

GPIO Driver Sample Code Reference Guide

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Support Chips:

ISD9160

Support Platforms:

NuvotonPlatform_Keil

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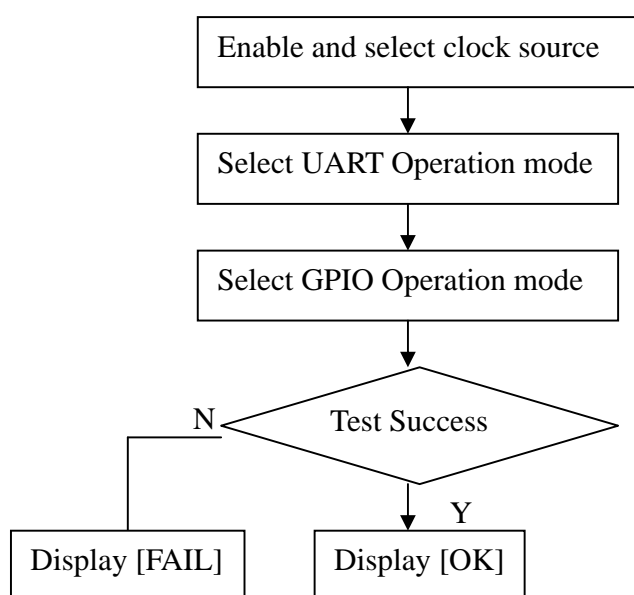
1. GPIO Driver Introduction

This sample code will demo GPIO IP on ISD9160 chip.

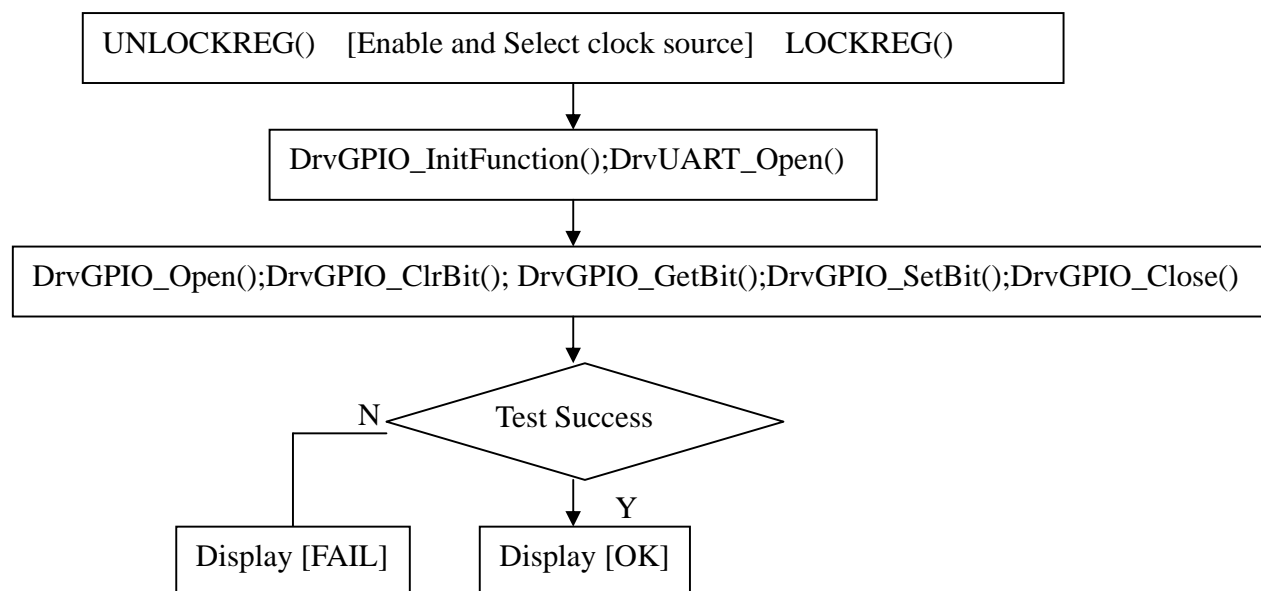
1.1 Feature

Up to 24 General Purpose I/O pins are available on the ISD91xx series. These are shared peripheral special function pins under control of the alternate configuration registers. These 24 pins are arranged in 2 ports named with GPIOA, and GPIOB. GPIOA has sixteen pins and GPIOB has eight. Each one of the 24 pins is independent and has corresponding register bits to control the pin mode function and data.

2. Block Diagram



3. Calling Sequence



4. Code Section –Smpl_DrvGPIO.c

```

/*-----*/
/*
*/
/* Copyright(c) 2011 Nuvoton Technology Corp. All rights reserved.
*/
/*
*/
/*-----*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "Driver\DrvGPIO.h"
#include "Driver\DrvUART.h"
#include "Driver\DrvSYS.h"
/*-----*/
/* MAIN function
*/
/*-----*/
int main (void)
{
    STR_UART_T param;
    int32_t i32Err;

    /* Step 1. Enable and Select clock source*/
    UNLOCKREG();
    SYSCLK->PWRCON.OSC49M_EN = 1;
    SYSCLK->PWRCON.OSC10K_EN = 1;
    SYSCLK->PWRCON.XTL32K_EN = 1;
    SYSCLK->CLKSEL0.STCLK_S = 3; //Use internal HCLK

    // SYSCLK->CLKSEL0.HCLK_S = 0; /* Select HCLK source as 48MHz */
    SYSCLK->CLKSEL0.HCLK_S = 1; /* Select HCLK source as 32KHz */
    SYSCLK->CLKDIV.HCLK_N = 0; /* Select no division */
    SYSCLK->CLKSEL0.OSCFSel = 0; /* 1= 32MHz, 0=48MHz */
    LOCKREG();

    /* Step 2. Select UART Operation mode */
    DrvGPIO_InitFunction(FUNC_UART0);
    // param.u32BaudRate = 115200;
    param.u32BaudRate = 2400;
    param.u8cDataBits = DRVUART_DATABITS_8;
    param.u8cStopBits = DRVUART_STOPBITS_1;
    param.u8cParity = DRVUART_PARITY_NONE;
    param.u8cRxTriggerLevel = DRVUART_FIFO_1BYTES;
    param.u8TimeOut = 0;

```

```

DrvUART_Open(UART_PORT0, &param);

printf("\n\n");
printf("-----+\n");
printf("|                                GPIO Driver Sample Code                                |\n");
printf("-----+\n");

/*-----*/
/* Basic Setting */
/*-----*/

/*-----*/
/* Configure Bit0 in GPIOA to Output pin and Bit1 in GPIOA to Input pin then close it*/
/*-----*/

printf("  >> Please connect GPA0 and GPA1 first <<\n");

/* Step 3. Select GPIO Operation mode */
DrvGPIO_Open(GPA,0, IO_OUTPUT);
DrvGPIO_Open(GPA,1, IO_INPUT);

DrvGPIO_ClrBit(GPA,0);

i32Err = 0;
printf("  GPIO Input(GPA[1])/Output(GPA[0]) test ..... ");

if(DrvGPIO_GetBit(GPA,1)!=0)
{
    i32Err = 1;
}
DrvGPIO_SetBit(GPA,0);
if(DrvGPIO_GetBit(GPA,1)!=1)
{
    i32Err = 1;
}

DrvGPIO_Close(GPA,0);
DrvGPIO_Close(GPA,1);

if(i32Err)
{
    printf("[FAIL]\n");
    printf("\n  (Please make sure GPA0 and GPA1 are connected)\n");
}
else
{
    printf("[OK]\n");
}

```


5. Execution Environment Setup and Result

- Prepare a ISD9160 board.
- Compile the sample code.
- Connect GPA0 and GPA1.
- If the setting is right, the terminal will display [OK] not [FAIL].

6. Revision History

Version	Date	Description
V1.00.01	Sep. 2011	Created