

PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library API

Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

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Welcome to our **PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library API!** The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE.

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CHAPTER

ONE

PREFACE

Chinese proverb

Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

1.1 About

1.1.1 About this API

This document is the API book for our PyAudit: Python Data Audit Library [PyAudit] API. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE. You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.

The API assumes that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of python programing and Linux. And this document is generated automatically by using sphinx.

1.1.2 About the author

Wengiang Feng

- Sr. Data Scientist and PhD in Mathematics
- University of Tennessee at Knoxville
- Webpage: http://web.utk.edu/~wfeng1/
- Email: von198@gmail.com

• Ming Chen

- Data Scientist and PhD in Genome Science and Technology
- University of Tennessee at Knoxville

- Email: ming.chen0919@gmail.com

Biography

Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST's Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng's responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master's degree in Statistics. He also holds Master's degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master's degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

Declaration

The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK and DST.

1.2 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: von198@gmail.com and Ming Chen: ming.chen0919@gmail.com) for improvements.

CHAPTER

TWO

HOW TO INSTALL

2.1 Clone the Repository

git clone https://github.com/runawayhorse001/PyAudit.git

2.2 Install

```
cd PyAudit
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py install
```

2.3 Uninstall

```
pip uninstall statspy
```

2.4 Test

```
cd PyAudit/test
python test1.py
```

test1.py

(continues on next page)

```
import pandas as pd
import os, sys
output = os.path.abspath(os.path.join(sys.path[0])) + '/output'
print (output)
d = \{'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
     'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
     'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
# create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (missing_rate(df))
print (zero_rate(df))
print (feature_variance(df))
print(df)
print (feature_len(df))
print (numeric_summary(df, output))
print(category_summary(df, output))
print(corr_matrix(df, output))
d = {
    'num': list('1223334444'),
    'cat': list('wxxyyyzzzz')
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
df = df.astype({"num": int, "cat": object})
print(freq_items_df(df, top_n=4))
# read df
df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
print (df.head(5))
(num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types, type_class) = dtypes_
⇔class(df)
print (num_fields)
print (cat_fields)
print (bool_fields)
print (data_types)
print (type_class)
print (missing_rate(df))
print(zero_rate(df))
print(freq_items_df(df, top_n=4))
print (feature_len(df))
```

(continues on next page)

```
print (numeric_summary(df, output))
print (category_summary(df, output))
print (corr_matrix(df, output))
```

Results:

```
feature missing_rate
                  0.25
0
       Α
                  0.00
       В
       С
                  0.25
 feature zero rate
       Α
         0.333333
           0.750000
1
       В
       C 0.000000
2
 feature feature_variance
                       1.0
       Α
                       0.5
       В
1
       С
                       1.0
  Age
         Sex
                 ChestPain RestBP Chol ... Oldpeak Slope
                                                               Ca
     Thal AHD
()
  63
       True
                  typical
                               145
                                     233
                                                   2.3
                                                            3
                                                               0.0
                                          . . .
    fixed
            No
   67
        True asymptomatic
                                     286
                                                            2
                                                               3.0
1
                               160
                                                   1.5
→ normal Yes
                                                               2.0
   67
        True asymptomatic
                               120
                                     229
                                                   2.6
                                          . . .
→reversable Yes
   37
        True
                nonanginal
                               130
                                     250
                                          . . .
                                                   3.5
                                                               0.0
→ normal No
   41 False
                nontypical
                               130
                                   204 ...
                                                   1.4
                                                            1 0.0
→ normal
            No
[5 rows x 14 columns]
['Age', 'RestBP', 'Chol', 'Fbs', 'RestECG', 'MaxHR', 'ExAng', 'Oldpeak

→', 'Slope', 'Ca']
['ChestPain', 'Thal', 'AHD']
['Sex']
     feature
               dtypes
0
         Age
               int64
1
         Sex
                bool
2
   ChestPain object
3
      RestBP
               int64
4
        Chol
               int64
5
         Fbs
               int64
6
     RestECG
               int64
             int64
7
       MaxHR
```

(continues on next page)

2.4. Test 7

```
8
        ExAng
                 int64
9
      Oldpeak
               float64
10
        Slope
                  int64
11
               float64
           Ca
12
         Thal
                object
13
          AHD
                object
                dtypes
      feature
                            class
                 int64
                          numeric
0
          Age
1
          Sex
                  bool
                             bool
2
    ChestPain
                object
                         category
3
       RestBP
                 int64
                          numeric
4
         Chol
                 int64
                          numeric
5
          Fbs
                 int64 numeric
6
      RestECG
                 int64
                         numeric
7
                 int64
        MaxHR
                        numeric
        ExAng
8
                 int64 numeric
9
      Oldpeak
              float64 numeric
10
        Slope
                 int64
                         numeric
11
           Ca
              float64
                         numeric
12
         Thal
                object category
13
                object
          AHD
                         category
      feature
               missing_rate
0
                    0.00000
          Age
1
          Sex
                    0.000000
2
    ChestPain
                    0.00000
3
       RestBP
                    0.00000
4
         Chol
                   0.000000
5
                    0.000000
          Fbs
6
      RestECG
                    0.00000
7
        MaxHR
                    0.00000
8
        ExAng
                    0.000000
      Oldpeak
9
                    0.000000
10
        Slope
                    0.00000
11
           Ca
                    0.013201
12
         Thal
                    0.006601
13
          AHD
                    0.00000
Process finished with exit code 0
```

CHAPTER

THREE

PYTHON DATA AUDIT FUNCTIONS

3.1 Basic Functions

3.1.1 dtypes_class

```
PyAudit.basics.dtypes_class (df_in) numerical, categorical and bool name list in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df_in - input pandas DataFrame

Returns numerical, categorical and bool name list

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

Email von198@gmail.com

3.1.2 missing_rate

```
PyAudit.basics.missing_rate (df\_in) calculate missing rate for each feature in the DataFrame
```

Parameters df_in - input pandas DataFrame

Returns missing rate

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
         'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
         'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate
>>> missing_rate(df)
        feature missing_rate
      0
          A
                       0.25
      1
             В
                        0.00
      2
              С
                         0.25
```

3.1.3 zero_rate

PyAudit.basics.zero_rate(*df_in*) calculate the percentage of 0 value for each feature in the DataFrame

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns zero rate

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

Email von198@gmail.com

3.1.4 feature_variance

PyAudit.basics.**feature_variance** (*df_in*) calculate the variance for each feature

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns feature variance

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

Email von198@gmail.com

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
         'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
         'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> from PyAudit.basics import zero_rate
>>> zero_rate(df)
         feature feature_variance
       0
               Α
                                1.0
                                0.5
       1
               В
               С
       2
                                1.0
```

3.1.5 freq_items_df

PyAudit.basics.freq_items_df(df_in, top_n=3)

find out the top n values and the corresponding frequency for each feature

Parameters

- **df_in** input pandas DataFrame
- top_n the number of the top values

Returns top n values and the corresponding frequency for each feature

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

3.1.6 feature_len

```
PyAudit.basics.feature_len(df_in)
```

find out the min and max length of values for each feature

Parameters df_in – input pandas DataFrame

Returns min and max length DataFrame

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

Email von198@gmail.com

```
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
         'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
>>>
         'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>>
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> print(df)
        A B
                 C
   0 1.0 1
                 а
   1 0.0 0 None
   2 NaN 0
   3 3.0 0
                 d
>>> print (feature_len(df))
   feature min_length max_length
         Α
                     3
                     1
                                 1
 1
         В
  2
         C
                     1
                                 4
```

3.2 Summary Functions

3.2.1 numeric_summary

PyAudit.basics.numeric_summary (*df_in*, output_dir, top_n=4, deciles=False) generate statistical summary for numerical DateFrame

Parameters

- **df_in** input pandas DataFrame
- **deciles** flag for percentiles style

Returns statistical summary for numerical data

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

```
>>> d = {'A': [1, 0, None, 3],
>>>
        'B': [1, 0, 0, 0],
        'C': ['a', None, 'c', 'd']}
>>>
>>> # create DataFrame
>>> df = pd.DataFrame(d)
>>> print (numeric_summary(df))
      feature data_type min_digits ... zero_rate pos_rate neg_
→rate
             float64
                                3 ... 0.333333 0.666667
   Α
           A
→ 0.0
                                3 ... 0.750000 0.250000
   В
          B int64
→ 0.0
```

3.2.2 category_summary

PyAudit.basics.category_summary (*df_in*, *output_dir*, *top_n=4*, *deciles=False*) generate statistical summary for numerical DateFrame

Parameters

- **df_in** input pandas DataFrame
- deciles flag for percentiles style

Returns statistical summary for numerical data

Author Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen

CHAPTER

FOUR

DEMOS

This is a usage of PyAudit.basics.dtypes_class():

For example:

```
>>> from PyAudit.basics import missing_rate, zero_rate, dtypes_class
>>> df = pd.read_csv('Heart.csv', dtype={'Sex': bool})
>>> (num_fields, cat_fields, bool_fields, data_types, type_class) = ...
→dtypes_class(df)
['Age', 'RestBP', 'Chol', 'Fbs', 'RestECG', 'MaxHR', 'ExAng', 'Oldpeak
→', 'Slope', 'Ca']
['ChestPain', 'Thal', 'AHD']
['Sex']
     feature
              dtypes
                int64
         Age
1
         Sex
                 bool
   ChestPain
2
              object
3
      RestBP
               int64
4
        Chol
                int64
5
               int64
         Fbs
6
     RestECG
               int64
7
                int64
       MaxHR
8
               int64
       ExAng
9
     Oldpeak float64
10
        Slope
               int64
11
          Ca float64
12
        Thal
              object
13
         AHD object
     feature
              dtypes
                          class
0
         Age
               int64
                       numeric
1
         Sex
                 bool
                           bool
2
   ChestPain
              object category
3
      RestBP
               int64
                       numeric
4
        Chol
               int64 numeric
5
         Fbs
               int64 numeric
```

(continues on next page)

```
RestECG
              int64 numeric
7
               int64 numeric
       MaxHR
8
       ExAng
              int64 numeric
9
     Oldpeak float64 numeric
10
       Slope
              int64 numeric
11
          Ca float64 numeric
12
             object category
        Thal
13
              object
         AHD
                      category
```

This is a usage of PyAudit.basics.feature_variance():

For example:

```
.,,.
   ,;;*;;;;
   .-'``;-');;.
      \d
                              .;;;,
                           ,;*;;;*;,
             \_.-') ___) --.;;;;**;;;,
             /-')<u>)</u>) <u>`</u>';;;;;;
`""`;;\
                -') `)<u></u>) |\ | ;;;;*;
  ; * ; ; ;
                ;;;;
  *;*;\|
 ;;;;/|
;;;*;/ \
;;;;;'.;
,;*;;;\/
             1/
                                  ';;;
 ;;;;;/
  '*wf*/
                                 ; *;
      \simeq 11 H H H ^{*}
                     ^{8} и и и и ^{8}
                                 ; 1
```

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MAIN REFERENCE

BIBLIOGRAPHY

[PyAudit] Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen. Python Data Audit Library API, 2019.

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```