



北京郵電大學



For examiners' use only

# EBU714U A

Joint Programme Examinations 2018/19

EBU714U Security and Authentication

Paper A

Time allowed 2 hours

Answer ALL questions

1	
2	
3	
4	
Total	

Complete the information below about yourself very carefully.

QM student number

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BUPT student number

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Class number

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**NOT allowed: electronic calculators and electronic dictionaries.**

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. **You must NOT take answer books, used or unused, from the examination room.**
2. Write only with a black or blue pen **and in English.**
3. Do all rough work in the answer book – **do not tear out any pages.**
4. If you use Supplementary Answer Books, tie them to the end of this book.
5. Write clearly and legibly.
6. **Read the instructions on the inside cover.**

**Examiners**

Dr Yasir Alfadhli, Dr Na Yao

# Instructions

## Before the start of the examination

- 1) Place your BUPT and QM student cards on the corner of your desk so that your picture is visible.
- 2) Put all bags, coats and other belongings at the back/front of the room. All small items in your pockets, including wallets, mobile phones and other electronic devices must be **placed in your bag in advance. Possession of mobile phones, electronic devices and unauthorised materials is an offence.**
- 3) Please ensure your mobile phone is switched off and that no alarm will sound during the exam. **A mobile phone causing a disruption is also an assessment offence.**
- 4) Do not turn over your question paper or begin writing until told to do.

## During the examination

- 1) You must not communicate with or copy from another student.
- 2) If you require any assistance or wish to leave the examination room for any reason, please raise your hand to attract the attention of the invigilator.
- 3) If you finish the examination early you may leave, but not in the first 30 minutes or the last 10 minutes.
- 4) For 2 hour examinations you may **not** leave temporarily.
- 5) For examinations longer than 2 hours you **may** leave temporarily but not in the first 2 hours or the last 30 minutes.

## At the end of the examination

- 1) You must stop writing immediately – **if you continue writing after being told to stop, that is an assessment offence.**
- 2) Remain in your seat until you are told you may leave.

**Question 1**

- a) Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) was established a few decades following the Data Encryption Standard (DES). Fill in the table below with the appropriate answers which respond to each method.

	<b>DES</b>	<b>AES</b>
<b>Stream or Block cipher?</b>		
<b>Plaintext block size</b>		
<b>Key size</b>		
<b>Number of rounds</b>		
<b>/ 8 marks</b>		

- b) An S-box is also used AES as part of the ‘substitute byte’ operation. Explain what it is, and how it is used. **[6 marks]**

	Do not write in this column
	<b>6 marks</b>



**Question 2**

- a) What is the difference between *symmetric encryption* and *asymmetric encryption*? Give an example of each type of encryption methods. **[4 marks]**

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		<b>4 marks</b>

- b) User *A* and *B* decide to use the *Diffie-Hellman* key exchange technique with a common prime  $q=11$  and a primitive root  $\alpha=2$  to establish a unique secret key. Assume that *A*'s random number is 9 and *B*'s number is 4. Answer the following questions: **[10 marks]**

- (i) Demonstrate the procedure of key establishment step-by-step. What's the secret key?
- (ii) Is the secret key established in (i) practical? Explain your answer.

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		<b>10 marks</b>

c) Using your knowledge of RSA, answer the following:

**[6 marks]**

- (i) Explain what RSA is in terms of the number of keys used, and the way in which data is processed.
- (ii) Use mathematical functions to describe both encryption and decryption processes.
- (iii) List two security mechanisms RSA can be used in.

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		<b>6 marks</b>

d) Briefly explain *message authentication code (MAC)* and *one-way hash function*. Which security service do they both provide?

**[5 marks]**

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		<b>5 marks</b>

Question marking:  $\frac{4}{4} + \frac{10}{10} + \frac{6}{6} + \frac{5}{5} = \frac{25}{25}$

**Question 3**

a) In Internet Protocol Security (IPSec), what is the domain of interpretation (DOI)? **[5 marks]**

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		<b>5 marks</b>

b) Briefly explain how the Tunnel and Transport Modes operate in IPSec. **[4 marks]**

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		<b>4 marks</b>

- c) Kerberos is an authentication service designed for use in a distributed environment. Kerberos services are required to be secure, reliable, transparent, and scalable. What mechanisms are used within Kerberos to achieve these requirements? **[8 marks]**

Requirement	Mechanism
Secure	
Reliable	
Transparent	
Scalable	
/ 8 marks	

- d) In Firewalls, what is a circuit-level gateway? Support your answer with a diagram. **[8 marks]**

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	8 marks

Question marking:  $\frac{5}{5} + \frac{4}{4} + \frac{8}{8} + \frac{8}{8} = \frac{25}{25}$



### Question 4

- |  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| a) Define the following two important Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) concepts: | <b>[4 marks]</b> |
| i) SSL connection  | (2 marks)        |
| ii) SSL session  | (2 marks)        |

[illegible]

- b) Explain the **purposes** of *handshake protocol* and *record protocol* in SSL/TLS, and the **tasks** performed by the two protocols. **[8 marks]**

[illegible]

[illegible]

**[6 marks]**

[illegible]

**Question marking:**  $\frac{-}{4} + \frac{-}{7} + \frac{-}{8} + \frac{-}{6} = \frac{-}{25}$

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