



# **Python Data Audit Library API**

*Release 1.00*

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Welcome to our **Python Data Audit Library API**! The PDF version can be downloaded from [HERE](#).



## PREFACE

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### Chinese proverb

Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

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## 1.1 About

### 1.1.1 About this API

This document is the API for Our Python Data Audit Library [PyAudit] API. The PDF version can be downloaded from [HERE](#). **You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.**

The API assumes that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of `python` programing and `Linux`. And this document is generated automatically by using `sphinx`.

### 1.1.2 About the author

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- **Biography**

Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST’s Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng’s responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master’s degree in Statistics. He also holds Master’s degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master’s degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

- **Declaration**

The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK and DST.

## 1.2 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: [von198@gmail.com](mailto:von198@gmail.com)) for improvements.



## HOW TO INSTALL

### 2.1 Clone the Repository

```
git clone https://github.com/runawayhorse001/PyAudit.git
```

### 2.2 Install

```
cd PyAudit  
pip install -r requirements.txt  
python setup.py install
```

### 2.3 Uninstall

```
pip uninstall statspy
```

### 2.4 Test

```
cd PyAudit/test  
python test1.py
```

test1.py

```
from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate, zero_rate, dtypes_class  
import pandas as pd
```

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```
d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
      'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
      'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}

# create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print(missing_rate(df))
print(zero_rate(df))

# read df
df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
print(df.head(5))
(num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types) = dtypes_class(df)

print(num_fields)
print(cat_fields)
print(bool_fields)
print(data_types)
#print(missing_rate(df))
#print(zero_rate(df))
```

Results:

```
[-1.27920153  0.84000173  1.75114469 -0.02731652 -0.56417185 -0.
→61239996
-1.47376967  1.39551562 -0.8559779   0.60139758]

-----
→-----
#           One Sample t-test
# data:    ['y']
# t = 3.872983346207417, df = 3, p-value = 0.030466291662170977
# alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 0.0
# 95.0 percent confidence interval:
# 0.4457397432391206, 4.554260256760879
# mean of x
#           2.5
-----
→-----
```

## PYTHON DATA AUDIT FUNCTIONS

### 3.1 `dtypes_class`

`PyAudit.basics.dtypes_class(df_in)`  
numerical, categorical and bool name list in the DataFrame

**Parameters** `df_in` – input pandas DataFrame

**Returns** numerical, categorical and bool name list

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### 3.2 `missing_rate`

`PyAudit.basics.missing_rate(df_in)`  
calculate missing rate for each feature in the DataFrame

**Parameters** `df_in` – input pandas DataFrame

**Returns** missing rate

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### 3.3 `zero_rate`

`PyAudit.basics.zero_rate(df_in)`  
calculate the percentage of 0 value for each feature in the DataFrame

**Parameters** `df_in` – input pandas DataFrame

**Returns** zero rate

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## **HYPOTHESIS TESTING BASICS**

### **4.1 t\_test**

`statspy.tests.t_test(x, y=None, mu=0.0, conf_level=0.95)`

Performs one and two sample t-tests on vectors of data.

same functions as `t.test` in R: `t.test(x, ...)`

```
t.test(x, y = NULL,  
       alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"),  
       mu = 0, paired = FALSE, var.equal = FALSE,  
       conf.level = 0.95, ...)
```

#### **Parameters**

- **x** – a (non-empty) numeric vector of data values.
- **y** – an optional (non-empty) numeric vector of data values.
- **mu** – vector of standard deviations.
- **conf\_level** – confidence level of the interval.

**Returns** the vector of the random numbers.

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## DEMOS

This is a usage of `statspy.basics.rnorm()`:

For example:

```
>>> from statspy.basics import rnorm
>>> n=10
>>> rnorm(n)
array([ 1.54900276, -0.43444174, -0.44135064,  0.61153345, -0.31411333,
        -0.17855692, -0.35912669, -0.1131763 ,  1.64094882, -1.
        ↪66553673])
```

```

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**MAIN REFERENCE**



## BIBLIOGRAPHY

[PyAudit] Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen. [Python Data Audit Library API](#), 2019.



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