Rest API's Methods

GET Method

- 1. The GET method is used to retrieve information from the given server using a given URI.
- 2. Requests using GET should only retrieve data and should have no other effect on the data.
- 3. GET is used to request data from a specified resource.
- 4. GET is one of the most common HTTP methods.

POST Method

- Request the server to accept the enclosed entity.
- This means the POST method call will create a child resource under a collection of resources.
- Client sends requests in the form of HTTP methods to the server to create, retrieve, modify or destroy resources.

PUT Method

- ► The PUT method creates a new resource or substitutes a representation of the target resource.
- ▶ PUT can replaces the file or resource.
- ▶ PUT can creates new files or resource.

DELETE Method

- Removes all current representations of the target resource given by URI
- Requests the server to delete a file at a location specified by the given URI
- Response status is 200(OK) for the first delete operation.
- Response status is 404(NOT FOUND) as resource is already deleted by first DELETE operation.

PATCH Method

- 1. PATCH method is the correct choice for partially updating an existing resource, and you should only use PUT if you're replacing a resource in its entirety.
- 2. Support for PATCH in browsers and Servers is not universal. IE8, PHP, Tomcat, Django, and lots of other software have missing or broken support for it.
- 3. Example:
- HTTP GET /users/1
- { "id": 1, "username": "admin", "email": "email@example.org"}
- 4. A sample patch request to update the email will be like this:
- HTTP PATCH /users/1 [{ "op": "replace", "path": "/email", "value": "new.email@example.org" }]

Thank You