# **Recitation 15: Exam Review - Signals**

Instructor: TA(s)

### **Outline**

Proxylab
Final Exam
Signals

# **Proxylab**

### Proxylab is due Thursday (or late by Friday)

- No submissions will be accepted after Friday!
- Submit something, even if doesn't pass everything

### Worth almost a letter grade

### **Submit early**

 Autolab may compile / run differently if you have undefined behavior or race conditions

### **About Final Exam**

#### Response to laptop needs

- Everyone will need to use their own laptop for the exam
- If you need help, please fill in the Google Form ASAP
- https://forms.gle/Z6XoPLxUQ1ZhJa6k8

#### Check your exam time

- Your exam slot has been determined by the registrar by your course
- Check the schedule on
- https://www.cmu.edu/es/docs/final-exams.pdf

#### **Final Review Session**

- 5/5 7pm @ Rashid Auditorium (TBD)
- We'll post updates on Piazza

### Signals and Handling Reminders

### Signals can happen at any time

Control when through blocking signals

### Signals also communicate that events have occurred

What event(s) correspond to each signal?

### Write separate routines for receiving (i.e., signals)

What can you do / not do in a signal handler?

# **Signal Blocking**

We need to block and unblock signals. Which sequence?

```
pid t pid; sigset t mysigs, prev;
sigemptyset(&mysigs);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGCHLD);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGINT);
// need to block signals. what to use?
// A. sigprocmask(SIG BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
// B. sigprocmask(SIG SETMASK, &mysigs, &prev);
if ((pid = fork()) == 0) {
    // need to unblock signals. what to use?
    /* A. sigprocmask(SIG BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
     * B. sigprocmask(SIG UNBLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
     * C. sigprocmask(SIG SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
     * D. sigprocmask(SIG BLOCK, &prev, NULL);
     * E. sigprocmask(SIG SETMASK, &mysigs, &prev);
```

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     * D. sigprocmask(SIG BLOCK, &prev, NULL);
     * E. sigprocmask(SIG SETMASK, &mysigs, &prev);
```

### Signal Blocking cont.

Someone implemented the wrong choices. Which signals are now blocked?

```
pid_t pid; sigset_t mysigs, prev;
sigemptyset(&mysigs);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGCHLD);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGINT);

sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &mysigs, &prev);
// What is blocked?

if ((pid = fork()) == 0) {
   sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &prev, NULL);
   // What is blocked?
```

# **Signal Queuing**

### How many times is the handler invoked?

```
void handler(int sig)
{ ...}

...
sigset_t mysigs, prev;
signal(SIGUSR1, handler);
sigemptyset(&mysigs);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGUSR1);
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
kill(getpid(), SIGUSR1);
kill(getpid(), SIGUSR1);
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
```

### **Signal Delivery**

What can be printed?
When is a blocked signal delivered?

```
sigset t mysigs, prev;
sigemptyset(&mysigs);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGINT);
sigprocmask(SIG BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
pid t pid = fork();
if (pid > 0) {
    kill(pid, SIGINT);
    sigprocmask(SIG SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
    printf("A");
} else {
    kill(getppid(),SIGINT);
    sigprocmask(SIG SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
    printf("B");
```

# **Signal Delivery**

Child calls kill(parent, SIGUSR{1,2}) between 2-4 times. What sequence of kills may only print 1? Can you guarantee printing 2? What is the range of values printed?

```
int counter = 0;
void handler (int sig) {
  counter++;
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  signal(SIGUSR1, handler);
  signal(SIGUSR2, handler);
  int parent = getpid();  int child = fork();
  if (child == 0) {
    /* insert code here */
    exit(0);
  }
  sleep(1); waitpid(child, NULL, 0);
  printf("Received %d USR{1,2} signals\n", counter);
```

# **Signal Delivery**

Suppose the program is currently inside the signal handler, which signals are blocked?

```
int counter = 0;
void handler (int sig)
{
   counter++;
}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
   signal(SIGUSR1, handler);
   signal(SIGUSR2, handler);
}
```

# Final Exam Q&A