## 作业3: 数据库设计(2020春)

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题目	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	总分
得分											

- 1. (10分) 举例说明3个实体型之间的三元联系型与这3个实体型之间的3个二元联系型表示的意义通常是不同的。在什么情况下3个实体型之间的三元联系型与这3个实体型之间的3个二元联系型表示的意义会是相同的?
- 2. (60分) 根据下面的大学数据库信息,用ER图表示该数据库的概念模型,明确标出键、基数比、参与度约束、角色。
  - Professors have an SSN, a name, an age, a rank, and a research specialty.
  - Projects have a project number, a sponsor name (e.g., NSF), a starting date, an ending date, and a budget.
  - Graduate students have an SSN, a name, an age, and a degree program (e.g., M.S. or Ph.D.).
  - Each project is managed by one professor (known as the project's principal investigator).
  - Each project is worked on by one or more professors (known as the project's co-investigators).
  - Professors can manage and/or work on multiple projects.
  - Each project is worked on by one or more graduate students (known as the project's research assistants).
  - When graduate students work on a project, a professor must supervise their work on the project. Graduate students can work on multiple projects, in which case they will have a (potentially different) supervisor for each one.
  - Departments have a department number, a department name, and a main office.
  - Departments have a professor (known as the chairman) who runs the department.
  - Professors work in one or more departments, and for each department that they work in, a time percentage is associated with their job.
  - Graduate students have one major department in which they are working on their degree.
  - Each graduate student has another, more senior graduate student (known as a student advisor) who advises him or her on what courses to take.
- 3. (20分) 将上题中的ER模型转换成关系数据库模式,明确给出关系的主键和外键。
- 4. (10分) 该大学数据库上经常执行下面的查询:
  - 人事处经常按项目的负责人(principal investigator)和起止日期来查询项目信息;
  - 科研处经常按项目的资助方(sponsor)和起止日期来查询项目信息;

为该数据库设计一个索引来提高上述查询的处理效率,写出创建该索引的SQL语句,说明你用到了哪些索引技术。

## 答案

- 1. 如果满足下面的条件,则3个实体型之间的三元联系型与这3个实体型之间的3个二元联系型表示的含义相同:对于任意两个三元联系(a,b,c)和(a',b',c'),
  - 如果a = a'且b = b',则c = c'。
  - 如果a = a'且c = c',则b = b'。

2.

- 3. Professor(<u>ssn</u>, name, age, rank, speicality)
  - Project(id, sponsor, start\_date, end\_date, budget, pi)
  - Graduate(<u>ssn</u>, name, age, degree, department, advisor)
  - Department(<u>id</u>, name, office, chair)
  - CoI(id, ssn)
  - RA(id, ssn, supervisor)
  - Affiliation(id, ssn, time)
  - Project.pi参照Professor.ssn
  - Graduate.department参照Department.id
  - Graduate.advisor参照Graduate.ssn
  - Department.chair参照Professor.ssn
  - CoI.id参照Project.id
  - CoI.ssn参照Professor.ssn
  - RA.id参照Project.id
  - RA.ssn参照Graduate.ssn
  - RA.supervisor参照Professor.ssn
  - Affiliation.id参照Department.id
  - Affiliation.ssn参照Professor.ssn
- 4. CREATE INDEX idx\_date ON Project(start\_date, end\_date, PI\_SSN); 该索引不仅可以支持第一个查询,而且其前缀索引可以支持第二个查询。