

Building GDAL 1.4.2 for Linux on Fedora Core 5

V. 1.0



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1. Introduction

This simple guide will provide you some instructions about how to build GDAL 1.4.2 with support for the following formats:

- Kakadu (v. 5.2.6)
- MrSID (v 6.0.7)

2. Preliminary steps

In order to add support for the listed formats, you need to achieve some preliminary steps for each format.

2.1 - KAKADU build

Go in the main kakadu folder.

Enter in `coresys/make` and modify the `Makefile-Linux-x86-gcc` file as follow:

Enable the static build by setting `KDU_GLIBS = -static -static-libgcc`

Then run make: `make -f Makefile-Linux-x86-gcc`

This will generate libs in `kakadu/lib/Linux-x86-gcc`.

From the kakadu folder, run

```
cp lib/Linux-x86-gcc/* /usr/local/lib
```

After this, enter in `apps/make` and modify the `Makefile-Linux-x86-gcc` file as follow:

Enable the static build by setting `KDU_GLIBS = -static -static-libgcc`

Set `LIB_SRC` as follow: `LIB_SRC=$(LIB_DIR)/libkdu.a`

Then, run make: `make -f Makefile-Linux-x86-gcc`

Finally, run `ldconfig`

2.2 - MrSID

As a first requirement, you need the LizardTech Decoding Software Development Kit (DSDK).

You can download it free of charge from this site:

<http://developer.lizardtech.com> (You need to be registered in order to download it).



After logged in, select “Download” -> “Software Development Kits” -> “Download SDK's”.

Select the proper version of SDK to be download (select the **GeoExpress SDK for Linux (x86) - gcc 3.4**)

3. Configuring GDAL

Firstly, you need to download GDAL 1.4.2 from OSGeo SVN at this location:

<https://svn.osgeo.org/gdal/tags/1.4.2/gdal>

From the location where you want to download GDAL, run:

```
svn co http://svn.osgeo.org/gdal/tags/1.4.2/gdal
```

Then, you need to apply the patch available at this location:

<https://imageio-ext.dev.java.net/svn/imageio-ext/trunk/patches/1.4.2GDAL.patch>

This patch contains several changes for:

- Kakadu support: Multithreading added; More Kakadu options supported. Makefile modified
- Java bindings: improved data access (read Dataset at once instead of read RasterBands at once; PixelSpace, LineSpace and BandSpace parameters now are allowed)

To apply the patch, enter in the GDAL main folder and run:

```
patch -p0 <PATH_TO_DOWNLOADED_PATCH/1.4.2GDAL.patch
```

(where `PATH_TO_DOWNLOADED_PATCH` represent the location where you downloaded the patch, as an instance, `/home/me/Desktop/`)

3.1 – FORMATS Settings

To customize your GDAL building settings, you need to launch the `./configure` command from your GDAL home. Depending on the required formats, you need to add some options to this command.

3.1.1 - KAKADU SETTINGS

Add `--with-kakadu=KAKADU_FOLDER --without-libtool` option to the `./configure` command.

Where `KAKADU_FOLDER` is the location where your KAKADU library has been placed.



Checks the GDAL/frmts/jp2kakadu/GNUMakefile file is properly set.

(Probably, you should add \$(KAKDIR)/apps/make/kdu_stripe_decompressor.o to the APPOBJ setting (at the line stating “# The following are just for Kakadu 5.1 or later. APPOBJ+=))

3.1.2 - MRSID SETTINGS

Add --with-mrsid=MRSID_FOLDER option to the ./configure command.

Where MRSID_FOLDER is the location where you previously downloaded GeoDSDK.

NOTE: If during build process (Chapter 4) a similar error occurs

```
/. . . . . /include/base/lti_sceneBuffer.h:356:  
error: extra qualification 'LizardTech::LTISceneBuffer::' on member
```

You need to fix the issue in the header: MRSID_FOLDER/include/base/lti_sceneBuffer.h
Remove the extra qualification from the inWindow declaration. Line 356 should look like this:

```
bool inWindow(lt_uint32 x, lt_uint32 y) const;
```

Then repeat build process as suggested in chapter 4.

4. Building GDAL

Now, you are ready to build GDAL. Supposing you properly configured as explained in section 3.1, run:

```
make clean
```

```
make
```

```
make install
```

When the build is terminated, copy the generated libs in /usr/lib and run ldconfig.

Then you need to generate JAVA bindings.



5. Generating Java Bindings

5.1 - Requirements

Be sure you have properly downloaded SWIG, the Simplified Wrapper and Interface Generator which allow to produce JAVA bindings for GDAL. You can obtain it by simply running:

```
yum update swig
```

You also need ANT which will be used in order to build a JAR containing all JAVA classes generated by SWIG. You can download it from: <http://ant.apache.org/>

When you downloaded it (as an instance, on /usr/local/apache-ant-1.7.0), you may create a symbolic link as follow:

```
ln -s /usr/local/apache-ant-1.7.0/bin/ant /usr/bin/ant
```

5.2 - Running SWIG

Now, you are ready to generate java bindings. From the Command Line, enter in your .../GDAL/SWIG/JAVA directory and run

```
make clean
```

```
make generate
```

```
make build
```

This command will automatically generate wrappers and bindings. Then, copy the generated libs in /usr/lib and run ldconfig.

