

PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library API

Release 1.00

Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

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Welcome to our **PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library API!** The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE.

You can install the PyAudit from [PyPI](https://pypi.org/project/PyAudit):

pip install PyAudit

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CHAPTER

ONE

PREFACE

Chinese proverb

Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

1.1 About

1.1.1 About this API

This document is the API book for our PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library [PyAudit] API. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE. You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.

The API assumes that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of python programing and Linux. And this document is generated automatically by using sphinx.

1.1.2 About the author

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• Biography

Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST's Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng's responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master's degree in Statistics. He also holds Master's degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master's degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

Declaration

The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK and DST.

1.2 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: von198@gmail.com and Ming Chen: ming.chen0919@gmail.com) for improvements.

CHAPTER

TWO

HOW TO INSTALL

2.1 Install with pip

You can install the PyAudit from [PyPI](https://pypi.org/project/PyAudit):

pip install PyAudit

2.2 Install from Repo

2.2.1 Clone the Repository

git clone https://github.com/runawayhorse001/PyAudit.git

2.2.2 Install

cd PyAudit
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py install

2.2.3 Uninstall

pip uninstall statspy

2.2.4 Test

```
cd PyAudit/test
python test.py
```

test.py

```
from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate, zero_rate, dtypes_class
from PyAudit.basics import feature_variance, freq_items_df, feature_len
from PyAudit.basics import corr_matrix, numeric_summary, category_
⇔summary
import pandas as pd
import os, sys
output = os.path.abspath(os.path.join(sys.path[0])) + '/output'
print (output)
d = \{'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
     'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
     'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
# create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (missing_rate(df))
print (zero_rate(df))
print (feature_variance(df))
print(df)
print (feature_len(df))
print (numeric_summary(df, output))
print(category_summary(df, output))
print(corr_matrix(df, output))
d = {
    'num': list('1223334444'),
    'cat': list('wxxyyyzzzz')
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
df = df.astype({"num": int, "cat": object})
print(freq_items_df(df, top_n=4))
# read df
df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
print (df.head(5))
(num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types, type_class) = dtypes_
⇔class(df)
```

```
print (num_fields)
print (cat_fields)
print (bool_fields)
print (data_types)
print (type_class)
print (missing_rate(df))
print (zero_rate(df))

print (freq_items_df(df, top_n=4))
print (feature_len(df))
print (numeric_summary(df, output))
print (category_summary(df, output))
print (corr_matrix(df, output))
```

Results:

```
feature missing_rate
                 0.25
       Α
1
       В
                 0.00
                 0.25
       С
 feature zero_rate
       A 0.333333
1
       В
         0.750000
       C 0.000000
 feature feature variance
       Α
1
       В
                      0.5
                      1.0
2
       С
        Sex
               ChestPain RestBP Chol ... Oldpeak Slope
  Age
                                                            Са
     Thal AHD
                             145
                                   233 ...
                                                2.3
 63
      True
                 typical
                                                           0.0
0
   fixed
           No
   67
        True asymptomatic
                             160
                                   286 ...
                                                1.5
                                                           3.0
→ normal Yes
                                                           2.0 _
        True asymptomatic
                             120
                                   229 ...
                                                2.6
⇔reversable Yes
3
   37
        True
               nonanginal
                             130
                                   250
                                                3.5
                                                           0.0
→ normal No
 41 False
               nontypical
                             130
                                   204 ...
                                                1.4
                                                        1 0.0
→ normal No
[5 rows x 14 columns]
['Age', 'RestBP', 'Chol', 'Fbs', 'RestECG', 'MaxHR', 'ExAng', 'Oldpeak
→', 'Slope', 'Ca']
['ChestPain', 'Thal', 'AHD']
```

['S	Sex']			
	feature	dtypes		
0	Age	int64		
1	Sex	bool		
2	ChestPain	object		
3	RestBP	int64		
4	Chol	int64		
5	Fbs	int64		
6	RestECG	int64		
7	MaxHR	int64		
8	ExAng	int64		
9	Oldpeak	float64		
10	Slope	int64		
11	Ca	float64		
12	Thal	object		
13	AHD	object		
10	feature	dtypes	class	
0	Age	int64	numeric	
1	Sex	bool	bool	
2	ChestPain	object	category	
3	RestBP	int64	numeric	
4	Chol	int64	numeric	
	Fbs	int64		
5			numeric	
6	RestECG	int64	numeric	
7	MaxHR	int64	numeric	
8	ExAng	int64	numeric	
9	Oldpeak	float64	numeric	
10	Slope	int64	numeric	
11	Ca	float64	numeric	
12	Thal	object	category	
13	AHD	object	category	
	feature	missing_	rate	
0	Age	0.00		
1	Sex	0.00		
2	ChestPain	0.00		
3	RestBP	0.00	0000	
4	Chol	0.00	0.00000	
5	Fbs	0.00	0000	
6	RestECG	0.00	0000	
7	MaxHR	0.00	0000	
8	ExAng	0.00	0000	
9	Oldpeak	0.00000		
10	Slope	0.00000		
11	Ca	0.013201		
12	Thal	0.00		

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13 AHD 0.000000

Process finished with exit code 0

CHAPTER

THREE

PYTHON DATA AUDIT FUNCTIONS

3.1 Basic Functions

3.1.1 dtypes_class

```
PyAudit.basics.dtypes_class (df_in) numerical, categorical and bool name list in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df_in - input pandas DataFrame

Returns numerical, categorical and bool name list

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3.1.2 missing_rate

```
PyAudit.basics.missing_rate (df\_in) calculate missing rate for each feature in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns missing rate

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```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
        'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
        'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate
>>> missing_rate(df)
        feature missing_rate
      0 A
                   0.25
      1
             В
                       0.00
      2
             С
                       0.25
```

3.1.3 zero_rate

```
PyAudit.basics.zero_rate(df_in) calculate the percentage of 0 value for each feature in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns zero rate

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

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3.1.4 feature_variance

```
PyAudit.basics.feature_variance (df_in) calculate the variance for each feature
```

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns feature variance

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```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
         'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
         'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import zero_rate
>>> zero_rate(df)
         feature feature_variance
       0
              Α
                                1.0
                                0.5
       1
               В
               С
       2
                                1.0
```

3.1.5 freq_items_df

```
PyAudit.basics.freq_items_df(df_in, top_n=3)
```

find out the top n values and the corresponding frequency for each feature

Parameters

- **df_in** input pandas DataFrame
- top_n the number of the top values

Returns top n values and the corresponding frequency for each feature

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3.1.6 feature_len

PyAudit.basics.feature_len(df_in)

find out the min and max length of values for each feature

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns min and max length DataFrame

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```
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
         'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
>>>
         'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>>
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> print(df)
         A B
                  C
   0 1.0 1
                  а
   1 0.0 0 None
    2 NaN 0
    3 3.0 0
                  d
>>> print(feature_len(df))
    feature min_length max_length
  0
         Α
                      3
                      1
                                  1
 1
          В
  2
          C
                      1
                                  4
```

3.1.7 correlation matrix

PyAudit.basics.corr_matrix (*df_in*, *output_dir*) generate correlation matrix for numerical dataframe

Parameters

- **df_in** input pandas DataFrame
- output_dir output path

Returns correlation matrix

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3.2 Summary Functions

3.2.1 numeric_summary

PyAudit.basics.numeric_summary (*df_in*, *output_dir*, *top_n=4*, *deciles=False*) generate statistical summary for numerical DateFrame

Parameters

- **df_in** input pandas DataFrame
- deciles flag for percentiles style

Returns statistical summary for numerical data

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```
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
        'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
>>>
        'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>>
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> print(numeric_summary(df))
      feature data_type min_digits ... zero_rate pos_rate
⇒rat.e
   Α
           A float64
                                 3 ... 0.333333 0.666667
→ 0.0
                                 3 ... 0.750000 0.250000
           B int64
   В
→ 0.0
```

3.2.2 category_summary

PyAudit.basics.category_summary (*df_in*, output_dir, top_n=4, deciles=False) generate statistical summary for numerical DateFrame

Parameters

- **df_in** input pandas DataFrame
- deciles flag for percentiles style

Returns statistical summary for numerical data

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

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CHAPTER

FOUR

AUDITING DEMOS

This is a demo to show how to aduit pd. DataFrame using PyAudit:

For example:

```
#import python libraries
import os
import sys
import pandas as pd
# import PyAudit module
from PyAudit.basics import corr_matrix, numeric_summary, category_
⇔summary
# Audit output path
output = os.path.abspath(os.path.join(sys.path[0])) + '/output'
# load DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
print(df.head(5))
# generate the audit results (.csv files in output folder)
print(numeric_summary(df, output))
print(category_summary(df, output))
print (corr_matrix(df, output))
```

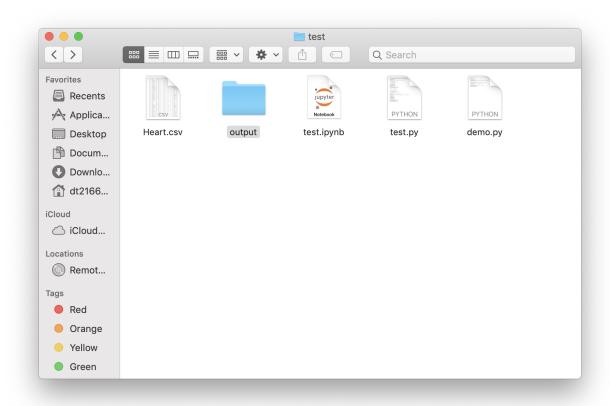
Result:

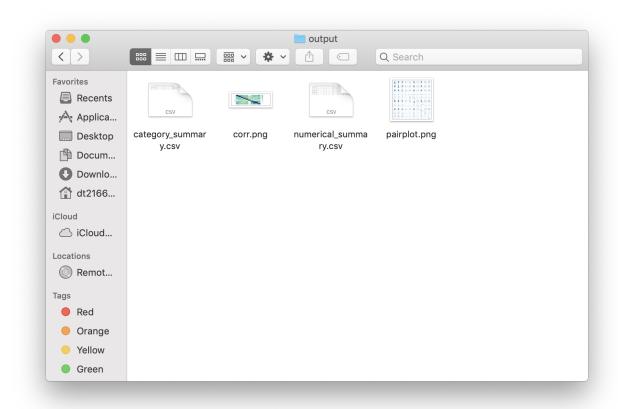
	Age	Sex	ChestPain	RestBP	Chol		Oldpeak	Slope	Ca	
\hookrightarrow	Th	nal AHD								
0	63	True	typical	145	233		2.3	3	0.0	ш
\hookrightarrow	fix	xed No								
1	67	True a	symptomatic	160	286		1.5	2	3.0	
\hookrightarrow	norm	nal Yes								
2	67	True a	symptomatic	120	229		2.6	2	2.0	
\hookrightarrow	⇒reversable Yes									

					(Co	ontinued from pr	evious page)
3 37	True	nonanginal	130	250	3.	5 3	0.0
→ norma	al No	_					_
4 41 1	False	nontypical	130	204	1.	4 1	0.0
→ norma		21					
[5 rows :	x 14 colı	ımns]					
[0 10.0 .		data_type r	nin diait	S	zero rate	nos rate	neg_
⇔rate	reacure	aaca_cypc i	min_argre		2010_1400	POB_race	1109_
Age	Age	int64		4	0.000000	1.000000	
49e ⇔0.0	Age	111004		4	0.000000	1.000000	ш
RestBP	Doo+DD	int64		4	0.000000	1.000000	
	RestBP	11104		4	0.00000	1.00000	ш
↔ 0.0	G1 7			_	0 00000	1 000000	
Chol	Chol	int64		5	0.000000	1.000000	
→ 0.0	_			_			
Fbs	Fbs	int64		3	0.851485	0.148515	ш
→ 0.0							
RestECG	RestECG	int64		3	0.498350	0.501650	
→ 0.0							
MaxHR	MaxHR	int64		4	0.000000	1.000000	<u></u>
→ 0.0							
ExAng	ExAng	int64		3	0.673267	0.326733	
→ 0.0							
Oldpeak	Oldpeak	float64		3	0.326733	0.673267	
→0.0	-						
Slope	Slope	int64		3	0.000000	1.000000	
→0.0	3-31-3						u
Ca	Ca	float64		3	0.588629	0.411371	
⇔ 0.0	Ca	1104001		J	0.500023	0.411371	
→ 0.0							
[10 rows	w 21 gol	Lumpal					
[IU LOWS					+ £		
Q	Ieat	ture data_typ	_		top_freqs	_	
Sex	G1 + T	Sex boo		F 1 4 4 4	[206, 97]		0000
ChestPain		_			36 , 50 , 23]		0000
Thal]	Thal object		[160	6, 117, 18]		6601
AHD		AHD object	ct		[164, 139]	0.00	0000
[4 rows :	x 10 colu	umns]					
	Age	e RestBP	Chol		Oldpeak	Slope	_
⇔ Ca							
Age	1.000000	0.284946	0.208950		0.203805	0.161770	0.
→ 362605							
RestBP	0.284946	1.00000	0.130120		0.189171	0.117382	0.
→ 098773							
Chol	0.208950	0.130120	1.000000		0.046564 -	-0.004062	0.
→119000	3.20000	. 0.100120	00000	• • •			•
711000							

```
Fbs
        0.118530 0.175340
                            0.009841
                                          0.005747
                                                    0.059894
→145478
RestECG 0.148868 0.146560 0.171043
                                     ... 0.114133 0.133946
→128343
      -0.393806 -0.045351 -0.003432
MaxHR
                                     ... -0.343085 -0.385601 -0.
→264246
       0.091661 0.064762 0.061310
ExAng
                                         0.288223 0.257748 0.
→145570
Oldpeak 0.203805
                  0.189171 0.046564
                                      . . .
                                          1.000000
                                                    0.577537
→295832
Slope
        0.161770 0.117382 -0.004062
                                          0.577537
                                                    1.000000
                                     . . .
                                                             0.
→110119
        0.362605 0.098773 0.119000 ...
                                          0.295832 0.110119 1.
Ca
→000000
[10 rows x 10 columns]
Process finished with exit code 0
```

and





```
.,,.
  ,;;*;;;;
 .-'``;-');;.
 /' .-. /*;;
                   .;;;,
           ; * ; ; ;
         `---` 0 | | ;;*;;
 ;;;;
 *;*;\|
                0 / ;;;;;*
;;;;;/|
                / ;*;;;;
;;;*;/ \
                 (`.;;;*;;;
             ) \ | ;;;;;
;;;;; ; ; ; ; ;
            / /` | ';;;*;
/ /<u>_</u>/ ';;;
       | .
| /
,;*;;;\/
 ;;;;;/
             / ; *;
`"""` ; '
 '*wf*/
```

CHAPTER FIVE

MAIN REFERENCE

BIBLIOGRAPHY

[PyAudit] Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen. Python Data Audit Library API, 2019.

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