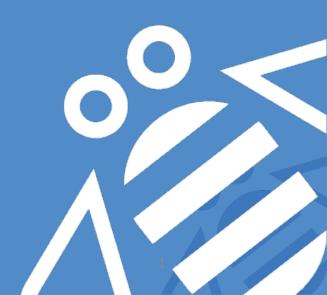


Using Serverless Platform to Create Microservices

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Self Introduction

- Ying Chun Guo "Daisy"
 - IBM senior software engineer



Contact with me with WeChat

- 9 years experience in open source communities, i.e. OpenOffice and OpenStack
- Initiator of OpenStack I18n team, the first PTL
- Apache OpenWhisk committer





Agenda

- What is "Microservice Architecture"?
- Serverless VS. Microservice
- How Apache OpenWhisk support Microservices?
- Summary



What is "Microservice Architecture"?





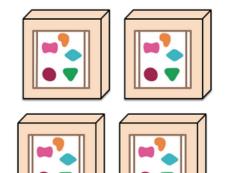
What is "Microservice Architecture"?

- An approach to developing a suite of small services each running in its own process and communicating with lightweight mechanisms, often an HTTP resource API.
- These services are built around business capabilities and independently deployable by fully automated deployment machinery.
- There is a bare minimum of centralized management of these services, which may be written in different programming languages and use different data storage technologies.

A monolithic application puts all its functionality into a single process...



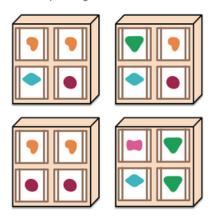
... and scales by replicating the monolith on multiple servers



A microservices architecture puts each element of functionality into a separate service...



... and scales by distributing these services across servers, replicating as needed.





Characteristics of "Microservices Architecture"

All "true" microservices architectures share the same common characteristics in that they —

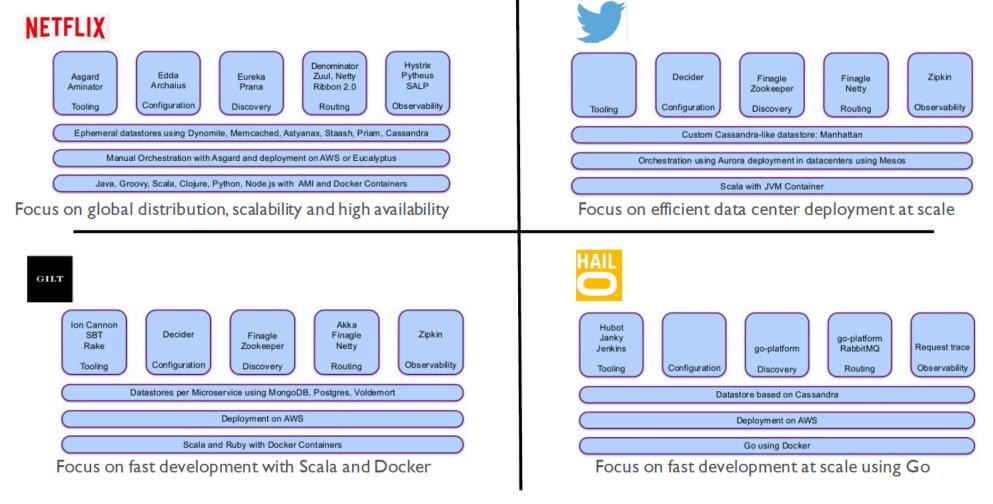
- ➤ Are componentized
- ➤ Are organized around business capabilities
- ➤ Have decentralized governance
- Have decentralized data management
- ➤ Communicate via APIs only
- ➤ Are designed for failure

- ➤ Enable continuous delivery
- ➤ Embrace evolutionary design
- ➤ Are owned by cross-functional teams embracing DevOps practices





Sample of Microservices Architecture

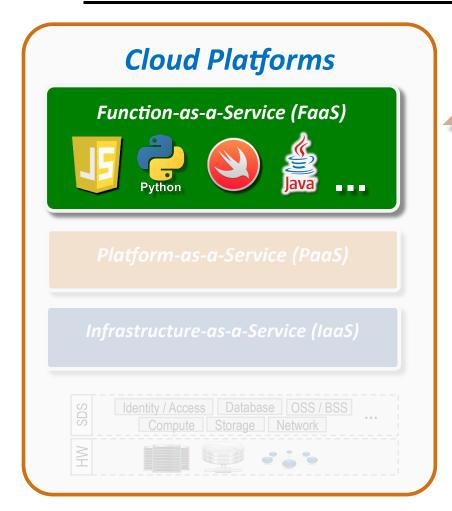


Serverless VS. Microservices





Review: What is Serverless?



Serverless = Functions

- Workloads: Simple, single-tasked Functions
- No "Back-end" Servers Configuration
 - Automatic scaling, based upon load
 - Driven by events, and their data
- Majority of Functions & Orchestration are "Front-end"
 - around workflows and tasks around the applications data
 ... where
 - Developers Focus on ONLY writing Application and Business logic!

There are still Servers!

- But they are a 'No-Op' for you!
 - Provider's DevOps teams configure, manage and assure
 Functions scale and run efficiently.

No Configuration of Servers, Only Pay for Compute time functions actually use OpenWhisk™

Evolu



Review: Characteristics of Serverless Computing

Serverless can also mean applications where some amount of server-side logic is still written by the application developer but unlike traditional architectures is run in stateless compute containers that are event-triggered, ephemeral (may only last for one invocation), and fully managed by a 3rd party.

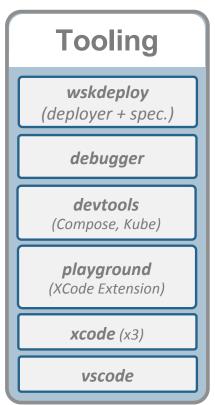
—— Mike Roberts

- ➤ Running back end code without managing your own server systems or your own server applications.
- ➤ Not require coding to a specific language, framework or library.
- > Functions are running in a separate context of environment.

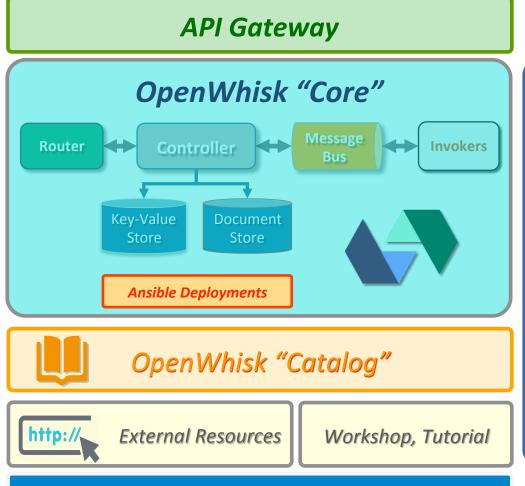
- ➤ Horizontal scaling is completely automatic, elastic, and managed by the provider.
- Functions can be triggered by event types defined by the provider.
- Functions can be also triggered as a response to inbound http requests, typically in some kind of API gateway.



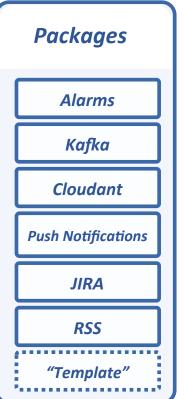
Review: Apache OpenWhisk "Eco-System"

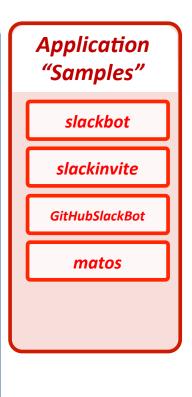






openwhisk.github.io (openwhisk.org)









How "Serverless Computing" fit into "Microservices Architecture"?

Characteristics of Microservice Architecture:

- ✓ Are componentized
- ➤ Are organized around business capabilities
- ✓ Have decentralized governance
- ➤ Have decentralized data management
- ✓ Communicate via APIs only
- ➤ Are designed for failure

- Enable continuous delivery
- ✓ Embrace evolutionary design
- ➤ Are owned by cross-functional teams embracing DevOps practices





Serverless VS. Microservices

Serverless

Stateless
Event driven
No operations
Ephemeral

Service running separately

Lightweight communication

Microservices

Service discovery
Decentralized
CI/CD
DevOps





How Apache OpenWhisk supports microservices?

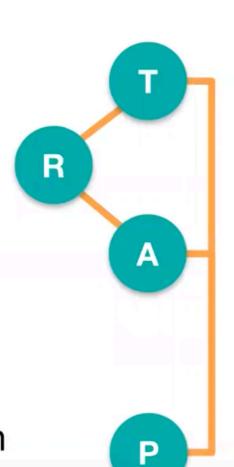


Review: OpenWhisk Programming Model

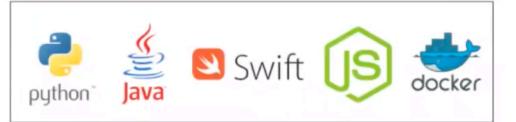
Data sources define events they emit as **Triggers**.

Developers map Actions to Triggers via Rules.

Packages provide integration with external services.

















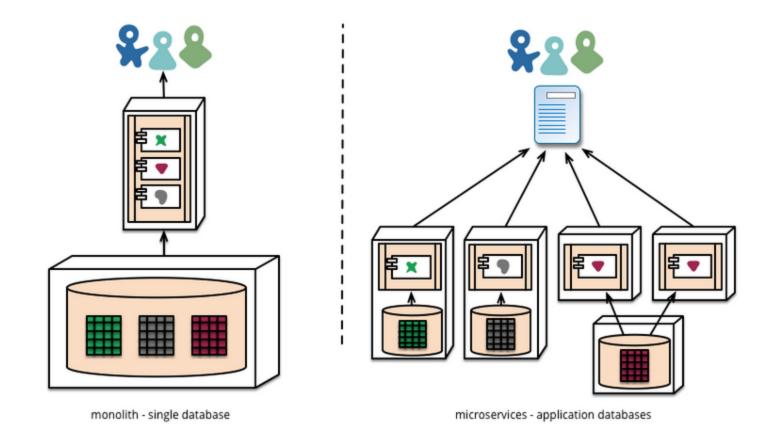
An action as a microservice

- OpenWhisk actions are independent of each other
- OpenWhisk actions can be implemented using variety of different languages supported by OpenWhisk and access various backend systems.
- Each action can be independently deployed and managed
- Each action is scaled independently of other actions.
- Interconnectivity between actions is provided by OpenWhisk in the form of rules, sequences, naming conventions, and even HTTP REST API.



Sample 1: Database CRUD services

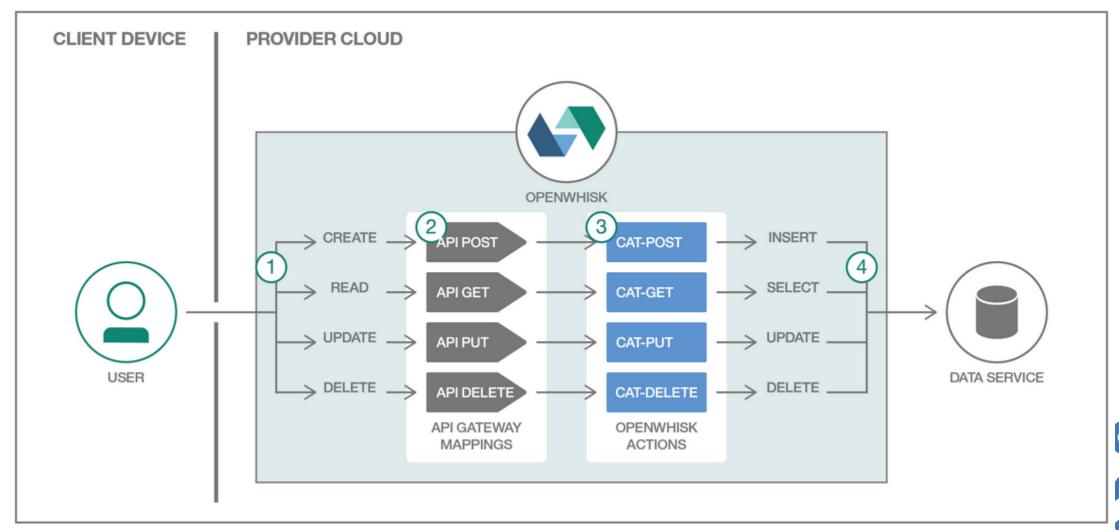
Using Action and API Gateway to implement database CRUD services.



17

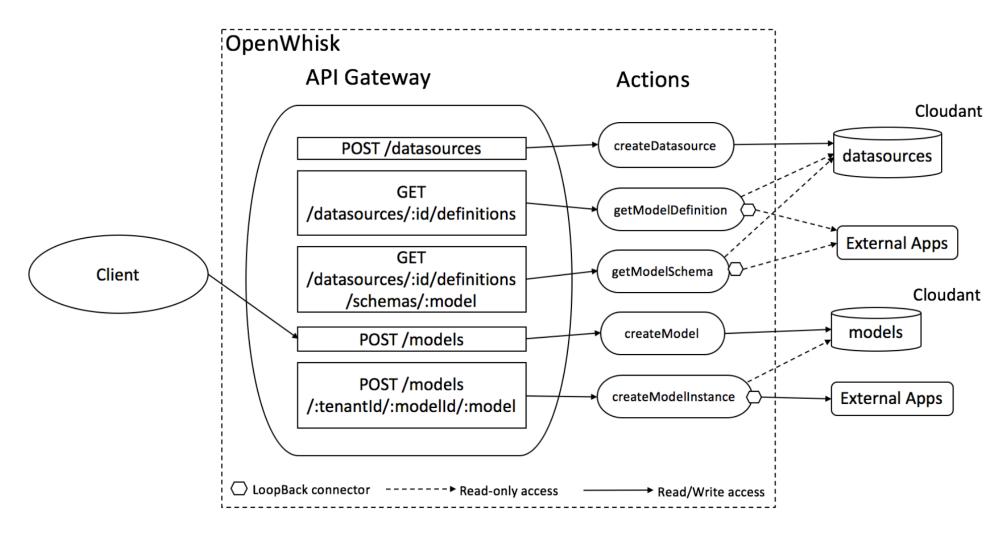


Sample 1: Database CRUD services





Sample 1: Database CRUD services

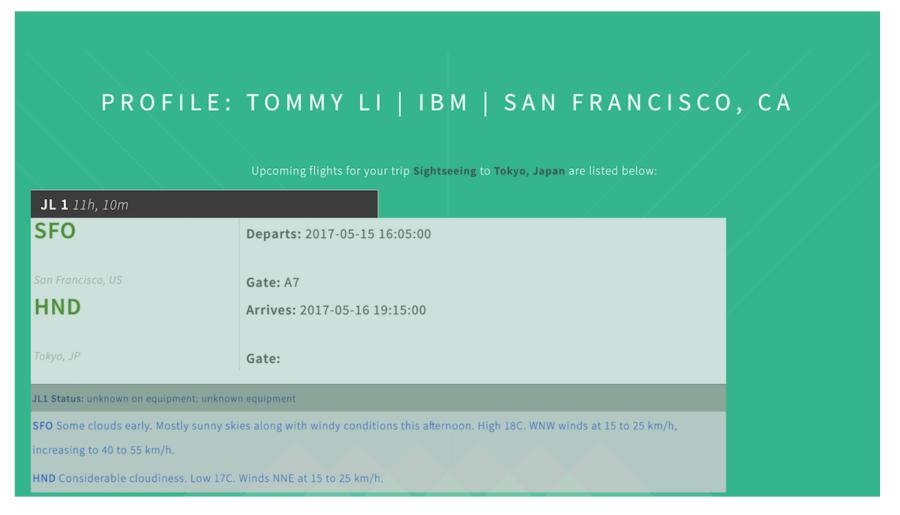






Open by design IM

Sample 2: A sample Node.js monolithic application: Flightasistant

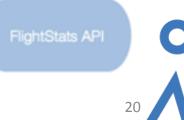


Available 3rd services

Cloudant

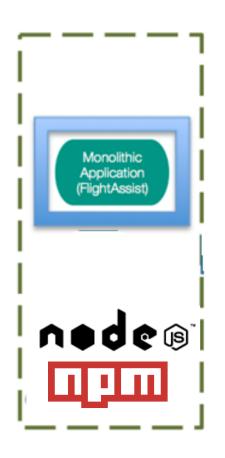
Weather Company Data

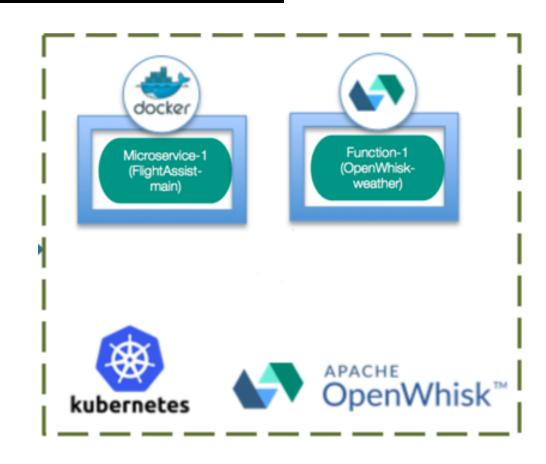
Tripit API





Sample 2: A sample Node.js monolithic application: Flightasistant









Summary

- Apache OpenWhisk can be used to develop microservices.
- Apache OpenWhisk is not a full stack 'Microservices Architecture' platform, but can be part of it.





Reference

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3. Microservices

https://www.martinfowler.com/articles/microservices.html

4. Serverless Architectures

https://www.martinfowler.com/articles/serverless.html





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扫码填写 本课程调查问卷 下讲预告 6月15日晚8点 《使用Serverless平台实现IoT》

如需体验Apache OpenWhisk 请到bluemix.net注册并体验 任何问题,请微信咨询 IBMOpenTech