

Silesian University of Technology

Faculty of Automatic Control, Electronics and Computer Science

Internet Technologies – project work

$Plantie^{TM}$

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Contents

1	Intr	oduction and scope	1
2	Schedule		2
	2.1	Schedule approved at the beginning	2
	2.2	Schedule reflecting actual work	2
3	Software and hardware implementation		4
	3.1	Defining the problem	4
	3.2	Analysis of possible solutions	4
	3.3	Implementation and problems during project development	4
4	4 Summary		7
Bi	Bibliography		

Introduction and scope

We are living in times where everything is being automatized, people have less time for everyday tasks and became lazier. Having that in mind, we decided to create something useful, engaging and relatively complex for us to create, something that everyone with just a little knowledge of electronics would be able to implement having only the hardware and the source code. Also, we wanted to open up for some new technologies, which may be helpful in the future as well. This resulted in creating a remote plant-management system connected through WI-FI to hardware stuffed with sensors mainly based on Arduino IDE and Node.js server. With our product, people will be able to save their precious time [1].

Schedule

In almost every project there is a schedule in which we assume, that certain things should be done, but most of the time (it happened there too) the primal one needs correction.

2.1 Schedule approved at the beginning

Week 1:

Creating site sketch in HTML

Week 2:

Creating CSS styles

Week 3:

Getting acquainted with Node.js technology

Week 4:

Setting up page on a server

Week 5, 6

Implementing our 2-way communication system

Week 7, 8

Final technical and visual modifications. Tests

2.2 Schedule reflecting actual work

During the first week we were getting to know how everything works and what are the possible solutions and technologies for our project. Having the base, we decided to create a simple website in HTML on which we could learn the basics of CSS as well.

Second week was quite more resultful. Old-fashioned front-end was replaced with a new one written from scratch once again, but with a help of Bootstrap. Some icons were added

using Fontawesome, everything started looking way better than we expected. Also we decided to work a little bit on back-end. Simple local server was started using Node.js, for now it was sufficient.

When third week began, there was a need to work on JavaScript together with requests to the server and a database, which was created using MySQL set on separate server from Oracle and a Sequelize framework simplifying database operations to working on JS objects. Unfortunately, MySQL appeared to be too complex and resource-consuming for a simple usage, so we changed it to SQLite on a single file. Also, long script code was replaced with a shorter one using jQuery.

During the rest of the time, we were working on two-way communication and minor (which appeared to be major) updates. Separate socket server was set using node (instead of ESP as we thought) and simple commands could be sent to ESP and Arduino like turning LED light on and off for a test purpose. With that solution, many other ESPs can be connected simultaneously if needed in the future. Everything was constantly being improved to work with current setup and sensors during the Christmas Holidays and database.

Software and hardware implementation

3.1 Defining the problem

The main problem was that we were not in touch with any of the internet technologies. It took a while to do some research, which, to our surprise, is not that easy when you do not even know what to look for. Second one was to spare some time for tutorials, but eventually it was like a bottomless well, the more we knew, the more we needed to learn and with every idea came another technology.

3.2 Analysis of possible solutions

Thankfully, in XXI age, the knowledge is widely available and we were overwhelmed by the possibilities to accomplish our project. The first one was to create a mobile application for android to operate the Arduino and read sensor values. Then we had an idea to create a website, which does not actually need a phone, but can also be used on it. Second option was more suitable for us, especially when we wanted to have everything on our computer and learn more about creating a fully functional one.

3.3 Implementation and problems during project development

Everything was written using Visual Studio Code with a Prettier extention making the overall look of the code "prettier". Visual made writing the code way faster with his hints under the Tab button, colors and even descriptions of used functions.

As beginners, we encountered a lot of implementational and visual problems. We did

not really know what "good looking website" means. First tries of doing the main page were a failure written using only CSS. Learning from mistakes and getting some more information about possible solutions for this problem, we decided to use a Bootstrap, which is an open source toolkit allowing as to insert already done objects in a class field, which appeared to be very helpful in almost everything like buttons, panels, indicators and navbar presented below.

```
1
    <nav class="navbar navbar-expand-md bg-dark navbar-dark">
2
      <a class="navbar-brand nav-item" href="index.html"><img src="img/")</pre>
           logo_plantie2_green_2.png" alt="logo" style="width:160px"></a>
3
      <!-- logo display and go back to home
4
      <button class="navbar-toggler" type="button" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="</pre>
           #collapsibleNavbar">
5
         <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>
6
      </button>
7
         <div class="collapse navbar-collapse" id="collapsibleNavbar">
8
               9
         <!-- Navigation buttons -->
            class="nav-item">
10
11
            <a class="nav-link" href="index.html">Home</a>
12
         13
            class="nav-item">
14
            <a class="nav-link" href="about.html">About</a>
15
         class="nav-item">
16
17
            <a class="nav-link" href="control.html">Control</a>
         18
19
            class="nav-item active">
20
            <a class="nav-link" href="readings.html">Readings</a>
21
         22
      23
      </div>
24
   </nav>
```

Our front-end is quite simple and that is what was our priority. Basically just a main page describing used technologies and and a control panel on the "readings" endpoint with a chart underneath. We also spent a while for the website to be responsive. On the other hand, compared to front, back-end is more interesting to look at.

Everything was written using Visual Studio Code with a Prettier extention making the overall look of the code "prettier". Visual made writing the code way faster with his hints under the Tab button

(To przeniesc gdzies indziej) Having a real-time system, there is always a question

about synchronization and delays. We needed to create an optimal solution, in which for example data sent to the database, server and ESP is always complete. We decided to keep data in angle brackets (<>) as it allowed us to do certain actions under condition, that the message starts and ends within a bracket. (dotad).

Summary

Bibliography

[1] W. C. Sabine, Collected Papers on Acoustics. Harvard University Press, 1922.