

## 消息摘要算法示例（python 和 go）

常用的消息摘要算法有 MD5 和 SHA，这些算法在 python 和 go 的库中都有，需要时调用下就 OK 了，这里总结下 python 和 go 的实现。

### 一、python 消息摘要示例

代码如下：

```
#!/usr/bin/python
'''
    File       : testHash.py
    Author      : Mike
    E-Mail      : Mike_Zhang@live.com
'''

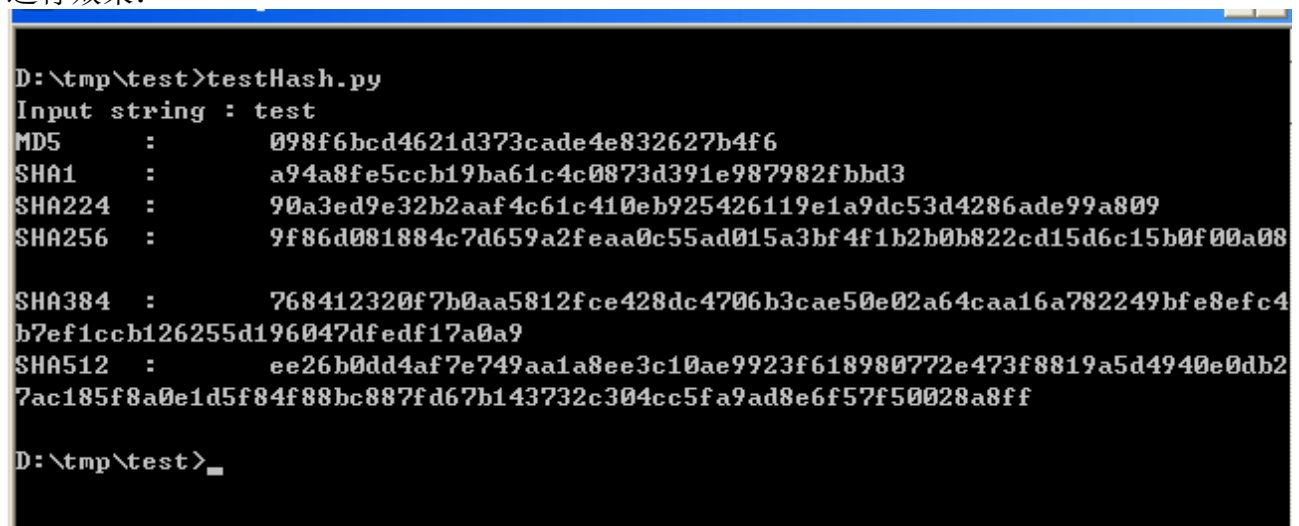
import hashlib

src = raw_input("Input string : ")

funcNameList = ["MD5", "SHA1", "SHA224", "SHA256", "SHA384", "SHA512"]
funcMap = {
    "MD5"       : lambda cnt : hashlib.md5(cnt).hexdigest(),
    "SHA1"      : lambda cnt : hashlib.sha1(cnt).hexdigest(),
    "SHA224"    : lambda cnt : hashlib.sha224(cnt).hexdigest(),
    "SHA256"    : lambda cnt : hashlib.sha256(cnt).hexdigest(),
    "SHA384"    : lambda cnt : hashlib.sha384(cnt).hexdigest(),
    "SHA512"    : lambda cnt : hashlib.sha512(cnt).hexdigest()
}

for funcName in funcNameList :
    print funcName, "\t:\t", funcMap[funcName](src)
```

运行效果：



```
D:\tmp\test>testHash.py
Input string : test
MD5       : 098f6bcd4621d373cade4e832627b4f6
SHA1      : a94a8fe5ccb19ba61c4c0873d391e987982fbdd3
SHA224    : 90a3ed9e32b2aaf4c61c410eb925426119e1a9dc53d4286ade99a809
SHA256    : 9f86d081884c7d659a2feaa0c55ad015a3bf4f1b2b0b822cd15d6c15b0f00a08

SHA384    : 768412320f7b0aa5812fce428dc4706b3cae50e02a64caa16a782249bfe8efc4
b7ef1ccb126255d196047dfedf17a0a9
SHA512    : ee26b0dd4af7e749aa1a8ee3c10ae9923f618980772e473f8819a5d4940e0db2
7ac185f8a0e1d5f84f88bc887fd67b143732c304cc5fa9ad8e6f57f50028a8ff

D:\tmp\test>_
```

### 二、go 语言消息摘要示例

代码如下：

```
/*
    File       : hashTest.go
    Author      : Mike

```

```

E-Mail      : Mike_Zhang@live.com
*/

package main

import (
    "fmt"
    "crypto/md5"
    "crypto/sha1"
    "crypto/sha256"
    "crypto/sha512"
    "hash"
)

func main() {
    funcNameList :=
[]string{"MD5", "SHA1", "SHA224", "SHA256", "SHA384", "SHA512"}
    funcMap := map[string]func(msg []byte) hash.Hash{
        "MD5"          : func(msg []byte) hash.Hash{var h hash.Hash =
md5.New();h.Write(msg);return h},
        "SHA1"         : func(msg []byte) hash.Hash{var h hash.Hash =
sha1.New();h.Write(msg);return h},
        "SHA224"       : func(msg []byte) hash.Hash{var h hash.Hash =
sha256.New224();h.Write(msg);return h},
        "SHA256"       : func(msg []byte) hash.Hash{var h hash.Hash =
sha256.New();h.Write(msg);return h},
        "SHA384"       : func(msg []byte) hash.Hash{var h hash.Hash =
sha512.New384();h.Write(msg);return h},
        "SHA512"       : func(msg []byte) hash.Hash{var h hash.Hash =
sha512.New();h.Write(msg);return h},
    }
    fmt.Printf("Input string : ")
    var msg1 string
    fmt.Scanf("%s", &msg1)
    for _, funcName := range funcNameList{
        fmt.Printf("%s \t:\t %x\n", funcName, funcMap[funcName]
([]byte(msg1)).Sum())
    }
}

```

运行效果:

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

D:\tmp\test>8g hashTest.go

D:\tmp\test>8l -o hashTest.exe hashTest.8

D:\tmp\test>hashTest.exe
Input string : test
MD5      :      098f6bcd4621d373cade4e832627b4f6
SHA1     :      a94a8fe5ccb19ba61c4c0873d391e987982fbdd3
SHA224   :      90a3ed9e32b2aaf4c61c410eb925426119e1a9dc53d4286ade99a809
SHA256   :      9f86d081884c7d659a2feaa0c55ad015a3bf4f1b2b0b822cd15d6c15b0f00a0
8
SHA384   :      768412320f7b0aa5812fce428dc4706b3cae50e02a64caa16a782249bfe8efc
4b7ef1ccb126255d196047dfedf17a0a9
SHA512   :      ee26b0dd4af7e749aa1a8ee3c10ae9923f618980772e473f8819a5d4940e0db
27ac185f8a0e1d5f84f88bc887fd67b143732c304cc5fa9ad8e6f57f50028a8ff

D:\tmp\test>
```

哈哈，是不是发现上面两组程序的代码结构相同啊，其实我就是想借助 python 来学习 go 语言的：先用 python 很轻巧的实现一个功能，我再考虑用 go 做一遍。这里总结下，方便以后使用。