

Object Avoidance using the Virtual Robot Simulator

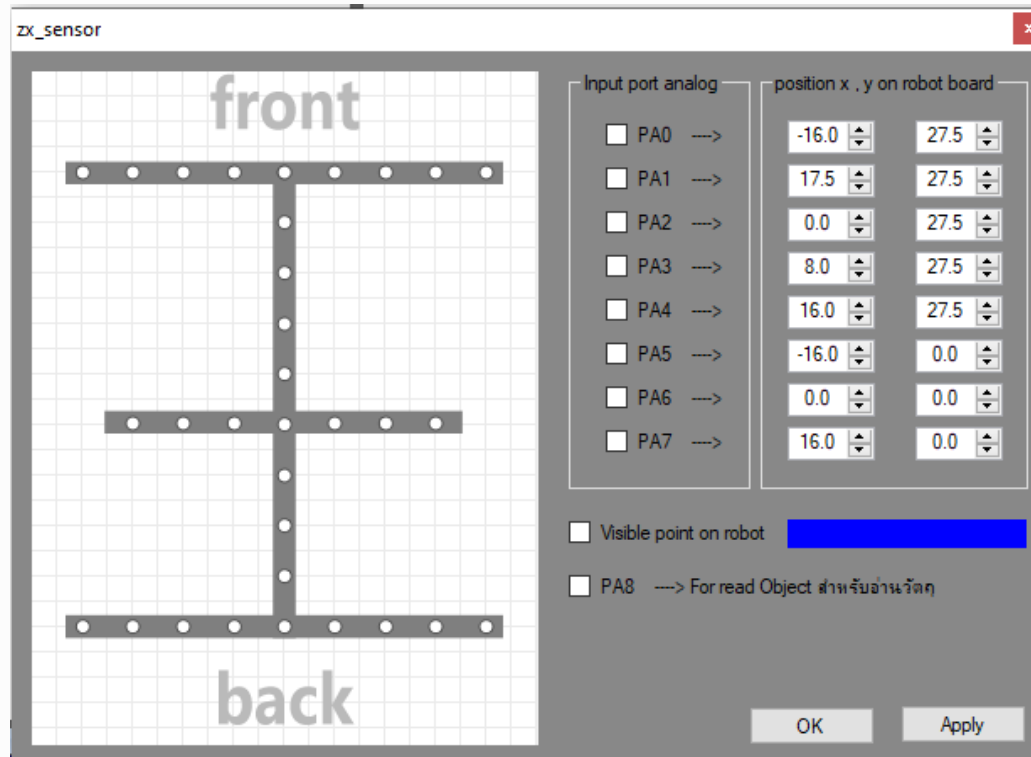
TOPIC OUTLINE

- I. How to change the Map in Arduino Virtual Robot Simulator?**
- II. How to add the Virtual Distance Sensor?**
- III. How to calibrate the Virtual Distance Sensor?**
- IV. Sample Virtual Robot Object Avoidance**

How to add or setup the virtual distance sensor?

Step 1: Click on the , ZX-Settings Tool.

Step 2: You should be able to see this image on your screen.



Step 3: Since the PA8 (Distance Sensor) will not be displayed on your screen, you do not have to tick on the visible point on robot.

Step 4: Tick on PA8 (analog 8), this is the port # assigned to the virtual distance sensor.

Step 5: Click the OK button to proceed.

Reminder: The virtual object avoidance will only work in circle or round object on your virtual simulator.

How to Calibrate the Virtual Distance Sensor?

Step 1: Type all the commands used in this screen.

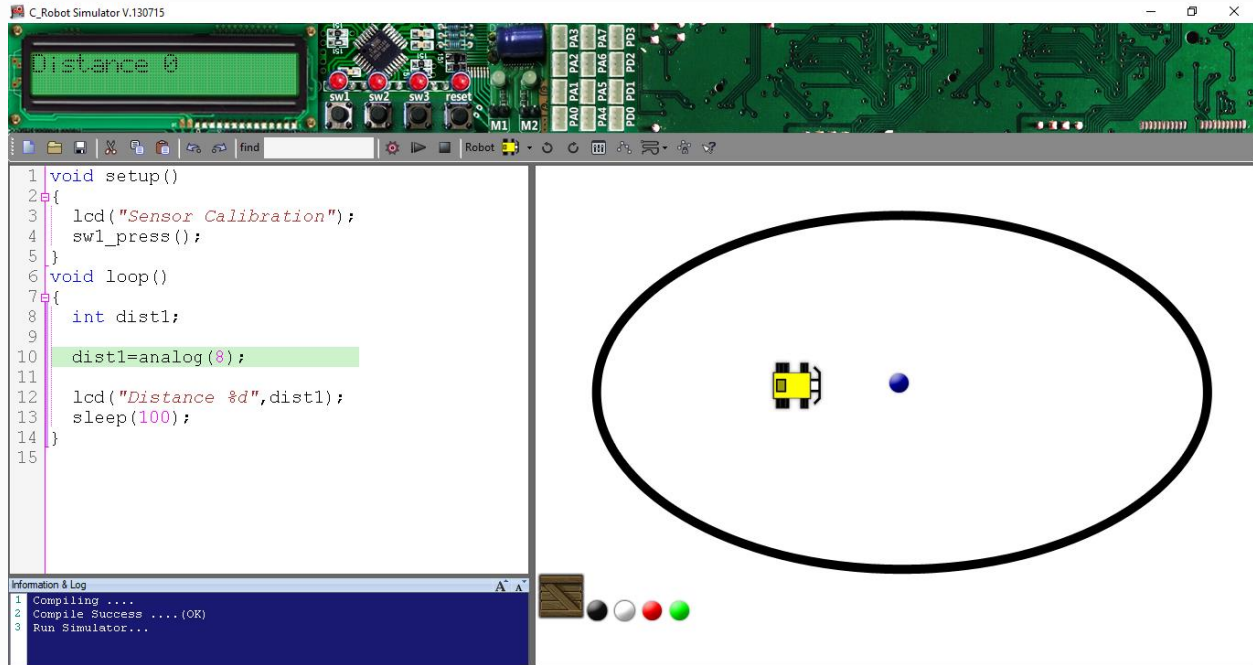



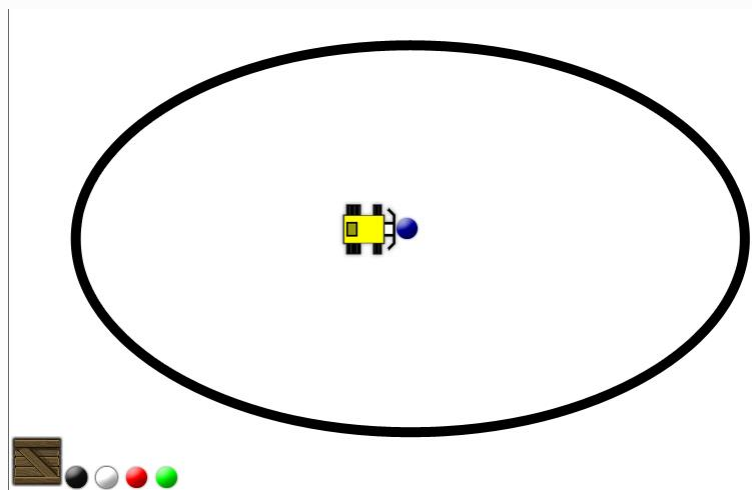
Figure 1.0

Step 2: Click the  , play button to run the program.

Step 3: Click the sw1 button that will activate the program.

Step 4: Place any of the circle objects by dragging them into the center of your playfield as shown in figure 1.0

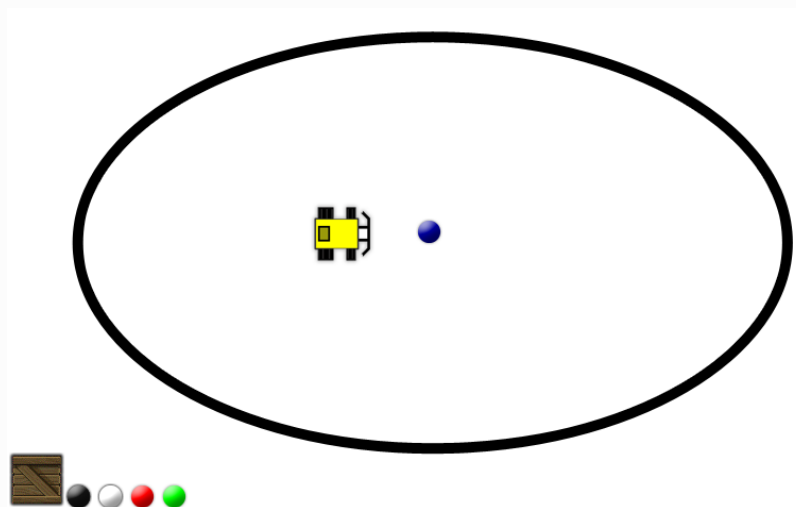
Step 5: Place the robot near the circle object as shown below.



Step 6: There should be a high value displayed on your virtual lcd screen, like this.



Step 7: Now, drag and place the virtual robot away from the circle object, as shown in this picture.



Step 8: There should be zero (0) displayed on your lcd screen, as shown below.



Sample Robot Object Avoidance using the Virtual Simulator


Instruction: Type all the commands as shown in this picture.

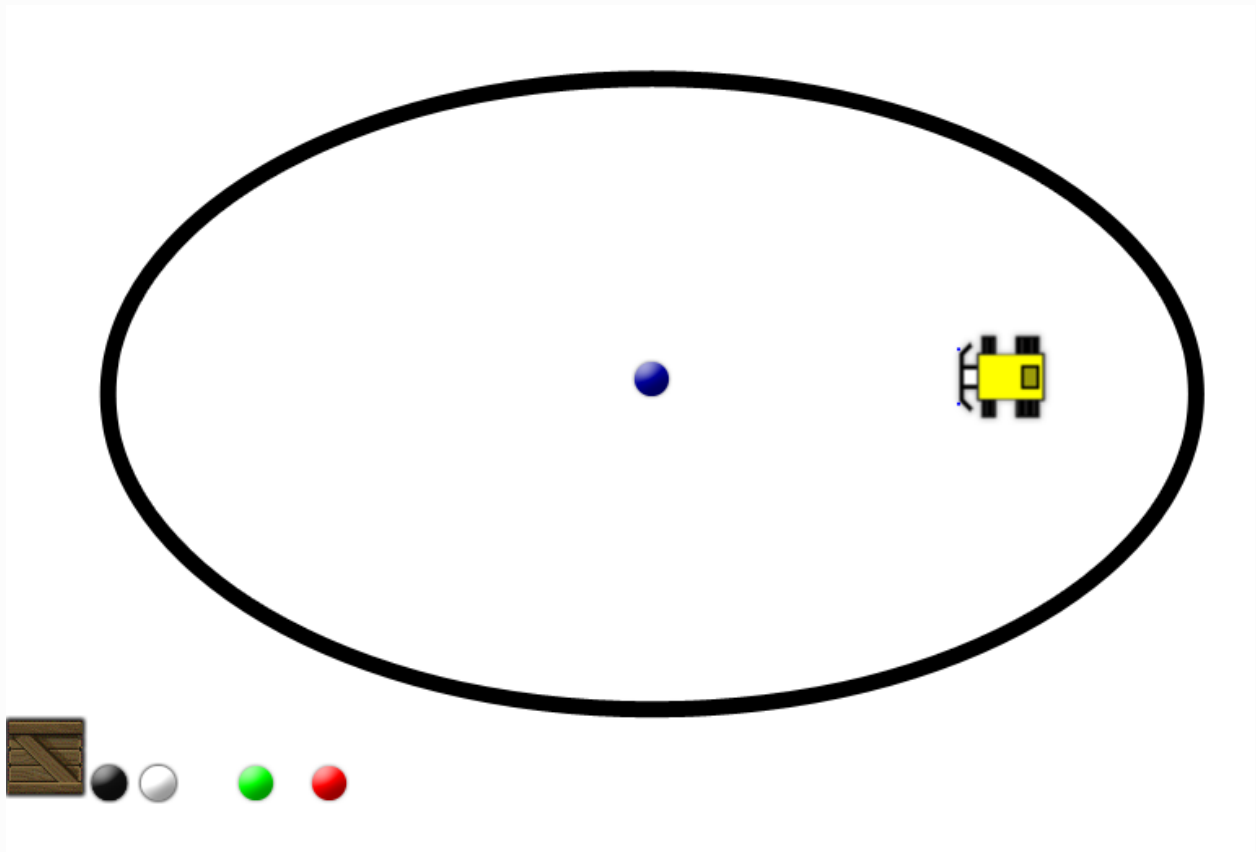
```
1 void setup()
2 {
3   lcd("Object Avoidance");
4   sw1_press();
5 }
6 void loop()
7 {
8   int left, right;
9   int dist1;
10
11   left=analog(0);
12   right=analog(1);
13   dist1=analog(8);
14
15   if(left >= 512 && right >= 512){
16     fd(80);
17   }
18
```

```
19   if(dist1 >= 15){
20     bk(100); sleep(1000);
21     tl(40); sleep(400);
22   }
23
24   else if(left <= 512){
25     bk(80); sleep(400);
26     sr(80); sleep(400);
27   }
28
29   else if(right <= 512){
30     bk(80); sleep(400);
31     sl(80); sleep(1200);
32   }
33
34 }
35
```

Information & Log

```
1 Compiling ....
2 Compile Success ....(OK)
3 Run Simulator...
4 Stop Simulator...
```

To test the program, simply click the  , play button to run the program. And then, place the robot as shown in this picture.



Lastly, click the sw1 button found on your simulator screen. Enjoy !