

PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library API

Release 1.00

Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

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Welcome to our **PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library API!** The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE.

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**ONE** 

## **PREFACE**

#### **Chinese proverb**

Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

## 1.1 About

#### 1.1.1 About this API

This document is the API book for our PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library [PyAudit] API. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE. You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.

The API assumes that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of python programing and Linux. And this document is generated automatically by using sphinx.

#### 1.1.2 About the author

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#### • Biography

Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST's Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng's responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master's degree in Statistics. He also holds Master's degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master's degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

#### Declaration

The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK and DST.

# 1.2 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: von198@gmail.com and Ming Chen: ming.chen0919@gmail.com) for improvements.

**TWO** 

# **HOW TO INSTALL**

# 2.1 Clone the Repository

git clone https://github.com/runawayhorse001/PyAudit.git

## 2.2 Install

```
cd PyAudit
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py install
```

## 2.3 Uninstall

pip uninstall statspy

# 2.4 Test

```
cd PyAudit/test
python test1.py
```

test1.py

```
from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate, zero_rate, dtypes_class
from PyAudit.basics import feature_variance
import pandas as pd
```

(continues on next page)

```
d = \{'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
     'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
     'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
# create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (missing_rate(df))
print (zero_rate(df))
print (feature_variance(df))
# read df
df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
print (df.head(5))
(num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types, type_class) = dtypes_
⇔class(df)
print (num_fields)
print (cat_fields)
print (bool_fields)
print (data_types)
print (type_class)
print (missing_rate(df))
#print(zero_rate(df))
```

#### Results:

```
feature missing_rate
      Α
                 0.25
       В
                 0.00
1
2
       С
                 0.25
 feature zero_rate
       Α
         0.333333
       B 0.750000
1
       С
         0.000000
 feature feature_variance
       Α
                     1.0
1
       В
                     0.5
2
                     1.0
       С
        Sex
               ChestPain RestBP Chol ... Oldpeak Slope
  Age
     Thal AHD
                                233 ...
                                               2.3
  63
       True
                 typical
                             145
                                                         0.0
→ fixed No
                                  286 ...
   67
       True asymptomatic
                             160
                                               1.5
                                                       2
                                                         3.0
  normal Yes
```

(continues on next page)

```
True
              asymptomatic
                                120
                                      229
                                                                2.0
→reversable Yes
         True
                 nonanginal
                                130
                                      250
                                                    3.5
                                                                0.0
    37
   normal
            No
                 nontypical
    41 False
                                130
                                      204
                                                    1.4
                                                             1
                                                                0.0
4
   normal
           No
[5 rows x 14 columns]
['Age', 'RestBP', 'Chol', 'Fbs', 'RestECG', 'MaxHR', 'ExAng', 'Oldpeak
→', 'Slope', 'Ca']
['ChestPain', 'Thal', 'AHD']
['Sex']
      feature
                dtypes
0
         Age
                 int64
1
          Sex
                 bool
2
               object
   ChestPain
3
      RestBP
                int64
4
         Chol
                int64
5
         Fbs
                int64
6
     RestECG
               int64
7
       MaxHR
                int64
                int64
8
       ExAng
9
      Oldpeak float64
10
        Slope
               int64
11
          Ca float64
12
              object
         Thal
13
         AHD
               object
               dtypes
      feature
                          class
                int64
0
         Age
                         numeric
1
                 bool
                           bool
         Sex
2
               object category
    ChestPain
3
       RestBP
                int64
                        numeric
               int64 numeric
4
         Chol
5
               int64 numeric
         Fbs
6
     RestECG
                int64 numeric
7
               int64 numeric
       MaxHR
8
       ExAng
               int64 numeric
9
      Oldpeak float64 numeric
10
               int64 numeric
        Slope
11
          Ca
              float64 numeric
12
         Thal
               object category
13
         AHD
              object category
             missing rate
      feature
0
                   0.00000
         Age
1
          Sex
                   0.00000
```

(continues on next page)

2.4. Test 7

```
2
    ChestPain
                    0.000000
3
       RestBP
                    0.000000
4
         Chol
                    0.000000
5
          Fbs
                    0.000000
6
      RestECG
                    0.000000
7
        MaxHR
                    0.000000
8
        ExAng
                    0.000000
      Oldpeak
9
                    0.000000
10
        Slope
                    0.000000
11
           Ca
                    0.013201
12
         Thal
                    0.006601
13
          AHD
                    0.00000
Process finished with exit code 0
```

### THREE

## **PYTHON DATA AUDIT FUNCTIONS**

# 3.1 dtypes\_class

```
PyAudit.basics.dtypes_class (df_in) numerical, categorical and bool name list in the DataFrame
```

**Parameters** df\_in – input pandas DataFrame

**Returns** numerical, categorical and bool name list

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# 3.2 missing\_rate

```
PyAudit.basics.missing_rate (df_in) calculate missing rate for each feature in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df\_in - input pandas DataFrame

Returns missing rate

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```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
        'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
        'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate
>>> missing_rate(df)
        feature missing_rate
      0 A 0.25
             В
                       0.00
      1
      2
             С
                       0.25
```

# 3.3 zero\_rate

```
PyAudit.basics.zero_rate(df_in)
```

calculate the percentage of 0 value for each feature in the DataFrame

**Parameters** df\_in – input pandas DataFrame

**Returns** zero rate

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## 3.4 feature\_variance

```
PyAudit.basics.feature_variance (df_in) calculate the variance for each feature
```

**Parameters** df\_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns feature variance

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```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
         'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
         'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import zero_rate
>>> zero_rate(df)
         feature feature_variance
       0
                                1.0
               Α
       1
               В
                                0.5
       2
               С
                                1.0
```



## **FOUR**

## **DEMOS**

This is a usage of PyAudit.basics.dtypes\_class():

#### For example:

```
>>> from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate, zero_rate, dtypes_class
>>> df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
>>> (num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types, type_class) = ...
→dtypes_class(df)
['Age', 'RestBP', 'Chol', 'Fbs', 'RestECG', 'MaxHR', 'ExAng', 'Oldpeak
→', 'Slope', 'Ca']
['ChestPain', 'Thal', 'AHD']
['Sex']
     feature
              dtypes
                int64
         Age
1
         Sex
                 bool
   ChestPain
2
              object
3
      RestBP
               int64
4
        Chol
                int64
5
               int64
         Fbs
6
     RestECG
               int64
7
                int64
       MaxHR
8
               int64
       ExAng
9
     Oldpeak float64
10
        Slope
               int64
11
          Ca float64
12
        Thal
              object
13
         AHD object
     feature
              dtypes
                          class
0
         Age
               int64
                       numeric
1
         Sex
                 bool
                           bool
2
   ChestPain
              object category
3
      RestBP
               int64
                       numeric
               int64 numeric
4
        Chol
5
         Fbs
               int64 numeric
```

(continues on next page)

```
RestECG
              int64 numeric
7
               int64 numeric
       MaxHR
8
       ExAng
              int64 numeric
9
     Oldpeak float64 numeric
10
       Slope
             int64 numeric
11
          Ca float64 numeric
12
             object category
        Thal
13
              object
         AHD
                      category
```

This is a usage of PyAudit.basics.feature\_variance():

#### For example:

```
.,,.
  ,;;*;;;;
  .-'``;-');;.
    \d
                       .;;;,
                     ,;*;;;*;,
          \_.-') ___) --.;;;;**;;;,
`""`;;\
          ; * ; ; ;
            ;;;;
  *;*;\|
 ;;;;/|
;;;*;/ \
;;;;;'.;
,;*;;;\/
          | /
                           ';;;
 ;;;;;/
 '*wf*/
                          ; *;
     \simeq in in in in \simeq
                 ^{8} и и и и ^{8}
```

# CHAPTER FIVE

# **MAIN REFERENCE**

# **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

[PyAudit] Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen. Python Data Audit Library API, 2019.

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                   (in
                       module
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```