

# Longest Common Subsequence

Problem Statement

$s1 = \text{"AGGTAYB"}$   
 $s2 = \text{"GXTXAYB"}$

Expected Result = 5

Longest Common Subsequence

GTAYB = 5

TAYB

AYB

YB

B

3 3  
4  
5  
6

$s1 = 7(m)$

$s2 = 7(n)$

$s1 \rightarrow$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	G	G	T	A	Y	B

$s2 \rightarrow$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
G	X	T	X	A	Y	B

$LCs(s1, s2, m, n)$

Base case condition

if  $(m == 0 \parallel n == 0)$

return 0;

①

Exact match

if  $(s1.charAt(m-1) ==$

$s2.charAt(n-1))$

② ————— return  $1 + \text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, m-1, n-1);$

}  
else if

No Match

return  $\max(\text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, m-1, n),$

③  $\text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, m, n-1))$ ;

}



② overlapping subproblem

Time complexity  $\rightarrow O(2^{m \times n})$

$s_1 \cdot \text{length} \downarrow m$   
 $s_2 \cdot \text{length} \downarrow n$

# Recursive tree

$$\text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 7, 7) \rightarrow \underline{\underline{5}}$$

$$5 = 1 + \text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 6, 6)$$

$$4 = 1 + \text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 5, 5)$$

$$3 = 1 + \text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 4, 4)$$

$$\text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 3, 4)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 4, 3)}}$$

$$\text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 2, 4)$$

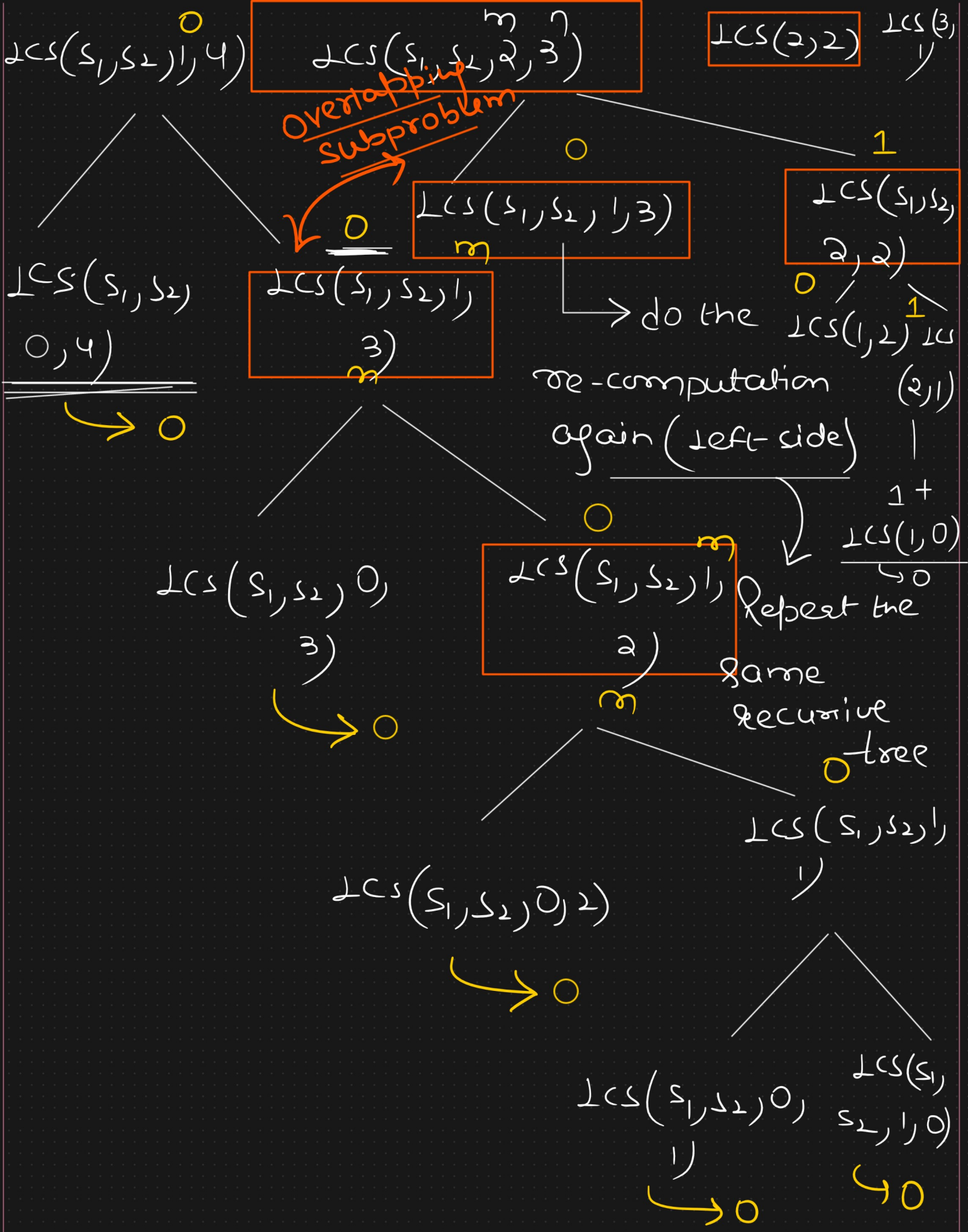
$$\text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 3, 3)$$

$$1 + \text{LCS}(2, 0)$$

$$\text{LCS}(2, 3)$$

$$\text{LCS}(3, 2)$$





$$\text{LCS}(\overbrace{s_1, s_2}^{\text{Right subtree}}, 4, 3) \Rightarrow 2$$

↓

$$1 + \text{LCS}(s_1, s_2, 3, 2)$$

↳ Re-computation  
(above subtree)

