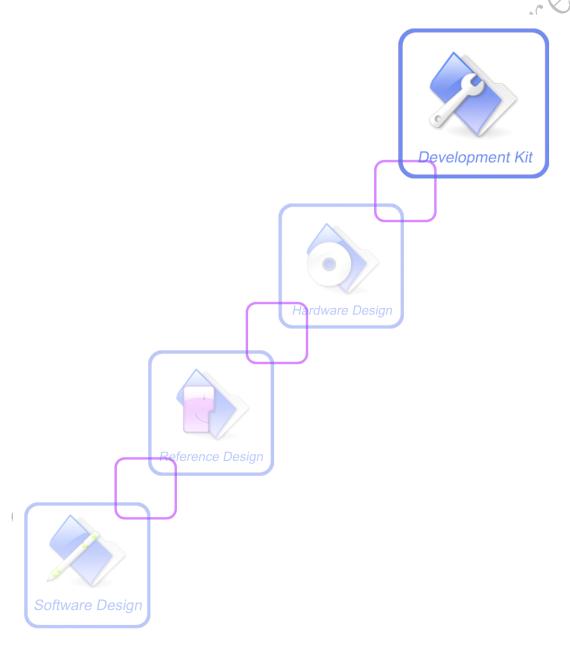
SSL Application Note



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Version History

Version	Chapter	Comments
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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

This document gives the usage of SIM52XX SSL functions; user can get useful information about the SIM52XX SSL functions quickly through this document.

The SSL functions are provided in AT command format, and they are designed for customers to design their HTTPS,FTPS and common SSL applications easily. User can access the SSL AT commands through UART/ USB interface which communicates with SIM52XX module.

SIM52XX SSL features:

- Basic HTTPS GET and POST operations.
- Basic FTPS LOGIN, LOGOUT, LIST, DEL, RMD, MKD, GET, PUT operations.
- Basic SSL socket operations.

1.2 References

The present document is based on the following documents:

[1] SIMCOM WCDMA Internet Service ATC V1.04.doc.

1.3 Terms and Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

 AT ATtention; the two-character abbreviation is used to start a command line to be sent from TE/DTE to TA/DCE

■ EDGE Enhanced Data GSM Environment

EGPRS Enhanced General Packet Radio Service

• FTPS File Transfer Protocol over Secure socket Layer

GPRS General Packet Radio Service

GSM Global System for Mobile communications

HTTPS Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer

PIN Personal Identification Number

SSL Secure Socket Layer

■ TA Terminal Adaptor; e.g. a data card (equal to DCE)

■ TE Terminal Equipment; e.g. a computer (equal to DTE)

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

URC Unsolicited Result Code

USIM Universal Subscriber Identity Module
 WCDMA Wideband Code Division Multiple Access

2. HTTPS operations

The purpose of this section is to help get you start with HTTPS operations.

2.1 Acquire HTTPS stack

Each time when user needs to access a new HTTPS URL (AT+CHTTPSOPSE), the HTTPS stack needs to be acquired before the HTTPS operations:

```
AT+CHTTPSSTART
OK
```

2.2 Connect HTTPS server

After acquiring the HTTPS stack, user can connect the HTTPS server using the following AT command:

```
AT+CHTTPSOPSE="www.mywebsite.com", 443
OK
```

2.3 Send HTTPS Request

After the HTTPS connection is established successfully. User can send HTTPS request data using the following AT commands:

```
AT+CHTTPSSEND=88
>GET/HTTP/1.1
Host: www.mywebsite.com
User-Agent: MY WEB AGENT
Content-Length: 0
```

When the HTTPS data is large (for example, posting a large file to server), the AT+CHTTPSSEND can be used to send the data segmented to multiple parts:

```
AT+CHTTPSSEND=1024
...
AT+CHTTPSSEND=1024
```



When all the data has been sent, the AT+CHTTPSSEND is used to commit these request data:

```
AT+CHTTPSSEND
OK
...
+CHTTPSSEND: 0
```

Also user can query how much data in the module cache is waiting to be sent:

```
AT+CHTTPSSEND?
+CHTTPSSEND: 1024
OK
```

+CHTTPSRECV: 0

2.4 Receive HTTPS response

After sending the HTTPS data, the HTTPS server may send HTTPS response to the module, and the module can use the following command to receive data from the server:

```
AT+CHTTPSRECV=1

OK

+HTTPSRECV: DATA,249

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Type: text/html

Content-Language: zh-CN

Content-Length: 57

Date: Tue, 31 Mar 2009 01:56:05 GMT

Connection: Close

Proxy-Connection: Close

<html>
<header>test</header>
<body>
Test body
</body>
```

The parameter of this command is used to tell the module to receive the response data with at least the length of the parameter.

If the response data is very large, user can use AT+CHTTPSRECV to receive the data multiple times.



2.5 Close HTTPS connection

User can close the HTTPS connection using AT+CHTTPSCLSE

```
AT+CHTTPSCLSE
OK
```

2.6 Release HTTPS stack

Redilited After closing HTTPS connection, user must release the HTTPS stack:

```
AT+CHTTPSSTOP
OK
```

2.7 Timer values of HTTPS operation

Following are the timer value setting for HTTPS operation:

Timer	Value
HTTPS connect	2 minutes
HTTPS transferring timer	2 minutes
HTTPS close	2 minutes
HTTPS stop wireless network	2minutes

3. FTPS operations

3.1 Acquire FTPS stack

Each time when user needs to access a FTPS server, the FTPS stack needs to be acquired first:

```
AT+CFTPSSTART
OK.
```

3.2 Login the FTPS server

User can use the following AT command to login the FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSLOGIN="www.myftpsserver.com", 990, "myname", "mypassword"
```



Currently only explicit FTPS mode is supported.

3.3 Get Current directory on FTPS server

The following command can be used to get the current FTPS directory on server:

```
AT+CFTPSPWD: "/"

+CFTPSPWD: "/"

OK
```

3.4 Change Current directory on FTPS server

The following command can be used to change the current FTPS directory on server:

```
AT+CFTPSCWD= "/mysubdir"
OK
```

3.5 Create a new directory on FTPS server

The following command can be used to create a new directory on FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSMKD= "mynewdir"
```

3.6 Remove a directory on FTPS server

The following command can be used to remove a directory on FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSRMD= "mynewdir"
OK
```

Only when directory is empty, the directory can be removed successfully.

3.7 Delete a file on FTPS server

The following command can be used to delete a file on FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSDEL= "mydelfile"
```



OK.

3.8 Set FTPS transfer type

The following command can be used to set FTPS transfer type:

```
AT+CFTPSTYPE=I
OK
```

3.9 List all items in current directory on FTPS server

The following command can be used to list all items in current directory on FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSLIST

OK

+CFTPSLIST: DATA,193

drw-rw-rw- 1 user group 0 Sep 1 18:01.

drw-rw-rw- 1 user group 0 Sep 1 18:01..

-rw-rw-rw- 1 user group 2017 Sep 1 17:24 19800106_000128.jpg

+CFTPSLIST: 0
```

3.10 Put a file from EFS to FTPS server

The following command can be used to put a file from EFS to FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE= 1, "myput|file.txt"

OK

+CFTPSPUTFILE; 0
```

3.11 Put a file from external MCU to FTPS server

The following command can be used to put a file from external MCU to FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSPUT= "myputlfile.txt", 10
>test content
OK
```

When the file is large, user can use the following commands after the previous command to put the left data:



```
AT+CFTPSPUT=1024
>...
OK
AT+CFTPSPUT=1024
>...
OK
```

After user has put all the data, the AT+CFTPSPUT should be used to put all the data:

```
AT+CFTPSPUT

OK

+CFTPSPUT: 0
```

Also user can use AT+CFTPSPUT? to query the size of the data in the module cache which needs to be sent:

```
AT+CFTPSPUT?
+CFTPSPUT: 1024
OK
```

3.12 Get a file from FTPS server to EFS

The following command can be used to get a file from FTPS server to EFS:

```
AT+CFTPSGETFILE= 1, "mygetlfile.txt
OK
+CFTPSGETFILE: 0
```

3.13 Get a file from FTPS server to external MCU

The following command can be used to get a file from FTPS server to external MCU:

```
AT+CFTPSGET= "myputlfile.txt"

OK
+CFTPSGET: DATA, 1020,
...
+CFTPSGET: DATA, 1058,
...
...
+CFTPSGET: 0
```



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3.14 Logout the FTPS server

User can use the following AT command to logout the FTPS server:

```
AT+CFTPSLOGOUT
OK
```

3.15 Release the FTPS stack

User can use the following AT command to release FTPS stack:

```
AT+CFTPSSTOP
OK
```

3.16 Timer values of FTPS operation

Following are the timer value setting for FTPS operation:

Timer	Value
HTTPS connect	2 minutes
HTTPS transferring timer	2 minutes
HTTPS close	2 minutes
HTTPS stop wireless network	2minutes

4. Common SSL operations

The purpose of this section is to help get you start with common SSL operations.

4.1 Acquire SSL stack

Each time when user needs to access a new SSL server (AT+CSSLOPEN), the SSL stack needs to be acquired using the following SSL operations:

```
AT+CSSLSTART
OK
```



4.2 Connect the SSL server

After acquiring the SSL stack, user can connect the SSL server using the following AT command:

```
AT+CSSLOPEN=1, "www.mydomain.com", 443
OK
```

The first parameter in all common SSL related commands and unsolicited result code is the SSL id. Currently only 0 and 1 are valid, which means there are maximum two SSL session can be established at the same time.

When there is any alert occurred in SSL authentication, the following unsolicited code may be reported:

```
+CSSLALERT: 1, 0, 0
```

If user wants to continue the SSL opening session, the following command needs to be executed:

```
AT+CSSLCONTINUE = 1
OK
```

If user wants to cancel the SSL opening session, the following command needs to be executed:

```
AT+CSSLCANCEL = 1
OK
```

4.3 Send SSL data

After the SSL connection is established successfully. User can send SSL data using the following AT commands:

```
AT+CSSLSEND=1, 88 > ... 0

OK
```

When the data is large, the AT+CSSLSEND can be used to send for multiple times:



```
>...

AT+CSSLSEND=1, 1024
>...

When all the data has been sent, the AT+CSSLSEND is used to commit these data:

AT+CSSLSEND = 1

OK
...

+CSSLSEND: 1, 0

Also user can query how much data in the module cache is waiting to be sent:

AT+CSSLSEND: 0, 0, 1, 1024

OK
```

4.4 Receive SSL data

The other party may send data to the module. When there is data arrived, the following unsolicited code may be reported:

```
+CSSL: RECV EVENT, 1
```

The module can use the following command to receive data:

```
AT+CHTTPSRECV=1, 1
OK
+CSSLRECV: DATA, 1, 249
...
+CSSLRECV: 1, 0
```

The parameter of this command is used to tell the module to receive the response data with at least the length indicated by the parameter.

If the response data is very large, user can use AT+CSSLRECV to receive the data multiple times.

4.5 Close SSL connection

User can close the SSL connection using AT+CSSLCLOSE



```
AT+CSSLCLOSE = 1
OK
```

4.6 Release SSL stack

After closing SSL connection, user must release the SSL stack:

```
AT+CSSLSTOP
OK
```

After running this command, both SSL connections will be closed.

4.7 Using Transparent Mode for Common SSL

If user needs to use transparent mode for common SSL AT commands, the following AT command needs to be executed:

```
AT+CSSLMODE=1
OK
```

After running this command, the AT+CSSLOPEN command will run like following:

```
AT+CSSLMODE=1
OK
AT+CSSLSTART
OK
AT+CSSLOPEN=1, "www.myserver.com",443
CONNECT 115200
```

When the "CONNECT 115200" is reported, the current serial port is running in SSL transparent mode, all the data put into the port will be transferred to the peer part transparently, and all the data received from the peer part will be output through the serial port. If the UART or USB MODEM port is used to run this command, the "+++", DTR signal and ATO command can be used to switch the serial port mode between "ONLINE DATA" AND "ONLINE COMMAND".

4.8 Timer values of SSL operation

Following are the timer value setting for SSL operation:

Timer	Value
SSL connect	2 minutes



SSL transferring timer	2 minutes
SSL close	2 minutes
SSL stop wireless network	2minutes

5. Unsolicited Result Code

5.1 Unsolicited result code of HTTPS

Code	Description
+CHTTPS: RECV EVENT	When the AT+CHTTPSRECV is not being called, and there is data cached in
	the receiving buffer, this event will be reported.

5.2 Unsolicited result code of SSL

Following is the unsolicited result code of +CSSLALERT: <ssl_id>, <level>, <err>

Code of <level></level>	Description
0	Warning
1	Fatal
2	Suspend
3	Information

The <err> code of +CSSLALERT is a multiple bits combination of error. Each bit has the following meaning:

Bit position of <err></err>	Description
0x00000001	SSL protocol received unexpected message
0x00000002	SSL record failed authentication
0x00000004	Decrypted message not multiple of block size, or invalid padding
0x00000008	Record too big
0x00000010	SSL record failed decompression
0x00000020	SSL handshake protocol failed
0x00000040	Certificate is missing
0x00000080	Certificate failed authentication
0x00000100	Certificate failed authentication of bad signature
0x00000200	Certificate failed authentication of bad issuer
0x00000400	Certificate type not understood
0x00000800	Certificate invalid (was revoked)
0x00001000	Certificate invalid (expired)
0x00002000	Certificate invalid (some error)



0x00004000	SSL protocol parameters out of range
0x00008000	Alert contained invalid ID
0x00010000	Unknown CA
0x00020000	No access rights to continue negotiation
0x00040000	Failed value out of range
0x00080000	Crypto operation failed
0x00100000	Parameter not in compliance
0x00200000	Cannot support requested version
0x00400000	Server requires more secure cipher suites than the client support
0x00800000	Local error independent of the protocol
0x01000000	Cancel handshake for other reasons
0x02000000	Cannot negotiate the handshake
0x04000000	Host mismatch (Common Name)
0x08000000	Alert to viewing the certificate
0x10000000	Alert for unrecognized server name list

Following is the unsolicited result code of +CSSL: RECV EVENT, <ssl_id>

Code of <level></level>	Description	
+CSSL: RECV EVENT, <ssl_id></ssl_id>	There is data received from the other SSL party. The <ssl_id> represents the</ssl_id>	
	ID of the SSL which can receive data.	

6. AT Command Samples

6.1 AT Command Samples of HTTPS

	AT commands	Comments
	AT+CHTTPSSTART	Acquire the HTTPS stack
	OK	
J	AT+CHTTPSOPSE="www.mywebsite.com",443	Connect the HTTPS server
	OK	
	AT+CHTTPSSEND=88	Send the HTTPS request data. If the request is large,
	>GET / HTTP/1.1	this AT+CHTTPSSEND= <len> command can be used</len>
	Host: www.mywebsite.com	multiple times.
	User-Agent: MY WEB AGENT	
	Content-Length: 0	
	OK	
	AT+CHTTPSSEND	Commit all the data which has been sent previously
		using AT+CHTTPSSEND= <len></len>



AT+CHTTPSRECV=1	Receive the HTTPS response from the HTTPS server
OK	If the response data is large, this
+CHTTPSRECV: DATA,249	AT+CHTTPSRECV= <len> command can be used</len>
HTTP/1.1 200 OK	multiple times.
Content-Type: text/html	
Content-Language: zh-CN	
Content-Length: 57	
Date: Tue, 31 Mar 2009 01:56:05 GMT	
Connection: Close	
Proxy-Connection: Close	
<html></html>	
<header>test</header>	
 body>	
Test body	
+CHTTPSRECV: 0	
AT+CHTTPSCLSE	Close the HTTPS connection
OK	
AT+CHTTPSSTOP	Release the HTTPS stack

6.2 AT Command Samples of FTPS

AT commands	Comments
AT+CFTPSSTART	Acquire the FTPS stack
OK	
AT+CFTPLOGIN= "www.myftpsserver.com",990, "mynam	Login the FTPS server
e", "mypassword"	
OK	
AT+CFTPSMKD="testdir"	Create a directory under the current directory on
OK	FTPS
AT+CFTPSRMD="testdir"	Remove a directory from the current directory on
	FTPS server
AT+CFTPSDEL="testdelfile.txt"	Delete a file on the FTPS server
OK	
AT+CFTPSCWD="/mysubdir"	Change current directory to "/mysubdir" on FTPS
OK	server
AT+CFTPSPWD	Get the current directory on FTPS server



+CFTPSPWD:"/mysubdir"	
OK	
AT+CFTPSTYPE=I	Set the FTPS transferring type to binary
AT+CFTPSLIST	List the items under the current directory on FTPS
+CFTPSLIST: DATA,193	server
drw-rw-rw- 1 user group 0 Sep 1	
18:01 .	
drw-rw-rw- 1 user group 0 Sep 1	
18:01	
-rw-rw-rw- 1 user group 2017 Sep 1	
17:24 19800106_000128.jpg	
+CFTPSLIST: 0	
AT+CFTPSGETFILE=1, "testfile.jpg"	Get the "testfile.jpg" from server to local EFS
OK	C:\Picture directory
+CFTPSGETFILE: 0	
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE=1, "testfile.jpg"	Put the local C:\Picture\testfile.jpg to the current
OK	directory on FTPS server
+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0	
AT+CFTPSGET="testfile.jpg"	Get the "testfile.jpg" under current FTPS directory to
OK	external MCU.
+CFTPSGET: DATA, 1024,	
+CFTPSGET:DATA, 1058	
+CFTPSGET: 0	
	D 4 - C1 - C641 4 - 22 C 4 1 MOVI 4 - 4 4
AT+CFTPSPUT="t1.txt",11 >test content	Put a file of "t1.txt" from external MCU to the current directory on FTPS server.
OK	directory on FTT 3 server.
AT+CFTPSPUT=18	
>left data put here	
OK	
AT+CFTPSPUT	
ОК	
+CFTPSPUT: 0	
AT+CFTPSLOGOUT	Logout the FTPS server
ОК	
AT+CFTPSSTOP	Release the FTPS stack
ОК	





6.3 AT Command Samples of Common SSL

AT commands	Comments
AT+CSSLSTART	Acquire the SSL stack
OK	
AT+CSSLOPEN=1, "www.myserver.com",443	Connect the SSL server
OK	
AT+CSSLSEND=1, 88	Send the SSL data. If the request is large, this
>GET / HTTP/1.1	AT+CSSLSEND=1, <len> command can be used</len>
Host: www.mywebsite.com	multiple times.
User-Agent: MY WEB AGENT	
Content-Length: 0	
OK	
AT+CSSLSEND=1	Commit all the data which has been sent previously
OK	using AT+CSSLSEND=1, <len></len>
+CSSLSEND: 1, 0	
AT+CSSLRECV=1,1	Receive the data sent from the other party. If the data
OK	is large, this AT+CSSLRECV=1, <len> command can</len>
+CSSLRECV: DATA, 1, 249	be used multiple times.
HTTP/1.1 200 OK	
Content-Type: text/html	
Content-Language: zh-CN	
Content-Length: 57	
Date: Tue, 31 Mar 2009 01:56:05 GMT	
Connection: Close	
Proxy-Connection: Close	
<html></html>	
<header>test</header>	
 body>	
Test body	
+CSSLRECV: 1, 0	
AT+CSSLCLOSE=1	Close the SSL connection
OK	
AT+CSSLSTOP	Release the SSL stack
OK	





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7. Conflict AT Commands

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The HTTPS, FTPS, Common SSL AT commands cannot run together and they also cannot be used when other socket related function is running:

- TCP/IP Related AT Commands.
- MMS AT Commands
- GPS AT Commands
- HTTP AT command
- FTP AT command



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