

# JUnit 5 Release Notes

Stefan Bechtold, Sam Brannen, Johannes Link, Matthias Merdes, Marc Philipp,  
Christian Stein

Version 5.3.0-SNAPSHOT

# Table of Contents

- 5.3.0 ..... 1
  - JUnit Platform ..... 1
  - JUnit Jupiter ..... 3
  - JUnit Vintage ..... 5
- 5.2.0 ..... 5

This document contains the *change log* for all JUnit 5 releases since 5.2 GA.

Please refer to the [User Guide](#) for comprehensive reference documentation for programmers writing tests, extension authors, and engine authors as well as build tool and IDE vendors.

## 5.3.0

**Date of Release:** September 3, 2018

**Scope:** Parallel test execution, output capturing for `System.out` and `System.err`, new `TestInstanceFactory` extension API, custom test sources for dynamic tests, promotion of the dynamic test API from *experimental* to *maintained* status, discontinuation of the `junit-platform-gradle-plugin`, deprecation of the (`junit-platform-surefire-provider`), as well as various minor improvements and bug fixes.

For a complete list of all *closed* issues and pull requests for this release, consult the [5.3 M1](#), [5.3 RC1](#), and [5.3 GA](#) milestone pages in the JUnit repository on GitHub.

## JUnit Platform

### Bug Fixes

- The full stacktrace is now printed to the console when running the `ConsoleLauncher` in `--details verbose` mode.
- `ReflectionUtils.findNestedClasses()` and `ReflectionSupport.findNestedClasses()` no longer allow a `NoClassDefFoundError` to propagate if a nested class or nested interface has an invalid class file. Instead, the error will now be swallowed and logged at `WARNING` level.
- All `DiscoverySelector` implementations (e.g., `PackageSelector`, `ClassSelector`, `MethodSelector`, etc.) now implement `equals()` and `hashCode()` for proper behavior when stored in collections.
- `ClassSource` has been revised so that `equals()` and `hashCode()` are now properly based on the required *class name* instead of the optional `Class` reference. In addition, the non-blank precondition for a class name is now enforced.

### Deprecations and Breaking Changes

- The `junit-platform-gradle-plugin` has been discontinued and is no longer released as part of JUnit 5. Please use [Gradle's native support](#) for running tests on the JUnit Platform (requires Gradle 4.6 or higher) instead.
- The JUnit Platform Surefire Provider (`junit-platform-surefire-provider`) is now deprecated in favor of the native support for the JUnit Platform provided by Maven Surefire 2.22.0 and later versions.
- The JUnit Platform `Launcher` now enforces that only `TestEngine` implementations published by the JUnit Team may use the `junit-` prefix for their `TestEngine` IDs.
  - See the [User Guide](#) for details.

- The `findAnnotation()` methods in `AnnotationSupport` and `AnnotationUtils` no longer cache annotation lookups. Note, however, that the algorithm remains otherwise unmodified and is therefore semantically identical to the previous behavior.

## New Features and Improvements

- Reusable support for parallel test execution for test engines that extend `HierarchicalTestEngine`.
  - `HierarchicalTestEngine` implementations may now specify a `HierarchicalTestExecutorService`.
  - By default, a `SameThreadHierarchicalTestExecutorService` is used.
  - Test engines may use `ForkJoinPoolHierarchicalTestExecutorService` to support parallel test execution based on Java's Fork/Join framework.
  - `Node` implementations may provide a set of `ExclusiveResources` and an `ExecutionMode` to be used by `ForkJoinPoolHierarchicalTestExecutorService`.
- Experimental support for capturing output printed to `System.out` and `System.err` during test execution.
  - This feature is disabled by default but can be enabled using a configuration parameter (see the [User Guide](#) for details).
  - If the new experimental feature is enabled, output captured for `System.out` and `System.err` will be written to the dedicated `system-out` and `system-err` elements, respectively, in the XML report generated by the `ConsoleLauncher`.
- New `UriSource.from(URI)` static factory method that allows a `TestSource` to be created from a `URI`. If the `URI` references a file or directory in the local filesystem, a `FileSource` or `DirectorySource` will be created; otherwise, an instance of the default `UriSource` implementation will be created.
- New `MethodSource.from(Class, Method)` static factory method for creating a `MethodSource` from a specific class and method. This method should be used in favor of `MethodSource.from(Method)` when the test method is inherited from a superclass or present as an interface `default` method.
- A `ClasspathResourceSource` can now be created from a `URI` via the new `from(URI)` static factory method if the `URI` uses the `classpath` scheme.
- New overloaded variant of `isAnnotated()` in `AnnotationSupport` that accepts `Optional<? extends AnnotatedElement>` instead of `AnnotatedElement`.
- New `LauncherConfig` and associated *builder* for configuring the `LauncherFactory`. Specifically, auto-registration of test engines and test execution listeners can now be disabled, and additional engines and listeners can be registered programmatically.
- New `--fail-if-no-tests` command-line option for the `ConsoleLauncher`.
  - When this option is enabled and no tests are discovered, the launcher will fail and exit with a status code of 2.
- The `ConsoleLauncher` now uses the `picocli` library under the hood to parse the command line and generate usage help.
  - Users may now pass command-line arguments via an argument file (`@-file`) to the console launcher. Argument files allow users to work around system limitations on the length of a command line when creating a command line with lots of options or with long arguments

for options.

- The usage help is now displayed using ANSI colors on supported platforms.

## JUnit Jupiter

### Bug Fixes

- When using `@TestInstance(Lifecycle.PER_CLASS)` semantics, registered `AfterAllCallback` extensions are no longer invoked if an exception is thrown by the test class constructor. Consequently, `AfterAllCallback` extensions are now only invoked if `BeforeAllCallback` extensions are invoked.
- Exceptions thrown in `@After` and `@AfterAll` lifecycle methods now take precedence over violated assumptions (i.e. `TestAbortedExceptions`) in test or prior lifecycle methods.
- The `MethodSource` for an *inherited* `@Test` method now correctly references the *current* test class instead of the class or interface in which the `@Test` method is *declared*. This allows build tools such as Maven Surefire to properly include inherited `@Test` methods when executing a single test class or specific test classes based on filters—for example, via `mvn test -Dtest=SubclassTests`).
- Test discovery no longer halts prematurely if a nested class or nested interface in a test class has an invalid class file.
- Certain categories of errors encountered during the test discovery phase no longer cause JUnit Jupiter to prematurely abort the entire discovery process.
  - Such errors are now logged, thereby enabling JUnit Jupiter to discover and execute as many tests as possible while still informing the user of containers and tests that could not be properly discovered.

### Bug Fixes since 5.3 RC1

- The `junit-jupiter-params` JAR file was missing the required Kotlin metadata for the `getAs<Class>(index)` Kotlin extension method. The underlying packaging issue has been solved, and the extension method has been renamed to `get<Class>(index)` as originally intended in 5.3.0-M1.
- `TestInstanceFactory` extensions are properly *inherited* within `@Nested` test class hierarchies.

### Breaking Changes since 5.3 RC1

- `@Nested` test classes can no longer *override* `TestInstanceFactory` extensions registered on an *enclosing* class. This aligns with the behavior for `TestInstanceFactory` extensions registered within a conventional test class hierarchy.

### New Features and Improvements

- Experimental support for parallel test execution. By default, tests are still executed sequentially, but parallelism can be enabled using a configuration parameter (please refer to the [User Guide](#) for examples and configuration options).

- New `assertThrows` methods in `Assertions` provide a more specific failure message if the supplied lambda expression or method reference returns a result instead of throwing an exception.
- Generation of a detailed failure message for a failed assertion no longer fails if the `toString()` implementation of an object supplied to the assertion throws an exception. Instead, the object with the broken `toString()` implementation will be referenced via a default String representation based on the object's fully qualified class name and system hash code, separated by an `@` symbol.
- Although it is *highly discouraged*, it is now possible to extend the `org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions` and `org.junit.jupiter.api.Assumptions` classes for special use cases.
- New `publishEntry(String)` method in `TestReporter` that makes it easier to publish a report entry based solely on a *value* without requiring that a *key* be specified (as is required by the existing `publishEntry()` variants).
- New support for the IBM AIX operating system in `@EnabledOnOs` and `@DisabledOnOs`.
- The dynamic test API has been promoted from *experimental* to *maintained* status. This affects the `@TestFactory` annotation as well as the `DynamicTest`, `DynamicContainer`, and `DynamicNode` types in the `org.junit.jupiter.api` package.
- New support for supplying a custom test source `URI` when creating a dynamic container or test.
  - A custom test source `URI` for a dynamic container or dynamic test will be registered as a `ClasspathResourceSource` if the `URI` uses the `classpath` scheme; otherwise, such a `URI` will be registered as a `FileSource`, `DirectorySource`, or `UriSource` as appropriate.
  - See the new factory methods `dynamicContainer(String, URI, ...)` in `DynamicContainer` and `dynamicTest(String, URI, Executable)` in `DynamicTest` for details.
- New `{displayName}` placeholder for the `name` attribute in `@ParameterizedTest` that allows developers to include the display name of the `@ParameterizedTest` method in a custom display name for invocations of that parameterized test.
  - This aligns with the existing `{displayName}` placeholder support for `@RepeatedTest`.
- Generation of the display name for a `@ParameterizedTest` no longer fails if the `toString()` implementation of an argument for the parameterized test throws an exception. Instead, the object with the broken `toString()` implementation will be referenced via a default String representation based on the object's fully qualified class name and system hash code, separated by an `@` symbol.
- Implicit argument conversion for parameterized tests can now convert strings such as `"java.lang.Integer"`, `"long"`, and `"byte[]"` to `Class` instances.
- New `arguments()` static factory method in the `Arguments` interface that serves as an *alias* for `Arguments.of()`. `arguments()` is intended to be used via `import static`.
- New `get<Class>(index)` Kotlin extension method to make `ArgumentsAccessor` friendlier to use from Kotlin.
- `ArgumentConverters` and `ArgumentsAggregators` registered using `@ConvertWith` and `@AggregateWith`, respectively, are now only instantiated once per `@ParameterizedTest` instead of once for each invocation.

- Performance improvements for executing parameterized tests, particularly when the method declares more than a few parameters.
- New `TestInstanceFactory` extension API that enables custom creation of test class instances.
  - See [Test Instance Factories](#) in the User Guide for details.

## JUnit Vintage

### Bug Fixes

- The `MethodSource` for an *inherited* `@Test` method now correctly references the *current* test class instead of the class or interface in which the `@Test` method is *declared*. This allows build tools such as Maven Surefire to properly include inherited `@Test` methods when executing a single test class or specific test classes based on filters—for example, via `mvn test -Dtest=SubclassTests`).

### New Features and Improvements

- The `VintageTestEngine` now uses the *simple name* of a test class as the display name instead of the *fully qualified class name*. This aligns with the behavior of the `JupiterTestEngine`.

## 5.2.0

**Date of Release:** April 29, 2018

**Scope:** JUnit BOM, support for Maven Surefire 2.21.0 allowing builds with Java 9 and Java 10, *argument aggregation* and *widening primitive conversion* for arguments in parameterized tests, external factory methods for `@MethodSource`, as well as various minor improvements and bug fixes.

For complete details consult the [5.2.0 Release Notes](#) online.