STATISTICS WORKSHEET

Q1 to Q10 are MCQs with only one correct answer. Choose the correct option.

- 1) D
- 2) C
- 3) C
- 4) B
- 5) C
- 6) B
- 7) A
- 8) A
- 9) B
- 10) A

MACHINE LEARNING

Q1 to Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.

ANSWERS:

- 1) ANS: I think 'R SQUARED' is a better measure of goodness of a fit model in regression because, it is a statistical measure in regression model that determines the proportion of variable that can be explained by the independent variable.
- 2) ANS: The Total Sum of Squares tells how much variation there is in the dependent variable .
 - The Explained SS tells how much the variation in the dependent variable your model explained.
 - The Residual sum of Squares tell how much of the dependent variable`s variation your model did not explain.
- 3) ANS: Regularization refers to techniques that are used to calibrate machine learning models in order to minimize the adjusted loss function and prevent overfitting or underfitting.
- 4) ANS: It calculate the amount of probability of a specific feature that is classified incorrectly when selected randomly.
- 5) ANS: The condition when the model completely fits the training data but fails to generalize the testing unseen data.

- 6) ANS: Ensemble method is a machine learning techniques that combines several base models in order to produce one optimal predictive model.
- 7) ANS: Bagging is a technique for reducing prediction variance by producing additional data for training from a dataset by combining repetitions with combinations to create multisets of the original data. Boosting is an iterative strategy for adjusting an observation's weight based on the previous classification.
- 8) ANS: The average error for each calculated using predictions from the trees that do not contain in their respective bootstrap sample.
- 9) ANS: When the dataset is split into a k number of folds and is used to evaluate the model's ability when given new data.
- 10) ANS: Finding a set of optimal hyperparameter values for a learning algorithm while applying this optimized algorithm to any dataset.
- 11) ANS: I think it causes the model to converge too quickly to a suboptimal solution.
- 12) ANS: Non-linear problems can't be solved with logistic regression because it has a linear decision surface.
- 13) Ans: AdaBoost is the first designed boosting algorithm with a particular loss function

 Gradient Boosting is a generic algorithm that assists in searching the approximate solutions to the additive modelling problem.
 - 14) ANS: The property of a model that the variance of the parameter estimated across samples can be reduced by increasing the bias in the estimated parameters.
 - 15) ANS: Linear Kernel is used when the data is linearly separable.

RBF Kernel is used in various kernelized learning algorithms.

Polynomials Kernel is used to represents the similarity of vectors.