

Python Data Audit Library API Release 1.00

Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

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Welcome to our **Python Data Audit Library API!** The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE.

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PREFACE

Chinese proverb

Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

1.1 About

1.1.1 About this API

This document is the API book for our Python Data Audit Library [PyAudit] API. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE. You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.

The API assumes that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of python programing and Linux. And this document is generated automatically by using sphinx.

1.1.2 About the author

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Biography

Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST's Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng's responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master's degree in Statistics. He also holds Master's degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master's degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

Declaration

The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK and DST.

1.2 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: von198@gmail.com and Ming Chen: ming.chen0919@gmail.com) for improvements.

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HOW TO INSTALL

2.1 Clone the Repository

git clone https://github.com/runawayhorse001/PyAudit.git

2.2 Install

```
cd PyAudit
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py install
```

2.3 Uninstall

pip uninstall statspy

2.4 Test

```
cd PyAudit/test
python test1.py
```

test1.py

```
from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate, zero_rate, dtypes_class
from PyAudit.basics import feature_variance
import pandas as pd
```

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```
d = \{'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
     'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
     'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
# create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (missing_rate(df))
print (zero_rate(df))
print (feature_variance(df))
# read df
df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
print (df.head(5))
(num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types, type_class) = dtypes_
print (num_fields)
print (cat_fields)
print (bool_fields)
print (data_types)
print (type_class)
print (missing_rate(df))
#print(zero_rate(df))
```

Results:

THREE

PYTHON DATA AUDIT FUNCTIONS

3.1 dtypes_class

```
PyAudit.basics.dtypes_class (df_in) numerical, categorical and bool name list in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns numerical, categorical and bool name list

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3.2 missing_rate

```
PyAudit.basics.missing_rate (df_in) calculate missing rate for each feature in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df_in - input pandas DataFrame

Returns missing rate

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```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
        'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
        'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate
>>> missing_rate(df)
        feature missing_rate
      0 A 0.25
             В
                       0.00
      1
      2
             С
                       0.25
```

3.3 zero_rate

```
PyAudit.basics.zero_rate(df_in)
```

calculate the percentage of 0 value for each feature in the DataFrame

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns zero rate

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3.4 feature_variance

```
PyAudit.basics.feature_variance (df_in) calculate the variance for each feature
```

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns feature variance

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```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
         'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
         'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import zero_rate
>>> zero_rate(df)
         feature feature_variance
       0
                                1.0
               Α
       1
               В
                                0.5
       2
               С
                                1.0
```

FOUR

DEMOS

This is a usage of PyAudit.basics.dtypes_class():

For example:

```
>>> from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate, zero_rate, dtypes_class
>>> df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
>>> (num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types, type_class) = ...
→dtypes_class(df)
['Age', 'RestBP', 'Chol', 'Fbs', 'RestECG', 'MaxHR', 'ExAng', 'Oldpeak
→', 'Slope', 'Ca']
['ChestPain', 'Thal', 'AHD']
['Sex']
     feature
              dtypes
                int64
         Age
1
         Sex
                 bool
   ChestPain
2
              object
3
      RestBP
               int64
4
        Chol
                int64
5
               int64
         Fbs
6
     RestECG
               int64
7
       MaxHR
                int64
8
               int64
       ExAng
9
     Oldpeak float64
10
        Slope
               int64
11
          Ca float64
12
        Thal
              object
13
         AHD object
     feature
              dtypes
                          class
0
         Age
               int64
                       numeric
1
         Sex
                 bool
                           bool
2
   ChestPain
              object category
3
      RestBP
               int64
                       numeric
               int64 numeric
4
        Chol
5
         Fbs
               int64 numeric
```

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```
RestECG
              int64 numeric
7
               int64 numeric
       MaxHR
8
       ExAng
              int64 numeric
9
     Oldpeak float64 numeric
10
       Slope
             int64 numeric
11
          Ca float64 numeric
12
             object category
        Thal
13
              object
         AHD
                      category
```

This is a usage of PyAudit.basics.feature_variance():

For example:

```
.,,.
  ,;;*;;;;
  .-'``;-');;.
    \d
                       .;;;,
                     ,;*;;;*;,
          \_.-') ___) --.;;;;**;;;,
          `""`;;\
            ; * ; ; ;
            ;;;;
 *;*;\|
 ;;;;/|
;;;*;/ \
;;;;;'.;
,;*;;;\/
          | /
                          ';;;
 ;;;;;/
 '*wf*/
                         ; *;
     \simeq 11 H H H ^{*}
                ^{8} и и и и ^{8}
```

CHAPTER FIVE

MAIN REFERENCE

BIBLIOGRAPHY

[PyAudit] Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen. Python Data Audit Library API, 2019.

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