

Cryptography Principles

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HIT/CST/NIS

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Purposes

- Learn what the rigorous information security is
- Learn how to secure information rigorously
- Learn how mathematics interplays with engineering

Cryptography is:

- A tremendous tool
- The basis for many security mechanisms
- Secure communication:
 - web traffic: HTTPS (SSL/TLS)
 - wireless traffic: 802.11i WPA2 (and WEP), GSM, Bluetooth
 - encrypting files on disk: EFS, TrueCrypt
 - content protection: DVD (CSS), Blu-ray (AACs)
 - user authentication

Cryptography is **NOT**:

- The solution to all security problems
- Reliable unless implemented and used properly
- Something you should try to invent yourself

- Classic cryptography, Perfect Secrets
- Private Key Encryption, MAC, Block Cipher, OWF
- Number Theory, Factoring and Discrete Log
- Key Management, Public Key, Digital Signature
- TPD, Random Oracle Model
- Cryptographic Protocols (Many magics here)

- **Introduction to Modern Cryptography**, *Jonathan Katz and Yehuda Lindell*, Chapman & Hall/CRC. (Eng & Chi.)
- Stanford Dan Boneh's Cryptography @Coursera
- Slides: <https://github.com/YuZhang/crypto2014>

- Composition:
 - Homework ($6 \times 5 = 30\%$)
 - Final Exam (70%)
- How to score high:
 - Read the textbook IMC
 - Do homework by yourself
 - **No Plagiarism!** Otherwise, -5 point each time.

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