# **SQLSourcery**

```
;; Project Design Presentation
;; Kant, Adrian
;; Murphy, Taylor

(provide
    #%project-begin
    (all-from-out cs-4620))
```

### **Summary / Motivation**

Idea: An ORM for mapping structures into a SQL database

Programmer Motivation:

- Saving functional program state without writing I/O boilerplate code
- ☐ Gives benefit of partial program execution save from interruptions

Language Format: Racket-like language behavior with added constructs

### **Language Concepts**

Programmers can load in previously saved structures, add structures to the database, modify structures, and delete structures from the database.

Language accomplishes this through:

- ☐ Underlying numeric ID's per structure that map to primary keys in db
- ☐ At runtime, structure use reference these ID's

#### Grammar

```
SQLSourceryProgram = Database (Definition | SourceryStruct | Expression)...
Database
                   = (sourcery-db String)
Definition
                   = (define Variable Expression)
                   (define (Variable Variable...) Expression)
SourceryStruct
                   = (sourcery-struct Variable [(Variable Type)...])
Expression
                   = Variable
                     Value
                     (Primitive Expression...)
                     (Variable Expression...)
                     (cond [Expression Expression]... [Expression Expression])
                     (cond [Expression Expression]... [else Expression])
```

## Scoping

# Same as BSL

# **Program Example**

(define (is-failing? u)

(define (up-grade u)

(= (user-grade u) 0))

(sourcery-map up-grade failures)

(sourcery-struct user [(name String) (grade Integer)])

(sourcery-db "path/to/database.sqlite")

(define original-users (sourcery-load user))

(define new-users (list (user-create "Matthias" 1) (user-create "Ben L" 0)))

(user-update u (user-name u) (+ 1 (user-grade u))))

(define users (append new-users original-users))

(define failures (filter is-failing? users))

(set! users (sourcery-filter is-failing? users))

;; Use existing database or create

;; loads state from db

;; User -> Boolean

;; does not update DB

;; User -> User

;; not exist

;; add two records to db

;; does not change database

;; Purpose: determine if failing

;; Purpose: updates user grade

;; Remove from db, users still ;; tracks the db structures

;; throws an error: a given user does

;; map users to db with given types

## **References and Database Mapping**

```
(define (up-grade u)
     (user-update u (user-name u) (+ 1 (user-grade u))))
(define ben (user "Ben L" 2))
;; ben - reference to database: ID: 1 - values ("Ben Lerner" 2)
(define bean (user-update ben "Bean Learner" 2))
;; ben and bean - reference to database: ID: 1 - values ("Bean Learner" 2)
(grade-up ben)
;; ben and bean - reference to database: ID: 1 - values ("Bean Learner" 3)
(grade-up bean)
;; ben and bean - reference to database: ID: 1 - values ("Bean Learner" 4)
ben
bean
;; with both print same thing - (user "Bean Learner" 4)
```

#### **Github Link**

https://github.com/adjkant/sql-sourcery