

Assignment 4: Indexing and Query Processing (Spring 2019)

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Name: _____ Student ID: _____ Grade: _____

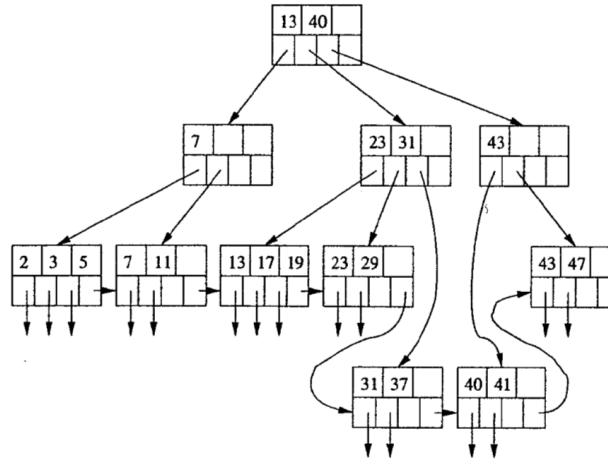
Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
Score								

Notes

- Print the assignment on A4 paper and answer the questions.
- Assignment due date: May 18/19, 2019 (the 2nd lab).

Questions

1. (20 Points) We have a B+-tree depicted as follows.



Complete the following operations on the tree.

- (a) (10 Points) Insert a tuple with search key 12. Describe the insertion process and draw the B+-tree obtained after the insertion.
 - (b) (10 Points) Delete the tuple with search key 40. Describe the deletion process and draw the B+-tree obtained after the deletion.
2. (10 Points) Design a one-pass algorithm to implement the group-by operation $\gamma_{A;sum(B)}(R)$ and analyze the I/O cost and memory requirement of the algorithm.
3. (10 Points) Design a hash-based algorithm to implement the group-by operation $\gamma_{A;sum(B)}(R)$ and analyze the I/O cost and memory requirement of the algorithm.

4. (10 Points) Design a sort-based algorithm to implement the group-by operation $\gamma_{A;sum(B)}(R)$ and analyze the I/O cost and memory requirement of the algorithm.
5. (10 Points) Suppose there is a covering index on attributes A and B for relation R . Design an algorithm to implement the group-by operation $\gamma_{A;sum(B)}(R)$, which utilizes the covering index. Analyze the I/O cost and memory requirement of the algorithm.
6. (20 Points) We are given the statistics of 4 relations $W(a, b)$, $X(b, c)$, $Y(c, d)$, and $Z(d, e)$.

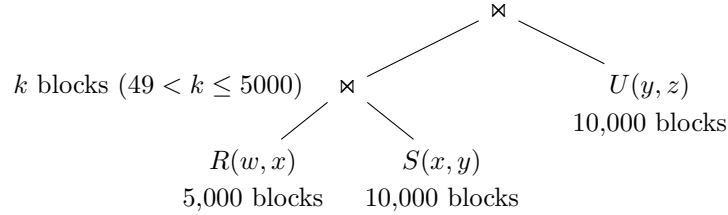
$W(a, b)$	$X(b, c)$	$Y(c, d)$	$Z(d, e)$
$T(W) = 100$	$T(X) = 200$	$T(Y) = 300$	$T(Z) = 400$
$V(W, a) = 20$	$V(X, b) = 50$	$V(Y, c) = 50$	$V(Z, d) = 40$
$V(W, b) = 60$	$V(X, c) = 100$	$V(Y, d) = 50$	$V(Z, e) = 100$

- (a) (5 Points) Estimate the cost of the following relational-algebra expression

$$\Pi_{b,c,d,e}(\sigma_{a=10 \wedge e > 0}(W \bowtie X \bowtie Y \bowtie Z)).$$
- (b) (5 Points) Transform the expression to an equivalent one that has lower estimated cost and give the estimated cost.
- (c) (10 Points) Determine the best order for evaluating $W \bowtie X \bowtie Y$, using left-deep join trees only.
7. (20 Points) Consider the following relational-algebra expression. The input relations $R(w, x)$, $S(x, y)$, and $U(y, z)$ are stored on disk in 5,000, 10,000, and 10,000 blocks, respectively. We are going to execute this expression using the following execution plan:

- The operation $R \bowtie S$ is executed using the hash-join algorithm.
- The join operation on $(R \bowtie S)$ and U is executed using the nested-loop join algorithm.
- The tuples in $R \bowtie S$ are pipelined to the join operation on $(R \bowtie S)$ and U .

Suppose there are $M = 101$ blocks in the buffer pool available for executing the expression, and the tuples in $R \bowtie S$ occupy k blocks, where $49 < k \leq 5000$.



Answer the following questions.

- (a) (10 Points) How many times has relation U been scanned during the execution of $(R \bowtie S) \bowtie U$?
- (b) (10 Points) Analyze the I/O cost for executing the expression according to the given plan.

Answers