

SRI CHANDRASEKHARENDRA SARASWATHI VISWA MAHAVIDYALAYA

(UNIVERSITY ESTABLISHED UNDER SECTION 3 OF UGC ACT 1956)

ENATHUR, KANCHIPURAM – 631 561

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING



Name : SK.MOHAMMED IRFAN

Reg. No: 11249A342

Class : II B.E. (CSE)

Course Code:

Course Name:

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BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that this is the bonafide record of work done by

Mr/Ms. SK.MOHAMMED IRFAN

with Reg. No 11249A342 _____ of II-B.E.(CSE) during the
academic year 2025 – 2026.

Station:

Date:

Staff-in-charge

Head of the Department

Submitted for the Practical examination held on _____.

Examiner-1

Examiner-2

EXP NO:01

STUDENT INFORMATION USING CLASS AND OBJECTS

DATE:22-08-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class student {
    int year, reg, m1, m2, m3;
    char name[10], dep[6];
    float total, avg, per;
public:
    void read();
    void cal();
    void display();
};

void student::read() {
    cout << "Enter name: ";
    cin >> name;
    cout << "Enter department: ";
    cin >> dep;
    cout << "Enter year and registration number: ";
    cin >> year >> reg;
    cout << "Enter marks of student: ";
    cin >> m1 >> m2 >> m3;
}

void student::cal() {
    total = m1 + m2 + m3;
```

```
    avg = total / 3;
    per = (total / 300) * 100;
}

void student::display() {
    cout << "\nName of the Student: " << name << endl;
    cout << "Department: " << dep << endl;
    cout << "Year: " << year << endl;
    cout << "Registration Number: " << reg << endl;
    cout << "Total Marks: " << total << endl;
    cout << "Percentage: " << per << "%" << endl;
    cout << "Grade: ";
    if (per >= 90)
        cout << "S";
    else if (per >= 80)
        cout << "A";
    else if (per >= 70)
        cout << "B";
    else if (per >= 60)
        cout << "C";
    else if (per >= 50)
        cout << "D";
    else
        cout << "FAIL";
}

int main() {
    student a;
    a.read();
    a.cal();
    a.display();
}
```

```
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter name: SMI

Enter department: CSE

Enter year and registration number: 2

342

Enter marks of student: 89

98

97

Name of the Student: SMI

Department: CSE

Year: 2

Registration Number: 342

Total Marks: 284

Percentage: 94.6667%

Grade: S

EXP NO:02

BOOK DETAILS USING CLASS AND OBJECTS AND DEFINING MEMBER FUNCTION OUTSIDE OF THE CLASS.

DATE:22-08-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class bookdetails
{
    int year, cost;
    char title[20], name[10];
public:
    void read();
    void display();
};

void bookdetails::read()
{
    cout << "Enter title name of the book: ";
    cin >> title;
    cout << "Enter author name of the book: ";
    cin >> name;
    cout << "Enter year of the book: ";
    cin >> year;
    cout << "Enter cost of the book: ";
    cin >> cost;
}

void bookdetails::display()
{
```

```
cout << "\nThe details of the Book are:\n";  
cout << "Title of the Book: " << title << endl;  
cout << "Author of the Book: " << name << endl;  
cout << "Publication Year: " << year << endl;  
cout << "Price of the Book: " << cost << endl;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    bookdetails a;  
    a.read();  
    a.display();  
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter title name of the book: ONCEHUMAN

Enter author name of the book: BRAVER

Enter year of the book: 1986

Enter cost of the book: 999

The details of the Book are:

Title of the Book: ONCEHUMAN

Author of the Book: BRAVER

Publication Year: 1986

Price of the Book: 999

EXP NO:03

EMPLOYEE PAYSIP USING CLASS AND OBJECTS.

DATE:29-08-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class employee
{
    int basicpay;
    char name[10];
    float da, hra, gs, tax, ns;

public:
    void read();
    void cal();
    void display();
};

void employee::read()
{
    cout << "Enter employee name: ";
    cin >> name;
    cout << "Enter basic pay: ";
    cin >> basicpay;
}

void employee::cal()
{
    da = basicpay * 0.70; // 70%
```



```

    hra = basicpay * 0.10; // 10%

    gs = basicpay + da + hra;

    tax = gs * 0.20;    // 20%

    ns = gs - tax;

}

void employee::display()

{
    cout << "\nName of the employee: " << name << endl;

    cout << "Basic Pay: " << basicpay << endl;

    cout << "DA: " << da << endl;

    cout << "HRA: " << hra << endl;

    cout << "Gross Salary: " << gs << endl;

    cout << "Tax (20%): " << tax << endl;

    cout << "Net Salary: " << ns << endl;

}

int main()

{
    employee a;

    a.read();

    a.cal();

    a.display();

    return 0;
}

```

}OUTPUT:

Enter employee name: KHAN

Enter basic pay: 100000

Name of the employee: KHAN

Basic Pay: 100000

DA: 70000

HRA: 10000

Gross Salary: 180000

Tax (20%): 36000

Net Salary: 144000

EXP NO:04

GENERATING ELECTRICITY BILL USING CLASS AND OBJECTS

DATE:29-08-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class electricity
{
    int con_num, pr, cr;
    char name[20], type[10];
    float total_units, bill_amount;
public:
    void getdata()
    {
        cout << "Enter consumer number: ";
        cin >> con_num;
        cout << "Enter consumer name: ";
        cin >> name;
        cout << "Enter previous month reading: ";
        cin >> pr;
        cout << "Enter current month reading: ";
        cin >> cr;
        cout << "Enter connection type (Domestic/Commercial): ";
        cin >> type;
    }
    void cal()
    {
```

```

total_units = cr - pr;
bill_amount = 0;
// Domestic connection
if (type[0] == 'd' || type[0] == 'D')
{
    if (total_units <= 100)
        bill_amount = total_units * 1;
    else if (total_units <= 200)
        bill_amount = 100 * 1 + (total_units - 100) * 2.5;
    else if (total_units <= 500)
        bill_amount = 100 * 1 + 100 * 2.5 + (total_units - 200) * 4;
    else
        bill_amount = 100 * 1 + 100 * 2.5 + 300 * 4 + (total_units - 500) * 6;
} else // Commercial connection
{
    if (total_units <= 100)
        bill_amount = total_units * 2;
    else if (total_units <= 200)
        bill_amount = 100 * 2 + (total_units - 100) * 4.5;
    else if (total_units <= 500)
        bill_amount = 100 * 2 + 100 * 4.5 + (total_units - 200) * 6;
    else
        bill_amount = 100 * 2 + 100 * 4.5 + 300 * 6 + (total_units - 500) * 7;
}
}

void display()
{
    cout << "\nConsumer number: " << con_num << endl;
    cout << "Consumer name: " << name << endl;
}

```

```
    cout << "Connection type: " << type << endl;
    cout << "Previous reading: " << pr << endl;
    cout << "Current reading: " << cr << endl;
    cout << "Total units consumed: " << total_units << endl;
    cout << "Total bill amount: " << bill_amount << endl;
}
};

int main()
{
    electricity e;
    e.getdata();
    e.cal();
    e.display();
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter consumer number: 1234

Enter consumer name: KHAN

Enter previous month reading: 2050

Enter current month reading: 2313

Enter connection type (Domestic/Commercial): DOMESTIC

Consumer number: 1234

Consumer name: KHAN

Connection type: DOMESTIC

Previous reading: 2050

Current reading: 2313

Total units consumed: 263

Total bill amount: 602

EXP NO:05

STUDENT INFORMATION USING CLASS AND OBJECTS FOR N STUDENTS.

DATE:05-09-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class Student {
private:
    int roll;
    string name;
    float marks;
public:
    void getData() {
        cout << "Enter Roll Number: ";
        cin >> roll;

        cout << "Enter Name: ";
        cin >> ws;      // to ignore newline
        getline(cin, name);
        cout << "Enter Marks: ";
        cin >> marks;
    }
    void displayData() {
        cout << "\nRoll Number : " << roll;
        cout << "\nName      : " << name;
        cout << "\nMarks      : " << marks;
        cout << "\n-----\n";
    }
}
```

```

};

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter number of students: ";
    cin >> n;
    Student s[n];
    cout << "\n--- Enter Student Details ---\n";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << "\nStudent " << i + 1 << ":\n";
        s[i].getData();
    }
    cout << "\n\n--- Displaying Student Details ---\n";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << "\nStudent " << i + 1 << " Details:";
        s[i].displayData();
    }
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

Enter number of students: 3

--- Enter Student Details ---

Student 1:

Enter Roll Number: 777

Enter Name: SMI

Enter Marks: 97

Student 2:

Enter Roll Number: 444

Enter Name: KHAN

Enter Marks: 98

Student 3:

Enter Roll Number: 252

Enter Name: UMER

Enter Marks: 90

--- Displaying Student Details ---

Student 1 Details:

Roll Number : 777

Name : SMI

Marks : 97

Student 2 Details:

Roll Number : 444

Name : KHAN

Marks : 98

Student 3 Details:

Roll Number : 252

Name : UMER

Marks : 90

EXP NO:06

DEMONSTRATE THE CONSTRUCTOR AND DESTRUCTOR.

DATE:05-09-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class marks
{
public:
    int maths, science;

    // constructor
    marks()
    {
        cout << "Inside constructor" << endl;
        cout << "C++ object created" << endl;
    }

    // destructor
    ~marks()
    {
        cout << "Inside destructor" << endl;
        cout << "C++ object destroyed" << endl;
    }
};

int main()
{
    marks m1;
    marks m2;
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Inside constructor

C++ object created

Inside constructor

C++ object created

Inside destructor

C++ object destroyed

Inside destructor

C++ object destroyed

EXP NO:07

IMPLEMENT CONSTRUCTOR OVERLOADING.

DATE:12-09-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class sample
{
    int n;
public:
    // default constructor
    sample()
    {
        n = 0;
    }
    // parameterized constructor
    sample(int a)
    {
        n = a;
    }
    // copy constructor
    sample(sample &x)
    {
        n = x.n;
    }
    void display()
    {
        cout << n << endl;
```

```
    }  
};  
  
int main()  
{  
    sample a(100); // calls parameterized constructor  
    sample b(a);   // calls copy constructor  
    sample c = a;  // also calls copy constructor  
    sample d;      // default constructor  
    d = a;         // assignment operator (NOT copy constructor)  
    a.display();  
    b.display();  
    c.display();  
    d.display();  
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

100

100

100

100

EXP NO:08

IMPLEMENT OBJECT AS FUNCTION ARGUMENTS.

DATE:12-09-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class Number {
private:
    int value;
public:
    // Constructor
    Number(int v = 0) {
        value = v;
    }

    // Function to display value
    void display() {
        cout << "Value: " << value << endl;
    }

    // Function that takes an object as argument
    void add(Number n) { // object passed as argument
        cout << "Sum = " << value + n.value << endl;
    }
};

int main() {
    Number n1(10);
    Number n2(20);
    cout << "Object n1: ";
    n1.display();
```

```
cout << "Object n2: ";  
n2.display();  
cout << "\nPassing object n2 to n1.add() function:\n";  
n1.add(n2);  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Object n1: Value: 10

Object n2: Value: 20

Passing object n2 to n1.add() function:

Sum = 30

EXP NO:09

DEMONSTRATE FUNCTION OVERLOADING.

DATE:19-09-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

// Function to add two integers
int add(int a, int b)
{
    return a + b;
}

// Function to add three integers
int add(int a, int b, int c)
{
    return a + b + c;
}

// Function to add two double values
double add(double a, double b)
{
    return a + b;
}

int main()
{
    cout << "Addition of two integers: " << add(5, 10) << endl;
    cout << "Addition of three integers: " << add(5, 10, 15) << endl;
    cout << "Addition of two doubles: " << add(3.5, 2.7) << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Addition of two integers: 15

Addition of three integers: 30

Addition of two doubles: 6.2

EXP NO: 10

INLINE FUNCTION

DATE:19-09-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
inline int add(int a, int b)
```

```
{  
    return (a + b);
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{  
    int result = add(5, 10); // Missing semicolon fixed  
    cout << "The result is " << result; // Fixed quotes  
    return 0; // 'o' replaced with 0
```

}OUTPUT:

The result is 15

EXP NO:11

STATIC DATA MEMBERS AND STATIC MEMBER FUNCTION

DATE:19-09-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class A
{
public:
    static int a, b;
    static int add(int, int);
};

int A::a;
int A::b;
int A::add(int a, int b)
{
    return (a + b);
}

int main()
{
    int res;
    res = A::add(30, 40); // correct syntax
    cout << res;
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

70

EXP NO:12

DEMONSTRATE THE USE OF MANIPULATORS

DATE:03-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    cout << "This is first line" << endl;
    cout << "This is second line" << endl;
    cout << 123 << endl;
    cout << setw(3) << 10 << endl;
    cout << setprecision(3) << sqrt(3) << endl;
    cout << setw(5) << 10;
    cout << setw(5) << 257 << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
This is first line
This is second line
123
10
1.73
10 257
```

EXP NO:13

IMPLEMENTATION OF UNARY OPERATOR OVERLOADING.

DATE:03-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class Sample {
```

```
private:
```

```
    int x, y;
```

```
public:
```

```
    Sample(int a, int b) {
```

```
        x = a;
```

```
        y = b;
```

```
    }
```

```
// Overload unary minus
```

```
void operator - () {
```

```
    x = -x;
```

```
    y = -y;
```

```
}
```

```
void display() {
```

```
    cout << "x = " << x << ", y = " << y << endl;
```

```
}
```

```
};
```

```
int main() {  
    Sample s(5, -7);  
  
    cout << "Before applying unary - :" << endl;  
    s.display();  
  
    -s; // Calls operator-()  
  
    cout << "After applying unary - :" << endl;  
    s.display();  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Before applying unary - :

x = 5, y = -7

After applying unary - :

x = -5, y = 7

EXP NO:14

IMPLEMENTATION OF FRIEND FUNCTION.

DATE:10-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class sample {
    int a, b;
public:
    void setvalue() {
        cout << "Enter value of a: ";
        cin >> a;
        cout << "Enter value of b: ";
        cin >> b;
    }
    friend float mean(sample s);
};

float mean(sample s) {
    return float(s.a + s.b) / 2.0;
}

int main() {
    sample x;
    x.setvalue();
    cout << "Mean value is: " << mean(x);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter value of a: 10

Enter value of b: 20

Mean value is: 15

EXP NO:15

IMPLEMENTATION OF BINARY OPERATOR OVERLOADING.

DATE:10-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class Complex
{
private:
    float real, imag;
public:
    // Constructor
    Complex(float r = 0, float i = 0)
    {
        real = r;
        imag = i;
    }
    // Overloading the + operator
    Complex operator + (const Complex &obj)
    {
        Complex temp;
        temp.real = real + obj.real;
        temp.imag = imag + obj.imag;
        return temp;
    }

    // Function to display result
    void display()
```

```
{  
    cout << real << " + " << imag << "i" << endl;  
}  
};  
  
int main() {  
    Complex c1(3.2, 5.4);  
    Complex c2(2.1, 3.6);  
    Complex c3 = c1 + c2; // Calls operator+  
    cout << "Result of addition: ";  
    c3.display();  
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Result of addition: 5.3 + 9i

EXP NO:16

IMPLEMENTATION OF STRING CONCATENATION USING BINARY OVERLOADING (+).

DATE:17-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
#include <cstring>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class MyString {
```

```
private:
```

```
    char str[100];
```

```
public:
```

```
    // Constructor
```

```
    MyString(const char s[] = "") {
```

```
        strcpy(str, s);
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Overloading + operator
```

```
    MyString operator + (const MyString &obj) {
```

```
        MyString temp;
```

```
        strcpy(temp.str, str);    // Copy first string
```

```
        strcat(temp.str, obj.str); // Concatenate second string
```

```
        return temp;
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Display function
```

```
    void display() {
```

```
        cout << str;

    }

};

int main() {

    MyString s1("Hello ");
    MyString s2("World!");
    MyString s3 = s1 + s2; // String concatenation using + operator

    cout << "Concatenated String: ";
    s3.display();

    return 0;
```

}OUTPUT:

Concatenated String: Hello World!

EXP NO:17

DEMONSTRATE SINGLE INHERITANCE.

DATE:17-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class student
{
private:
    char name[20];
    int rno;
public:
    void getstudent()
    {
        cout << "Enter name of the student = ";
        cin >> name;
        cout << "Enter roll number of the student = ";
        cin >> rno;
    }
    void displaystudent()
    {
        cout << "Name of the student = " << name;
        cout << "\nRoll number of the student = " << rno;
    }
}; // class terminated

class address : public student
{
private:
    char city[20];
```

public:

```
void getaddress()
{
    getstudent();
    cout << "Enter city = ";
    cin >> city;
}

void displayaddress()
{
    displaystudent();
    cout << "\nCity = " << city;
}

};

int main()
{
    address a1;
    a1.getaddress();
    cout << "\n\n--- Student Details ---\n";
    a1.displayaddress();
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter name of the student = SMI
Enter roll number of the student = 342
Enter city = RENIGUNTA
--- Student Details ---
Name of the student = SMI
Roll number of the student = 342
City = RENIGUNTA

EXP NO:18

DEMONSTRATE MULTILEVEL INHERITANCE.

DATE:24-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class student
{
private:
    char name[20];
    int rno;
public:
    void getstudent()
    {
        cout << "Enter name of the student = ";
        cin >> name;
        cout << "Enter roll number of the student = ";
        cin >> rno;
    }
    void displaystudent()
    {
        cout << "Name of the student = " << name;
        cout << "\nRoll number of the student = " << rno;
    }
};

class address
{
private:
    char city[20];
```

public:

void getaddress()

```
{  
    cout << "Enter city = ";  
    cin >> city;  
}
```

void displayaddress()

```
{  
    cout << "\nCity = " << city;  
}
```

};

class account : public student, public address

{

private:

int tfree, submit, balance;

public:

void getaccount()

```
{  
    getstudent();  
    getaddress();  
    cout << "Enter total fee = ";  
    cin >> tfree;  
    cout << "Enter submitted fee = ";  
    cin >> submit;  
    balance = tfree - submit;  
}
```

void displayaccount()

```
{  
    cout << "\n\n--- Student Full Details ---\n";
```

```
displaystudent();  
displayaddress();  
cout << "\nTotal fee = " << tfee;  
cout << "\nSubmitted fee = " << submit;  
cout << "\nBalance fee = " << balance;  
}  
};  
int main()  
{  
    account a1;  
    a1.getaccount();  
    a1.displayaccount();  
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter name of the student = SMI

Enter roll number of the student = 342

Enter city = RENIGUNTA

Enter total fee = 100000

Enter submitted fee = 100000

--- Student Full Details ---

Name of the student = SMI

Roll number of the student = 342

City = RENIGUNTA

Total fee = 100000

Submitted fee = 100000

Balance fee = 0

EXP NO:19

DEMONSTRATE MULTILEVEL INHERITANCE.

DATE:24-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class student
```

```
{
```

```
private:
```

```
    char name[20];
```

```
    int rno;
```

```
public:
```

```
    void getstudent()
```

```
{
```

```
        cout << "Enter name of the student = ";
```

```
        cin >> name;
```

```
        cout << "Enter roll number of the student = ";
```

```
        cin >> rno;
```

```
}
```

```
    void displaystudent()
```

```
{
```

```
        cout << "Name of the student = " << name;
```

```
        cout << "\nRoll number of the student = " << rno;
```

```
}
```

```
};
```



```
class test : public student
```

```
{
```

```
protected:
```

```
    int math, eng, sci;
```

```
public:
```

```
    void gettest()
```

```
{
```

```
    getstudent();
```

```
    cout << "Enter math marks = ";
```

```
    cin >> math;
```

```
    cout << "Enter english marks = ";
```

```
    cin >> eng;
```

```
    cout << "Enter science marks = ";
```

```
    cin >> sci;
```

```
}
```

```
    void displaytest()
```

```
{
```

```
    displaystudent();
```

```
    cout << "\nMath marks = " << math;
```

```
    cout << "\nEnglish marks = " << eng;
```

```
    cout << "\nScience marks = " << sci;
```

```
}
```

```
};
```

```
class result : public test
```

```
{
```

```
private:
```

```
int total;
```

```
float avg;
```

```
public:
```

```
void getresult()
```

```
{
```

```
    gettest();
```

```
    total = math + eng + sci;
```

```
    avg = total / 3.0;
```

```
}
```

```
void displayresult()
```

```
{
```

```
    displaytest();
```

```
    cout << "\nTotal marks = " << total;
```

```
    cout << "\nAverage marks = " << avg;
```

```
}
```

```
};
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    result r1;
```

```
    r1.getresult();
```

```
    cout << "\n\n--- RESULT DETAILS ---\n";
```

```
    r1.displayresult();
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter name of the student = SMI

Enter roll number of the student = 342

Enter math marks = 98

Enter english marks = 99

Enter science marks = 96

--- RESULT DETAILS ---

Name of the student = SMI

Roll number of the student = 342

Math marks = 98

English marks = 99

Science marks = 96

Total marks = 293

Average marks = 97.6667

EXP NO:20

IMPLEMENTATION OF MEMORY MANAGEMENT OPERATOR

DATE:31-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    // Allocate memory for a single integer
```

```
    int *a = new int;
```

```
    *a = 10;
```

```
    cout << "Value of a: " << *a << endl;
```

```
    // Deallocate the memory
```

```
    delete a;
```

```
    // Allocate memory for an array of integers
```

```
    int *arr = new int[5];
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
```

```
        arr[i] = i * 2;
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Deallocate the array memory
```

```
    delete[] arr;
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

Value of a: 10

EXP NO:21

IMPLEMENTATION OF VIRTUAL FUNCTION.

DATE:31-10-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class A
{
public:
    virtual void display()
    {
        cout << "Base class is invoked" << endl;
    }
};

class B : public A
{
public:
    void display()
    {
        cout << "Derived Class is invoked" << endl;
    }
};

int main()
{
    A* a; // Pointer of base class
    B b;  // Object of derived class
    a = &b; // Base pointer holds address of derived object
    a->display(); // Late Binding / Runtime Polymorphism
    return 0;
```

}OUTPUT:

Derived Class is invoked

EXP NO:22

IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS POINTER

DATE:07-11-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class num
```

```
{
```

```
    int a, b;
```

```
public:
```

```
    num(int x, int y)
```

```
{
```

```
    a = x;
```

```
    b = y;
```

```
}
```

```
void display()
```

```
{
```

```
    cout << "a = " << a << " and b = " << b << endl;
```

```
}
```

```
    num add(num);
```

```
};
```

```
// Definition of add()
```

```
num num::add(num x)
```

```
{
```

```
a = a + x.a;
b = b + x.b;
return *this; // return updated object
}

int main()
{
    num obj1(1, 2), obj2(3, 4);

    obj1.display();
    obj2.display();

    obj1.add(obj2); // Add obj2 values to obj1
    obj1.display();

    return 0;
```

}OUTPUT:

a = 1 and b = 2

a = 3 and b = 4

a = 4 and b = 6

EXP NO:23a

DEMONSTRATE THE FUNCTION TEMPLATE.

DATE: 07-11-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
template<typename T>
```

```
T sum(T n1, T n2) {
```

```
    return n1 + n2;
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int a = 10, b = 20, c;
```

```
    long l = 11, j = 22, k;
```

```
    c = sum(a, b);
```

```
    cout << "Sum of integer values: " << c << endl;
```

```
    k = sum(l, j);
```

```
    cout << "Sum of long values: " << k << endl;
```

```
    return 0;
```

}OUTPUT:

Sum of integer values: 30

Sum of long values: 33

EXP NO:23b

DEMONSTRATE CLASS TEMPLATE

DATE: 07-11-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

template<class T>
class addition {
public:
    T add(T n1, T n2);
};

template<class T>
T addition<T>::add(T n1, T n2) {
    return n1 + n2;
}

int main() {
    addition<int> obj1;
    addition<long> obj2;
    int a = 10, b = 20, c;
    long l = 11, j = 22, k;
    c = obj1.add(a, b);
    cout << "Sum of integers: " << c << endl;
    k = obj2.add(l, j);
    cout << "Sum of long values: " << k << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Sum of integers: 30

Sum of long values: 33

EXP NO:24

EXCEPTION HANDLING

DATE: 07-11-2025

PROGRAM:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int a = 10, b = 0;

    try {
        if (b == 0)
            throw "Division by zero not allowed!"; // throwing an exception

        cout << "Result: " << a / b << endl;
    }
    catch (const char* msg) { // catching the exception
        cout << "Error: " << msg << endl;
    }

    cout << "Program continues..." << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

ERROR!

Error: Division by zero not allowed!

Program continues...