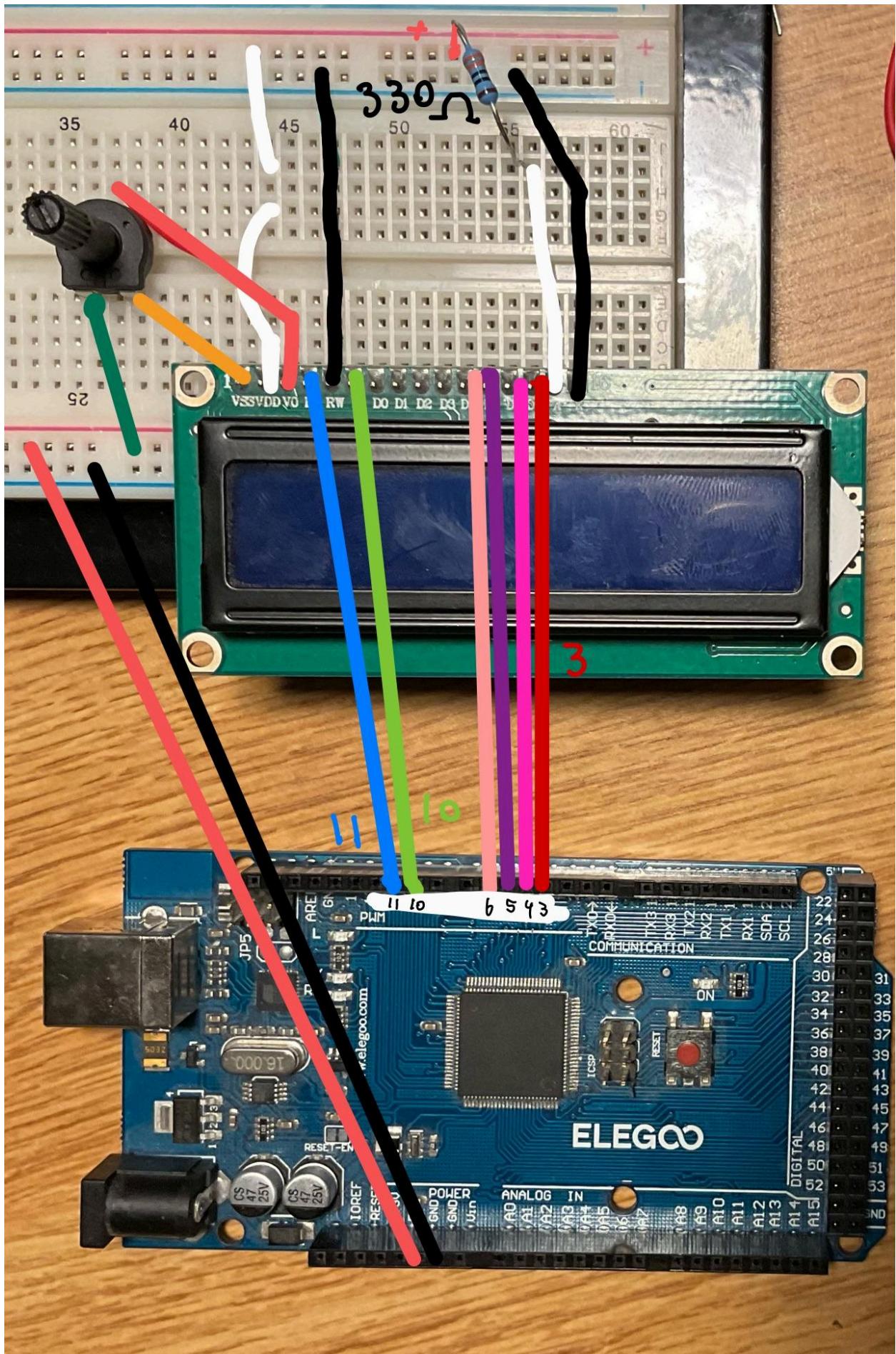












## **System Demonstration**

<https://youtu.be/zAGNxGv3r9A?si=ShwlqhiCA-hQKluW>