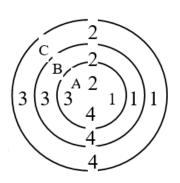
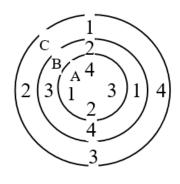
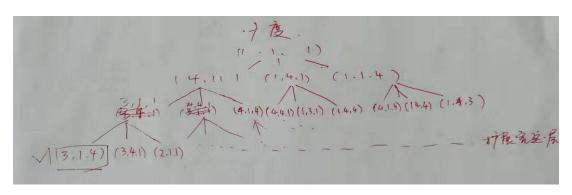
一、下一、圆盘问题。设有大小不等的三个圆盘 A、B、C 套在一根轴上,每个盘上都标有数字 1、2、3、4,并且每个圆盘都可以独立的绕轴做逆时针转动,每次转动 90° ,其初始状态 S_0 和目标状态 S_g 如下图所示,请用广度优先搜索和深度优先搜索解决此问题,并画出搜索树(请抽象出表达不同位置圆盘所需要的状态,而不是用圆盘图直接表示)并给出解的路径。



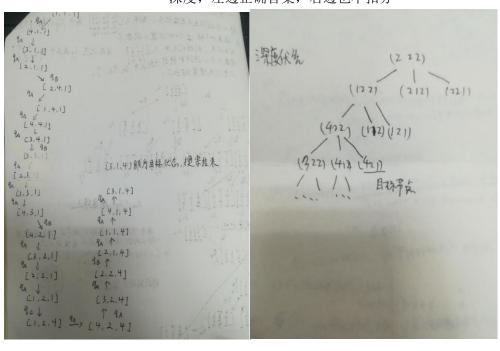
初始状态 S0



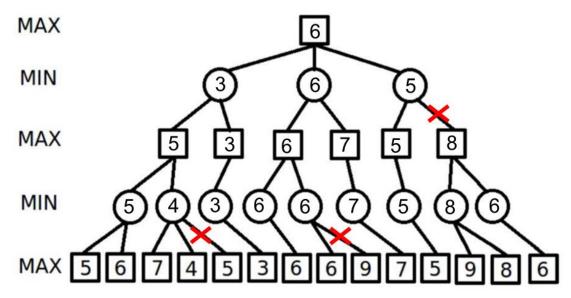
目标状态 Sg



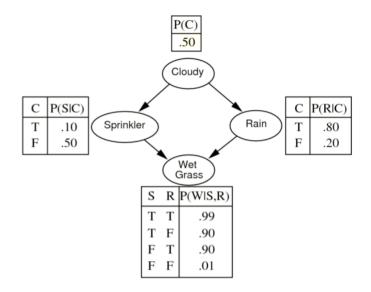
深度, 左边正确答案, 右边也不扣分



- 二、设有如下博弈树, 其中最下面的数字是假设的估值, 根结点代表了 Max 的回合。(30 分) 求:(1)计算每个节点的倒推值。
 - (2) 利用 α β 剪枝技术减去不必要的分支



- 三、基于下图贝叶斯网络,计算以下问题:(30分)
- (1) P(W|+c)
- (2) P(S|-w,+r)



```
P(AN/+c) = 2P(-w,+c) = 25 P(w.R.S.+c) = 25 Rec) P(S/+c) P(R/+c)P(w/s.g)
                                               = 2 (P(+c). P(+s1+c). P(+m+c) P(whs,+r) + P(+c) P(51+c). P(+r1+c). P(+w+s,-r)
                                                               + P(+c) - P(-s)+c) P(+r)+c) P(+w)+s.+r)+P(+c) P(-s)+c) P(-r)+c) P(+w)-s-r)
                                                = 2 1 05x 0.1x 0.8 x 0.99 + 05 x 0.1 x 0.2 x 0.9
                                                                     + oit x 29 x 28 x 0.9 + vit x 0.9 x 0.2 x 0.01)
                                                = J (0.8396+ 0.009+ 0.324+0.0009)
                                             = d. v.3735
   P(-W|+C) = 2 {P(W,-c) = 2 \subseteq \frac{5}{Ris} P(W,R,S,+C) = 2 \subseteq \frac{5}{Ris} P(rc) P(s|+c) P(refre) P(w|sR)

\begin{array}{l}
+0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.01 + 0.5 \times 0.01 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \\
+0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.01 + 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.9 \\
= 1 \times (0.0004 + 0.001 + 0.036 + 0.0891) \\
= 1 \times (0.1265) \\
= 0.3755 + 0.065 = 22
\end{array}

    P(+w+c) = 0.747, P(-w+c) = 0.353
@P&|-W,+V) = &P(+S,-W,+V) = &= P(+S,-W,+Y) = &= P(C)P(S(C)P(K(C))P(K(C))P(W(+S,+V))
                                                  = 2 (P(+s) · P(+s|+s) · P(+r|+o)· P(+w|+s+r) + P(+o)· P(+s|-o)· P(+r|-o)· P(-w|+s+r))
                                               = 7. (0.000 + #+ 0.0002) = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 0.000  = 7. 
        P(-s|-w.+r) = d.P(-s,-w.+r) = d\[ P(-s,-w+r.c) = d\[ P(-s|c) P(-s|c) P(-s|c) P(-s|c) P(-s+r) \]
                                                  = 2 \cdot (0.5 \times 0.9 \times 0.9 \times 0.1 + 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.1)
= 2 \cdot (0.036 + 0.005) = 2 \cdot 0.041
                 2 = 1 0.04H 0.0009 = 1 0000 3.049
 1. P(+5)-wity)= 0:02148, P(-5|-wity)=0978+2
```

四、基于下图贝叶斯网络,判断以下表达是否为真:(10分)

- (1) U⊥V|Y→
- (2) U⊥ V|Z√
- (3) WL X->
- (4) X⊥T|V+
- (5) X⊥ W|U

