面向对象实验报告



姓名	
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实验内容:

- 1、定义一个类,其中有静态数据成员、各种类型非静态数据成员(含字符指针),甚至包括 引用(可选,不要求),静态和非静态成员函数(含分配空间的构造函数、析构函数)。
- 2、定义全局对象、main 函数中局部对象、另一个被 main 调用的外部函数 func 中定义局部 对象(可以是形参), main 函数中动态创建对象, 每种对象至少2个。观察、分析各种对象 地址。
- 3、输出对象中各个静态与非静态数据成员的值、地址、对象的存储空间大小等信息。由此 理解对象的本质、静态数据成员是本类对象共享一份拷贝等问题。
- 4、对于上述各种对象、输出静态非静态成员函数地址、以及 main、func 的地址、并分析。

```
实验代码:
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS // 在 VS 环境下,在 CPP 中使用 C 的字符串处理函
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;
//定义类,含有静态与非静态成员与函数
class MyClass {
public:
    static int static_data; // 静态数据成员
   int non static data; // 非静态数据成员
    char* char_pointer; // 字符指针
    int& data_ref; // 引用
   //构造函数
    MyClass(const char* str) :data_ref(non_static_data) {
        char_pointer = new char[30];
        strcpy(char_pointer, str);
        cout << str << " is constructed." << endl:
        non_static_data = strlen(str);
   }
   //拷贝构造
```

//析构函数

}

```
~MyClass() {
    cout << char_pointer << " is destructed." << endl;</pre>
    delete∏ char_pointer;
```

MyClass(const MyClass& obj) :data_ref(non_static_data) {

cout << obj.char pointer << " is copied." << endl;</pre>

char_pointer = new char[30];

strcpy(char_pointer, obj.char_pointer);

non_static_data = obj.non_static_data;

```
}
    static void static_member_function() {
         cout << "static_member_function is called." << endl;</pre>
    }
    void non_static_member_function() {
         cout << char_pointer << "non_static_member_function is called." << endl;</pre>
    }
};
//初始化静态成员
int MyClass::static_data = 0;
//定义函数
void func(const char*str) {
    MyClass obj(str);
    cout << obj.char_pointer << " address is " << &obj << endl;</pre>
    cout << "static_data in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " << obj.static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "char_pointer in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " << obj.char_pointer << endl;</pre>
    cout << "non_static_data in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " << obj.non_static_data <<
endl;
    cout << "data_ref in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " << obj.data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "address of static_data in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " << &obj.static_data <<
endl;
    cout << "address of char_pointer in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " << &obj.char_pointer
<< endl:
    cout << "address of non_static_data in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " <<
&obj.non_static_data << endl;
    cout << "address of data_ref in " << obj.char_pointer << " is " << &obj.data_ref << endl;
    cout << "size of " << obj.char_pointer<<" is " << sizeof(obj) << endl;</pre>
}
//创建全局对象
MyClass global_obj1("global_obj1");
MyClass global_obj2("global_obj2");
int main() {
    //创建局部对象
    MyClass local_obj1("local_obj1");
    MyClass local_obj2("local_obj2");
    //动态创建对象
    MyClass* dynamic_obj1 = new MyClass("dynamic_obj1");
```

```
MyClass* dynamic_obj2 = new MyClass("dynamic_obj2");
    cout << "global_obj1 address:" << &global_obj1 << endl;</pre>
    cout << "global_obj2 address:" << &global_obj2 << endl;</pre>
    cout << "local_obj1 address:" << &local_obj1 << endl;</pre>
    cout << "local_obj2 address:" << &local_obj2 << endl;</pre>
    cout << "dynamic_obj1 address:" << dynamic_obj1 << endl;</pre>
    cout << "dynamic_obj2 address:" << dynamic_obj2 << endl;</pre>
    cout << endl:
    //在函数中定义的局部对象
    func("func_obj1");
    func("func_obj2");
    // 全局对象
    cout << endl;
    cout << "static_data in global_obj1 is " << global_obj1.static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "char_pointer in global_obj1 is " << global_obj1.char_pointer << endl;</pre>
    cout << "non_static_data in global_obj1 is " << global_obj1.non_static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "data_ref in global_obj1 is " << global_obj1.data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "address of static_data in global_obj1 is " << &global_obj1.static_data << endl;
    cout << "address of char_pointer in global_obj1 is " << &global_obj1.char_pointer <<
endl;
    cout << "address of non_static_data in global_obj1 is " << &global_obj1.non_static_data
<< endl;
    cout << "address of data_ref in global_obj1 is " << &global_obj1.data_ref << endl;
    cout << "size of global_obj1 is " << sizeof(global_obj1) << endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;
    cout << "static_data in global_obj2 is " << global_obj2.static_data << endl;
    cout << "char_pointer in global_obj2 is " << global_obj2.char_pointer << endl;</pre>
    cout << "non_static_data in global_obj2 is " << global_obj2.non_static_data << endl;
    cout << "data_ref in global_obj2 is " << global_obj2.data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "address of static_data in global_obj2 is " << &global_obj2.static_data << endl;
    cout << "address of char_pointer in global_obj2 is " << &global_obj2.char_pointer <<
endl:
    cout << "address of non_static_data in global_obj2 is " << &global_obj2.non_static_data
<< endl:
    cout << "address of data_ref in global_obj2 is " << &global_obj2.data_ref << endl;
    cout << "size of global_obj2 is " << sizeof(global_obj2) << endl;</pre>
    // 局部对象
    cout << endl;
    cout << "static_data in local_obj1 is " << local_obj1.static_data << endl;</pre>
```

```
cout << "char_pointer in local_obj1 is " << local_obj1.char_pointer << endl;</pre>
    cout << "non_static_data in local_obj1 is " << local_obj1.non_static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "data_ref in local_obj1 is " << local_obj1.data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "address of static_data in local_obj1 is " << &local_obj1.static_data << endl;
    cout << "address of char_pointer in local_obj1 is " << &local_obj1.char_pointer << endl;
    cout << "address of non_static_data in local_obj1 is " << &local_obj1.non_static_data <<
endl;
    cout << "address of data_ref in local_obj1 is " << &local_obj1.data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "size of local_obj1 is " << sizeof(local_obj1) << endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;
    cout << "static_data in local_obj2 is " << local_obj2.static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "char_pointer in local_obj2 is " << local_obj2.char_pointer << endl;</pre>
    cout << "non_static_data in local_obj2 is " << local_obj2.non_static_data << endl;
    cout << "data_ref in local_obj2 is " << local_obj2.data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "address of static_data in local_obj2 is " << &local_obj2.static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "address of char_pointer in local_obj2 is " << &local_obj2.char_pointer << endl;
    cout << "address of non static data in local obj2 is " << &local obj2.non static data <<
endl;
    cout << "address of data_ref in local_obj2 is " << &local_obj2.data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "size of local_obj2 is " << sizeof(local_obj2) << endl;</pre>
    // 动态对象
    cout << endl;
    cout << "static_data in dynamic_obj1 is " << dynamic_obj1->static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "char_pointer in dynamic_obj1 is " << dynamic_obj1->char_pointer << endl;</pre>
    cout << "non_static_data in dynamic_obj1 is " << dynamic_obj1->non_static_data <<
endl;
    cout << "data_ref in dynamic_obj1 is " << dynamic_obj1->data_ref << endl;</pre>
    cout << "address of static_data in dynamic_obj1 is " << &dynamic_obj1->static_data <<
endl;
    cout << "address of char_pointer in dynamic_obj1 is " << &dynamic_obj1->char_pointer
<< endl;
    cout
             <<
                    "address
                                of
                                      non_static_data
                                                         in
                                                               dynamic_obj1
                                                                                           <<
&dynamic_obj1->non_static_data << endl;
    cout << "address of data_ref in dynamic_obj1 is " << &dynamic_obj1->data_ref << endl;
    cout << "size of dynamic_obj1 is " << sizeof(dynamic_obj1) << endl;</pre>
    cout << "static_data in dynamic_obj2 is " << dynamic_obj2->static_data << endl;</pre>
    cout << "char_pointer in dynamic_obj2 is " << dynamic_obj2->char_pointer << endl;
    cout << "non_static_data in dynamic_obj2 is " << dynamic_obj2->non_static_data <<
endl;
    cout << "data_ref in dynamic_obj2 is " << dynamic_obj2->data_ref << endl;</pre>
```

```
cout << "address of static_data in dynamic_obj2 is " << &dynamic_obj2->static_data <<
endl;
    cout << "address of char_pointer in dynamic_obj2 is " << &dynamic_obj2->char_pointer
<< endl;
    cout
            <<
                  "address
                              of
                                   non_static_data
                                                          dynamic_obj2
                                                                                    <<
                                                     in
&dynamic_obj2->non_static_data << endl;
    cout << "address of data_ref in dynamic_obj2 is " << &dynamic_obj2->data_ref << endl;
    cout << "size of dynamic_obj2 is " << sizeof(dynamic_obj2) << endl;</pre>
    // 静态成员地址
    cout << endl;
    cout << "Static data member address: " << &MyClass::static_data << endl;</pre>
    // 静态成员函数地址和非静态成员函数地址
    union {
        void* pv;
        void(MyClass::* f)();
    } u;
    u.f = &MyClass::non_static_member_function;
    cout << "Static member function address: " << & MyClass::static_member_function <<
endl;
    cout << "Non-static member function address: " << u.pv << endl;
    // main 函数地址和 func 函数的地址
    cout << "Main function address: " << &main << endl;
    cout << "Func function address: " << &func << endl;</pre>
    delete dynamic_obj1;
    dynamic_obj1 = NULL;
    delete dynamic_obj2;
    dynamic_obj2 = NULL;
    return 0;
}
```

运行结果:

```
Microsoft Visual Studio 调试控制台
      | Intercept Visual Studio | Interpretation | Intercept | Intercept
dynamic_obj2 address:000001B70FCF4500

func_obj1 is constructed.
func_obj1 is constructed.
func_obj1 is constructed.
func_obj1 is func_obj1 is 0
char_pointer in func_obj1 is func_obj1
non_static_data in func_obj1 is 9
data_ref in func_obj1 is 9
address of static_data in func_obj1 is 00007FF77AE24450
address of char_pointer in func_obj1 is 00000001000FF8C8
address of ono_static_data in func_obj1 is 00000001000FF8C8
address of data_ref in func_obj1 is 00000001000FF8C8
address of data_ref in func_obj1 is 00000001000FF8C8
address of data_ref in func_obj1 is 00000001000FF8C8
func_obj1 is destructed.
func_obj2 address is 00000001000FF8C8
static_data in func_obj2 is func_obj2
non_static_data in func_obj2 is func_obj2
non_static_data in func_obj2 is 9
address of static_data in func_obj2 is 00000001000FF8C8
address of char_pointer in func_obj2 is 00000001000FF8C8
address of char_pointer in func_obj2 is 00000001000FF8C8
address of data_ref in func_obj2 is 00000001000FF8C8
static_data in global obj1 is 0
      static_data in global_objl is 0

shar pointer in global_objl is global_objl

on_static_data in global_objl is 11

lata_ref in global_objl is 11

address of static_data in global_objl is 00007FF77AE24450

ddress of char_pointer in global_objl is 00007FF77AE24478

ddress of non_static_data in global_objl is 00007FF77AE24470

ddress of data_ref in global_objl is 00007FF77AE24470

ize of global_objl is 24
      static_data in global_obj2 is 0
sthar_pointer in global_obj2 is global_obj2
son_static_data in global_obj2 is 11
lata_ref in global_obj2 is 11
latdress of static_data in global_obj2 is 10
latdress of char_pointer in global_obj2 is 00007FF77AE24450
laddress of on_static_data in global_obj2 is 00007FF77AE24460
laddress of on_static_data in global_obj2 is 00007FF77AE24458
laddress of data_ref in global_obj2 is 00007FF77AE24458
laddress of global_obj2 is 24
      static_data in local_objl is 0
shar_pointer in local_objl is local_objl
ion_static_data in local_objl is 10
idata_ref in local_objl is 10
idata_ref in local_objl is 10
iddress of static_data in local_objl is 0000001000FF77AE24450
iddress of char_pointer in local_objl is 00000001000FF9A0
iddress of ono_static_data in local_objl is 00000001000FF9F8
iddress of data_ref in local_objl is 00000001000FF9F8
iddress of local_objl is 24
   static_data in local_obj2 is 0
char_pointer in local_obj2 is local_obj2
ion_static_data in local_obj2 is 10
data_ref in local_obj2 is 10
dddress of static_data in local_obj2 is 000007FF77AE24450
dddress of char_pointer in local_obj2 is 00000001000FFA30
address of non_static_data in local_obj2 is 00000001000FFA30
address of non_static_data in local_obj2 is 00000001000FFA28
iddress of data_ref in local_obj2 is 00000001000FFA28
size of local_obj2 is 24
static_data in dynamic_objl is 0
char_pointer in dynamic_objl is 0
non_static_data in dynamic_objl is 12
data_ref in dynamic_objl is 12
address of static_data in dynamic_objl is 000007FF77AE24450
address of char_pointer in dynamic_objl is 000001B70FCF4448
address of non_static_data in dynamic_objl is 000001B70FCF4440
address of data_ref in dynamic_objl is 000001B70FCF4440
address of data_ref in dynamic_objl is 000001B70FCF4440
size of dynamic_objl is 8
static_data in dynamic_obj2 is 0
char_pointer in dynamic_obj2 is 12
data_ref in dynamic_obj2 is 12
address of static_data in dynamic_obj2 is 000001B70FCF4500
address of char_pointer in dynamic_obj2 is 000001B70FCF4508
address of char_pointer in dynamic_obj2 is 000001B70FCF4500
address of data_ref in dynamic_obj2 is 000001B70FCF4500
address of data_ref in dynamic_obj2 is 000001B70FCF4500
address of data_ref in dynamic_obj2 is 000001B70FCF4500
size of dynamic_obj2 is 8
Static_data_membar_address: 00007EF77AE24450
Static data member address: 00007FF77AE24450
Static member function address: 00007FF77AE1152D
Non-static member function address: 00007FF77AE112A3
Main function address: 00007FF77AE1129
Func function address: 00007FF77AE11190
dynamic_objl is destructed.
dynamic_obj2 is destructed.
local_obj2 is destructed.
global_obj2 is destructed.
global_obj2 is destructed.
global_obj1 is destructed.
```

结果分析:

本实验在 VS 的 debug 模式下进行,分析如下:

- 1. 对象构造与析构顺序: 先构造全局对象再构造局部对象, 先构造的对象后析构, 动态对象需要手动虚构, 在函数中构造的对象在函数结束的时候会进行销毁, 同时, 发现两个在函数内创建的两个对象的地址相同, 均为 00007FF632494450, 表明函数在内部可能使用堆栈实现, 创建函数的时候压入堆栈, 销毁函数的时候弹出。
- 2. 两个全局对象,两个局部对象,两个动态创建的对象地址相近,通过计算可以发现,两个对象是相邻放置的,全局对象、局部对象、动态对象的存放地址较远,表明其分别放在全局区、栈区、堆区。
- 3. 所用对象访问的静态对象的地址均为 00007FF632494450, 表明所有对象共用一份静态 对象。静态对象的地址与全局对象的地址较为相近,表明其存放在全局区,当代码执行 到初始化语句的时候为其分配空间。
- 4. 对象中含有引用成员,表示的是一个 int 类型非静态成员 non_static_data 的引用,发现引用的地址与 non_static_data 的地址相同,表明引用指向所引用的对象的地址,实际上,引用相当于一个常指针,这里表示的就是一个 int* const 类型的指针。
- 5. 类在存放的时候包含了内存对齐,引用和字符串指针的大小均为 8B, int 类型成员大小为 4B, sizeof 计算对象大小的时候不包含静态成员的大小,所以总大小为 20B,在计算机内存了 24B,表明有内存对齐,此实验中动态对象的大小指的是所指向指针的大小,为 8B,实际上开辟内存存放的对象也为 24B.
- 6. 在对象内部,成员按定义的顺序逐个存放,在此实验中,先存放 non_static_data, 而后 char_pointer,最后是 data_ref。
- 7. 我们利用联合体来打印了非静态成员的函数地址(若直接使用&Myclass:: non_static_member_function 进行访问会发现返回值为 1, 不能正确打印出函数地址),发现其与与静态函数地址、main 函数地址和外部函数的地址相近,表示其均处于代码区,不在对象内部,实际上,编译器会把成员函数转换为外部函数,通过 this 指针进行传值并通过修改函数名,保证其在程序中独一无二,对于静态成员函数,将其视为全局外部函数,且不需要 this 指针

实验总结:

通过此次实验,我了解了 C++中的内存模型,知道了对象的开辟与虚构顺序,以及对象在内存中的存储位置,全局对象、局部对象、动态对象放在不同的区域,了解了静态成员在内存中的存储位置,所以的对象共用一份静态成员数据,知道了对象中的内存对齐现象,和对象内部的数据成员的存放顺序,非静态成员存放在对象内部。同时,我还利用联合体打印了非静态成员函数的地址,知道了为了节约内存,成员函数只在内存中存放一份,且成员函数的代码放在代码区而不是对象内部。