## In-Section Exercises - Week 2

CS50 — Fall 2012 Prepared by: Doug Lloyd '09

September 24, 2012

- 1. Declare and write a function validTriangle(), that takes three real numbers representing the lengths of the three sides of a triangle as its arguments, and outputs a true or false value corresponding to whether or not the three inputted sides are capable of making a triangle. Note the following:
  - A triangle may not have a side with negative length.
  - A triangle may not have a side with zero length.
  - The sum of the lengths of two of the sides of the triangle must be greater than the length of the third side.

The function is called in this context:

```
#include <cs50.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {

    printf("Please input, one at a time, the lengths of the sides of a triangle.\n");

    printf("First side: ");
    int a = GetFloat();
    printf("Second side: ");
    int b = GetFloat();
    printf("Third side: ");
    int c = GetFloat();

    bool valid = validTriangle(a, b, c);

    if(valid)
        printf("This is a valid triangle!\n");
    else
        printf("This is NOT a valid triangle!\n");
}
```

- 2. Write a function that accepts as its parameters an integer array (called, say, arr) and an integer (called, say, size) representing the size of that array. In the body of the function, determine whether that array is in descending numerical order from arr[0] to arr[size-1]. If it is, return the string "yes" to the calling function. Otherwise, return the string "no". Do NOT modify the contents of arr!
- 3. Write a program that prompts the user for a message, and then outputs the message with its first letter capitalized, with all other letters in alternating case, as in the example below:

```
thanks for the add
ThAnKs FoR tHe AdD
```

For simplicity, you may assume that the user will only input lowercase letters and spaces.