Assembly Language Lecture Series: Basic x86-64 instructions

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64-bit number range (unsigned)

	Largest positive number (hex)	Largest positive (decimal)
8-bit	0xFF	255
16-bit	0xFFFF	65535
32-bit	0xFFFF_FFFF	4294967295
64-bit	0xFFFF_FFFF_FFFF	18446744073709551615 (18.x * 10 ¹⁸)

64-bit number range (signed)

	Largest positive number (hex)	Largest positive (decimal)	Largest magnitude negative (hex)	Largest magnitude negative (decimal)
8-bit	0x7F	127	0x80	-128
16-bit	0x7FFF	32767	0x8000	-32768
32-bit	0x7FFF_FFFF	2147483647	0x8000_0000	-2147483648

	Largest positive number (hex)	Largest positive (decimal)
64-bit	0x7FFF_FFFF_FFFF	9223372036854775807 (9.x * 10 ¹⁸)

	Largest magnitude negative (hex)	Largest magnitude negative (decimal)
64-bit	0x8000_0000_0000_0000	-9223372036854775808 (-9.x * 10 ¹⁸)

Basic x86-64 instructions

- MOV
 Move instruction
- **2.** ADD Addition instruction
- 3. INC Increment Instruction

- 4. **LEA**Load Effective Address/"ptr"
- NOPNo Operation Instruction

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ←src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Note: If dst==mem64 and src==imm, Immediate value up to sign-extended 32-bit only.

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ← src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Example:

```
section .text
MOV RAX, 0x1357_1234_ABCD_0000
MOV RBX, 0xABCD_EF12_3456_789A
MOV AX, BX
```

What will RAX contain after execution?

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ← src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Example:

section .text MOV RAX, 0x1357_1234_ABCD_0000 MOV RBX, 0xABCD_EF12_3456_789A MOV AX, BX

What will RAX contain after execution?

RAX = 13571234ABCD789A

For readability: 1357_1234_ABCD_789A

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ← src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Example: set RAX to -1

- MOV RAX, -1
- MOV RAX, 0xFF
- MOV RAX, 0xFFFF
- MOV RAX, 0xFFFF_FFFF
- MOV RAX, 0xFFFF_FFFF_FFFF

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ← src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Example: set RAX to +10

- MOV RAX, 10
- MOV RAX, 0x0A
- MOV RAX, 0x000A
- MOV RAX, 0x0000_0000A
- MOV RAX, 0x0000_0000_0000_000A

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ← src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Example: set RAX to max value

- MOV RAX, 0x7FFF_FFFF_FFFF; pos
- MOV RAX, 0x8000_0000_0000_0000; neg

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ← src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Example: set 64-bit memory var1 to max value

- MOV qword [var1],0x0000_0000_7fff_ffff ; pos
- MOV qword [var1], 2147483647; pos
- MOV qword [var1], 0xffff_ffff_8000_0000; neg
- MOV qword [var1], -2147483648 ; neg

MOV (move instruction)

Syntax: MOV dst, src

dst ← src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm

Flags affected:

*none

Example: set 64-bit memory var1 to max value

- MOV qword [var1],0x0000_0000_7fff_ffff ; pos
- MOV qword [var1], 2147483647; pos
- MOV qword [var1], 0xffff_ffff_8000_0000; neg
- MOV qword [var1], -2147483648 ; neg

ADD (addition instruction)

Syntax: ADD dst, src

dst ← dst + src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm8_16_32

Flags affected:

*all status flags

Note:

- 1. Immediate value up to **32-bit** only
- When an immediate value is used as an operand, it is sign-extended to the length of the destination operand format
- Negative number in hex has to be sign-extended to 64-bit

ADD (addition instruction)

Syntax: ADD dst, src

dst ← dst + src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm8_16_32

Flags affected:

*all status flags

Example:

```
section .data
var1 dq 0x7FFF_FFFF_FFFF_
section .text
MOV RAX, 0x01
ADD RAX, [var1]
```

- 1. What will RAX contain after execution?
- 2. What will be the value of the status flags after execution?

ADD (addition instruction)

Syntax: ADD dst, src

dst ← dst + src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm8_16_32

Flags affected:

*all status flags

Example:

```
section .data
var1 dq 0x7FFF_FFFF_FFFF_
section .text
MOV RAX, 0x01
ADD RAX, [var1]
```

- 1. What will RAX contain after execution?
- 2. What will be the value of the status flags after execution?

For readability: 7FFF FFFF FFFF FFFF

ADD (addition instruction)

Syntax: ADD dst, src

dst ← dst + src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm8_16_32

Flags affected:

*all status flags

Example: add RAX with -1

- ADD RAX, -1
- ADD RAX, 0xFF
- ADD RAX, 0xFFFF
- ADD RAX, 0xFFFF_FFFF
- ADD RAX, 0xFFFF_FFFF_FFFF

ADD (addition instruction)

Syntax: ADD dst, src

dst ← dst + src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm8_16_32

Flags affected:

*all status flags

Example: add RAX with +10

- ADD RAX, 10
- ADD RAX, 0x0A
- ADD RAX, 0x000A
- ADD RAX, 0x0000_0000A
- ADD RAX, 0x0000_0000_0000_000A

ADD (addition instruction)

Syntax: ADD dst, src

dst ← dst + src

dst: reg/mem

src: reg/mem/imm8_16_32

Flags affected:

*all status flags

Example: add RAX with max value

- ullet ADD RAX, $0 \times 0000 0000 7fff fff ; pos$
- ADD RAX, 2147483647; pos
- ADD RAX, 0xffff_ffff_8000_0000 ; neg
- ADD RAX, -2147483648; neg

INC (increment instruction)

Syntax: INC dst

dst ← dst + 1

dst: reg/mem

Flags affected:

*SF, ZF, OF, PF, AF

CF – not affected

INC (increment instruction) Example:

Syntax: INC dst

dst ← dst + 1

dst: reg/mem

Flags affected:

*SF, ZF, OF, PF, AF CF – not affected

```
section .data
var1 dq 0x7FFF_FFFF_FFFD
section .text
INC qword[var1]
```

- 1. What will memloc var1 contain after execution?
- 2. What will SF, ZF, OF, PF, AF after execution?

INC (increment instruction)

Syntax: INC dst

dst ← dst + 1

dst: reg/mem

Flags affected:

*SF, ZF, OF, PF, AF CF – not affected

Example:

```
section .data
var1 dq 0x7FFF_FFFF_FFFD
section .text
INC qword[var1]
```

- 1. What will memloc var1 contain after execution?
- 2. What will SF, ZF, OF, PF, AF after execution?

LEA (Load Effective Address/"ptr")

Syntax: LEA dst, src

dst ← effective_address(src)

dst: reg16/reg32/reg64

src: mem

Flags affected:

*none

LEA (Load Effective Address/"ptr")

Syntax: LEA dst, src

dst ← effective_address(src)

dst: reg16/reg32/reg64

src: mem

Flags affected:

*none

Example:

section .data VARX db 0x12,0x34,0x56,0x78,0x9A,0xBC,0xDE,0xF0

section .text LEA RSI, [VARX] MOV RBX, [RSI]

What will RSI contain after execution? What will RBX contain after execution?

label	address	Memory data (byte)
	403017	F0
	403016	DE
	403015	ВС
	403014	9A
	403013	78
	403012	56
	403011	34
VARX	403010	12

LEA (Load Effective Address/"ptr")

Syntax: LEA dst, src

dst ← effective_address(src)

dst: reg16/reg32/reg64

src: mem

Flags affected:

*none

Example:

section .data VARX db 0x12,0x34,0x56,0x78,0x9A,0xBC,0xDE,0xF0

section .text LEA RSI, [VARX] MOV RBX, [RSI]

What will RSI contain after execution? What will RBX contain after execution?

RSI = 000000000403010 RBX = F0DEBC9A78563412

label	address	Memory data (byte)
	403017	F0
	403016	DE
	403015	BC
	403014	9A
	403013	78
	403012	56
	403011	34
VARX	403010	12

NOP (No Operation Instruction)

Syntax: NOP

< do nothing>

Flags affected:

*none

NOP (No Operation Instruction)

Syntax: NOP

< do nothing>

Flags affected:

*none

Example:

```
section .text
MOV RAX, 0xFFFF_FFFF_FFFF
NOP
```

1. What will RAX contain after execution?

NOP (No Operation Instruction)

Syntax: NOP

< do nothing>

Flags affected:

*none

Example:

section .text MOV RAX, 0xFFFF_FFFF_FFFF NOP

1. What will RAX contain after execution?

RAX = FFFF_FFFF_FFFF