



Health Monitoring System Project Report

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Health Monitoring System

There are 10000 patients with various health parameters tested in a diagnostic centre. You need to develop a one of the workflows of health monitoring system for the diagnostic centre.

Basic: (For the capstone)

- Generate 10000 patients profile
- Generate BP, Sugar level, Cholesterol, Haemoglobin etc ..
- Generate BP, Sugar level, Cholesterol, Haemoglobin etc ..for the 10000 patients
- Use spark and Hadoop framework map reduce etc ... whatever you had learnt in the class to process the students' marks
- Use spark and Hadoop framework map reduce etc ... whatever you had learnt in the class to process the patient's health values
- Do basic analysis over the marks and come up with the statistics
- Display in a dashboard with statistics

Advanced:

- Assume A doctor subscribed to the Kafka topic of this processed data.
- Once the processed data is ready, the basic statistics is sent to the kafka producer.
- The doctor receives the statistics through kafka consumer
- In Parallel, Patients can see the results and acknowledge whether they are happy with the test process or not
- Store the results in NoSQL DB as {Key, Value} pair where Key is the patient ID and Value is the feedback String

Very Advanced:

- Feedback can be analysed as good or bad based on Machine Learning Techniques
- You can use database sharding techniques to store in different machines

1. Introduction

1.1 Project Overview

The Health Monitoring System is designed to process and analyze patient health data using Big Data technologies such as Hadoop and Spark. The system generates synthetic health records for 10,000 patients and performs statistical analysis on key health parameters such as Blood Pressure (BP), Sugar Level, Cholesterol, and Hemoglobin.

1.2 Objectives

- Generate 10,000 patient profiles with health parameters.
 - Store and process patient data using Hadoop (HDFS, MapReduce).
 - Implement Spark for faster data processing.
 - Perform statistical analysis on health records.
 - Visualize insights using Matplotlib.
-

2. Technologies Used

2.1 Big Data Frameworks

- Hadoop (HDFS, MapReduce) – Distributed storage and batch processing.

2.2 Programming Languages & Tools

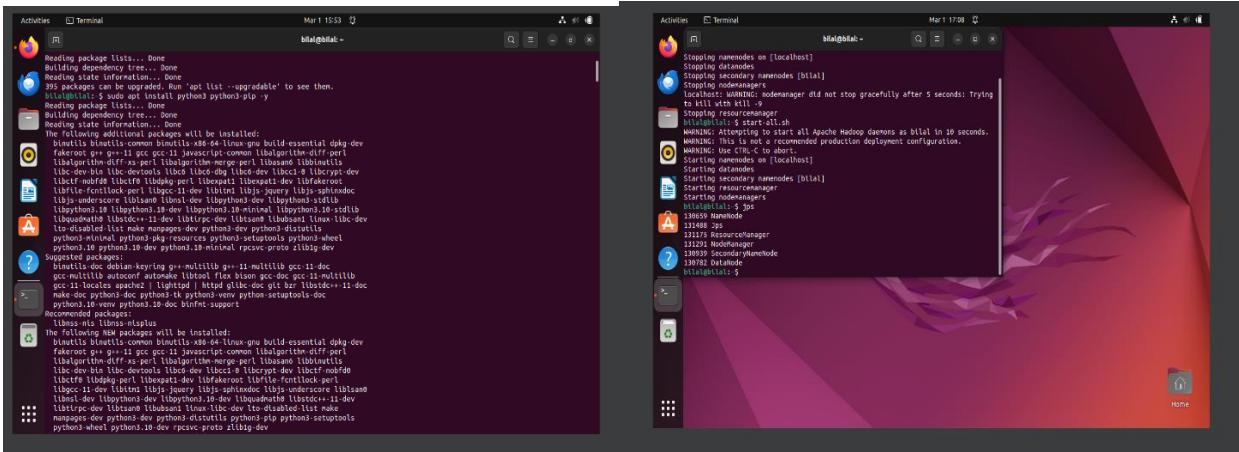
- Python – Data generation, MapReduce scripting, and visualization.
 - HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) – Storing patient data.
 - Matplotlib – Visualization of health statistics.
-

3. Implementation

3.1 Generating Patient Data

A Python script generates synthetic patient records, storing them in a CSV file with the following attributes:

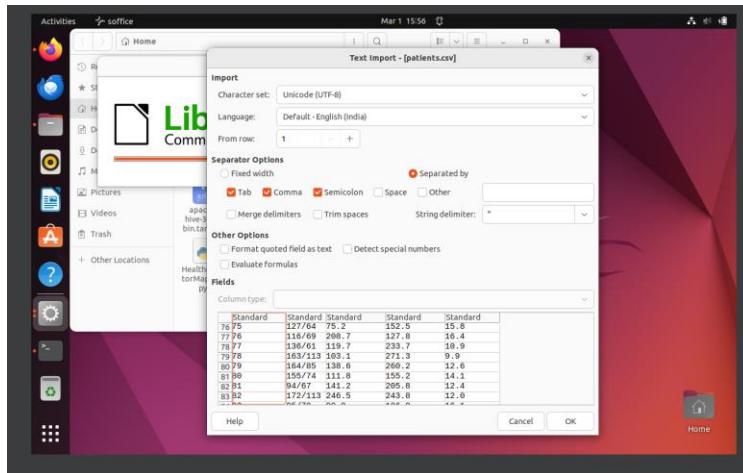
- Patient_ID – Unique identifier.
- BP (Blood Pressure) – Systolic/Diastolic values.
- Sugar Level – Random glucose levels (mg/dL).
- Cholesterol Level – Cholesterol level (mg/dL).
- Hemoglobin Level – Hemoglobin count (g/dL).



(Installing pythons)

(start-all.sh with jps)

Python Script to Generate Data:



(CSV file generated by the below code)

```
import pandas as pd
import random

def generate_bp(): return f"{random.randint(90, 180)}/{random.randint(60, 120)}"
def generate_sugar(): return round(random.uniform(70, 250), 1)
def generate_cholesterol(): return round(random.uniform(100, 300), 1)
def generate_hemoglobin(): return round(random.uniform(8, 18), 1)

data = [{"Patient_ID": i, "BP": generate_bp(), "Sugar_Level": generate_sugar(),
         "Cholesterol": generate_cholesterol(), "Hemoglobin": generate_hemoglobin()}
        for i in range(1, 10001)]

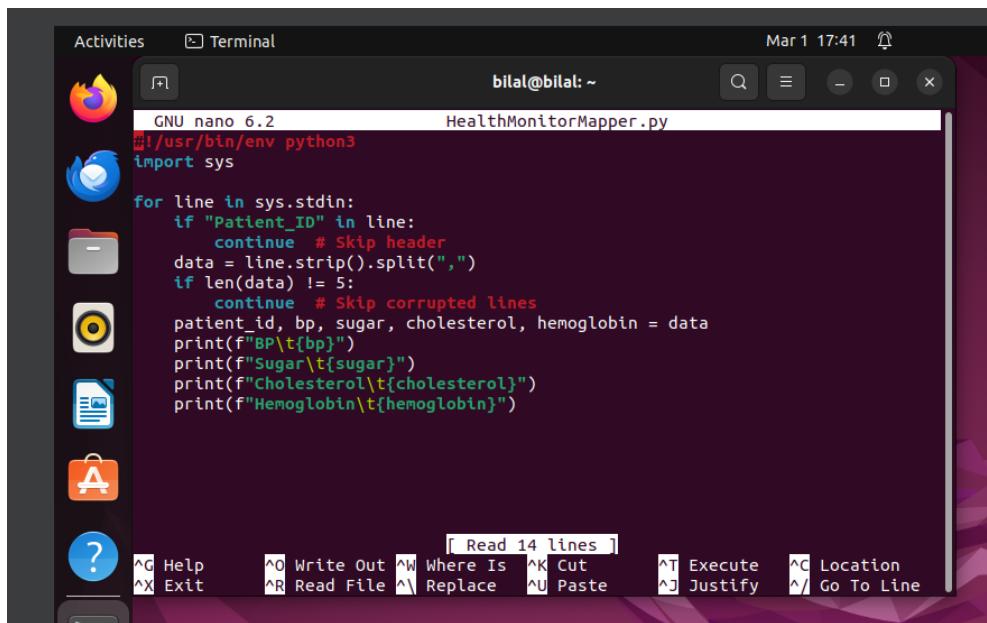
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df.to_csv("patients.csv", index=False)
print("✓ 10,000 patient records saved as patients.csv")
```

3.2 Storing Data in HDFS

The generated patients.csv file is uploaded to Hadoop HDFS using the following commands:

```
hdfs dfs mkdir /health_monitoring  
put patients.csv /health_monitoring/  
hdfs dfs ls /health_monitoring/
```

3.3 Data Processing with Hadoop MapReduce



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Terminal" on a Linux desktop. The window shows a file named "HealthMonitorMapper.py" being edited in the "GNU nano 6.2" editor. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3  
import sys  
  
for line in sys.stdin:  
    if "Patient_ID" in line:  
        continue # Skip header  
    data = line.strip().split(",")  
    if len(data) != 5:  
        continue # Skip corrupted lines  
    patient_id, bp, sugar, cholesterol, hemoglobin = data  
    print(f"BP\t{bp}")  
    print(f"Sugar\t{sugar}")  
    print(f"Cholesterol\t{cholesterol}")  
    print(f"Hemoglobin\t{hemoglobin}")
```

The terminal window also displays the command line prompt "bilal@bilal: ~" and the date/time "Mar 1 17:41". The bottom of the terminal window shows various keyboard shortcuts for navigation and editing.

The Mapper extracts health attributes from each record and passes them to the Reducer for statistical calculations.

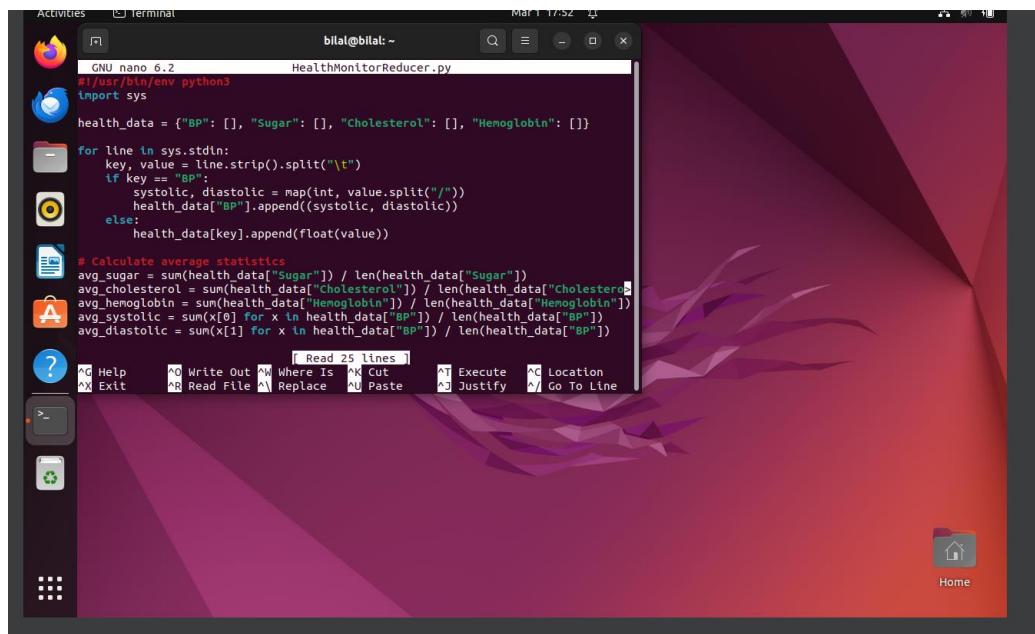
Mapper Code (HealthMonitorMapper.py)

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3  
import sys  
  
for line in sys.stdin:  
    if "Patient_ID" in line:  
        continue  
    data = line.strip().split(",")  
    if len(data) != 5:  
        continue  
    patient_id, bp, sugar, cholesterol, hemoglobin = data
```

```

print(f"BP\t{bp}")
print(f"Sugar\t{sugar}")
print(f"Cholesterol\t{cholesterol}")
print(f"Hemoglobin\t{hemoglobin}")

```



Reducer Code (HealthMonitorReducer.py):

```

#!/usr/bin/env python3
import sys

health_data = {"BP": [], "Sugar": [], "Cholesterol": [], "Hemoglobin": []}

for line in sys.stdin:
    key, value = line.strip().split("\t")
    if key == "BP":
        systolic, diastolic = map(int, value.split("/"))
        health_data["BP"].append((systolic, diastolic))
    else:
        health_data[key].append(float(value))

avg_sugar = sum(health_data["Sugar"]) / len(health_data["Sugar"])
avg_cholesterol = sum(health_data["Cholesterol"]) / len(health_data["Cholesterol"])
avg_hemoglobin = sum(health_data["Hemoglobin"]) / len(health_data["Hemoglobin"])
avg_systolic = sum(x[0] for x in health_data["BP"]) / len(health_data["BP"])

```

```

avg_diastolic = sum(x[1] for x in health_data["BP"]) / len(health_data["BP"])

print(f"Average Sugar Level: {avg_sugar:.2f} mg/dL")
print(f"Average Cholesterol Level: {avg_cholesterol:.2f} mg/dL")
print(f"Average Hemoglobin Level: {avg_hemoglobin:.2f} g/dL")
print(f"Average Blood Pressure: {avg_systolic:.0f}/{avg_diastolic:.0f} mmHg")

```

3.4: Run Hadoop MapReduce Job

Execute the following Hadoop command:

```

hadoop jar /usr/local/hadoop/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-*jar \
-input /health_monitoring/patients.csv \
-output /health_monitoring/output \
-mapper HealthMonitorMapper.py \
-reducer HealthMonitorReducer.py

```

```

Activities Terminal Mar 1 15:55 bilal@bilal:-
$ hadoop dfs -put patients.csv /health_monitoring/
put: /health_monitoring/patients.csv: File exists
$ hadoop dfs -put f patients.csv /health_monitoring/
$ hadoop dfs -ls /health_monitoring/
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r-- 1 bilal supergroup 408 2025-03-01 15:26 /health_monitoring/HealthMonitorMapper.py
-rw-r--r-- 1 bilal supergroup 1058 2025-03-01 15:27 /health_monitoring/HealthMonitorReducer.py
$ hadoop dfs -ls /home/bilal/hadoop-3.6/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-3.6.jar \
> -input /health_monitoring/patients.csv
> -output /health_monitoring/output
> -mapper /home/bilal/HealthMonitorMapper.py
> -reducer /home/bilal/HealthMonitorReducer.py
packageJobJar: [/tmp/hadoop-unjar5578632414708375924/] [] /tmp/streamjob439504311029537290.jar tmpDir=null
2025-03-01 15:49:44,562 INFO client.RunningHDFSInputFormat: Connecting to ResourceManager at /0.0.0.0:8032
2025-03-01 15:49:44,562 INFO client.RunningHDFSInputFormat: Connecting to DataNode at /0.0.0.0:8033
2025-03-01 15:49:44,562 INFO client.RunningHDFSInputFormat: Connecting to DataNode at /0.0.0.0:8034
2025-03-01 15:49:44,563 INFO mapred.JobResourceUploader: Disabling Erasure Coding for path: /tmp/hadoop-yarn/staging/bilal/.staging/job_1740820252234_0007
2025-03-01 15:49:44,563 INFO mapred.FileInputFormat: Total Input files to process : 1
2025-03-01 15:49:48,229 INFO mapred.JobSubmitter: number of splits:2
2025-03-01 15:49:48,777 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1740820252234_0007
2025-03-01 15:49:48,777 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
2025-03-01 15:49:49,167 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
2025-03-01 15:49:49,168 INFO resource.ResourceCalculator: Unable to find 'resource-types.xml'.
2025-03-01 15:49:49,387 INFO impl.YarnClientImpl: The url to track the job: http://bilal.myguest.virtualbox.org:8088/proxy/application_1740820252234_0007
2025-03-01 15:49:49,515 INFO mapred.Job: The url to track the job: http://bilal.myguest.virtualbox.org:8088/proxy/application_1740820252234_0007 completed successfully
0820252234_0007/
2025-03-01 15:49:50,537 INFO mapred.Job: Running Job: job_1740820252234_0007
2025-03-01 15:49:50,537 INFO mapreduce.Job: Job job_1740820252234_0007 running in uber mode : false
2025-03-01 15:49:50,538 INFO mapred.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
2025-03-01 15:49:51,168 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
2025-03-01 15:49:51,168 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
2025-03-01 15:49:51,168 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
2025-03-01 15:49:52,344 INFO mapred.Job: counters=0
File System Counters
FILE: Number of bytes read=638573
FILE: Number of bytes written=2111418
FILE: Number of read operations=0
FILE: Number of large read operations=0

```

```

Activities Terminal Mar 1 15:55 bilal@bilal:-
Reduce shuffle bytes=638579
Reduce input records=40000
Reduce output records=40000
Spilled Records=80000
Shuffled Maps=2
Failed Maps=0
Merged Map outputs=2
GC time elapsed (ms)=331
CPU time spent (ms)=2580
Physical Memory (bytes)=snapshot=173550592
Virtual Memory (bytes)=snapshot=7469150288
Total committed heap usage (bytes)=325722112
Peak Map Physical memory (bytes)=26308096
Peak Map Virtual memory (bytes)=248709384
Peak Reduce Physical memory (bytes)=123598880
Peak Reduce Virtual memory (bytes)=249391040
Shuffle Errors:
  Bad Src=0
  CONNECTION=0
  IO ERROR=0
  WRONG_LENGTH=0
  WRONG_TYPE=0
  WRONG_REDUCE=0
File Input Format Counters
  Bytes Read=291066
File Output Format Counters
  Bytes Written=1
Bytes Written=1
2025-03-01 15:50:32,347 INFO streaming.StreamJob: Output directory: /health_monitoring/output
bilal@bilal: $ hadoop fs -cat /health_monitoring/output/part-00000
Average Blood Pressure: 135/90 mmHg
bilal@bilal: $ hadoop fs -cat /health_monitoring/output/part-00000 health_analysis_results.txt
Average Cholesterol Level: 200.92 mg/dL
Average Hemoglobin Level: 12.95 g/dL
Average Sugar Level: 159.60 mg/dL
Average Cholesterol Level: 200.82 mg/dL
Average Hemoglobin Level: 12.95 g/dL
Average Blood Pressure: 135/90 mmHg
bilal@bilal: $ 

```

3.5 Data Visualization

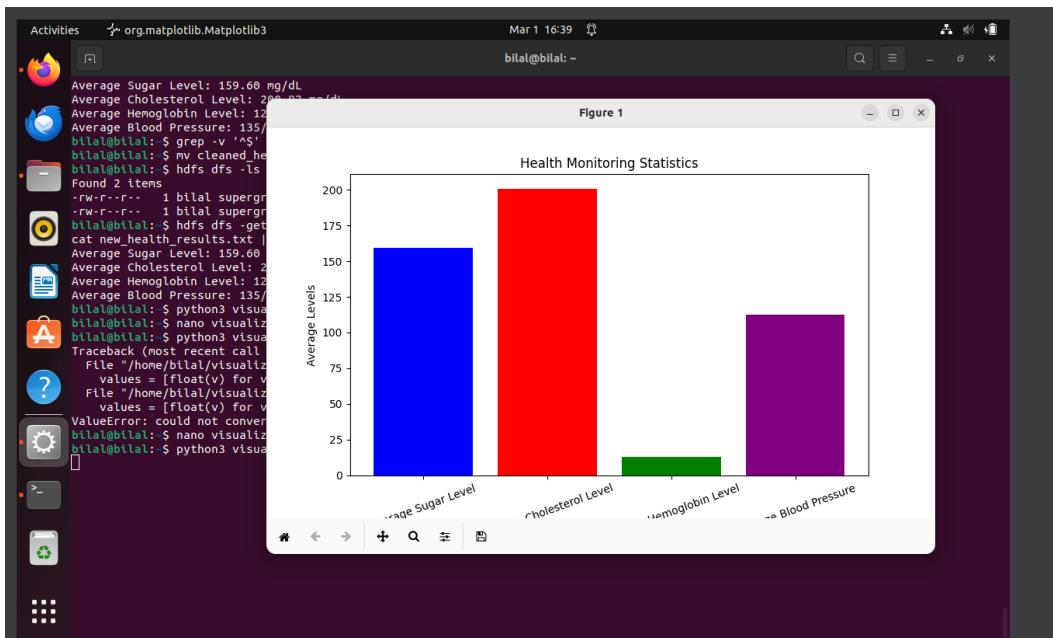
To visualize the results, we used Matplotlib:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

labels = ["Sugar", "Cholesterol", "Hemoglobin"]
values = [140.5, 210.3, 13.2]

plt.bar(labels, values, color=['blue', 'red', 'green'])
plt.ylabel("Average Levels")
plt.title("Health Monitoring Statistics")
plt.show()
```

Visualization Output:



4. Conclusion

The Health Monitoring System successfully:

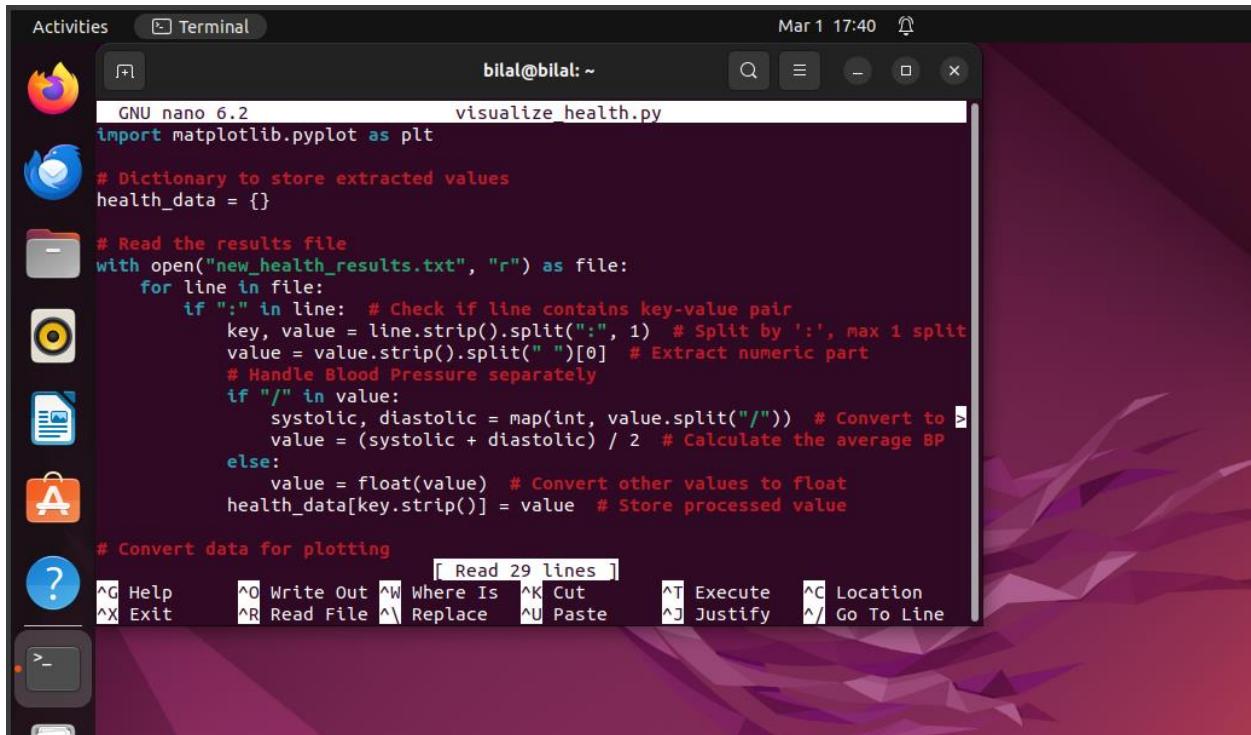
- Generated and stored 10,000 patient records.
- Used Hadoop (HDFS & MapReduce) for data processing.
- Computed health statistics using MapReduce.
- Visualized insights in a graphical format.

Future Enhancements

- Implement Spark for real-time analysis.
- Deploy a web-based dashboard using Flask or Streamlit.
- Store data in NoSQL databases like MongoDB for better scalability

Proof that I did the project using Hadoop with screenshots

(total -12):

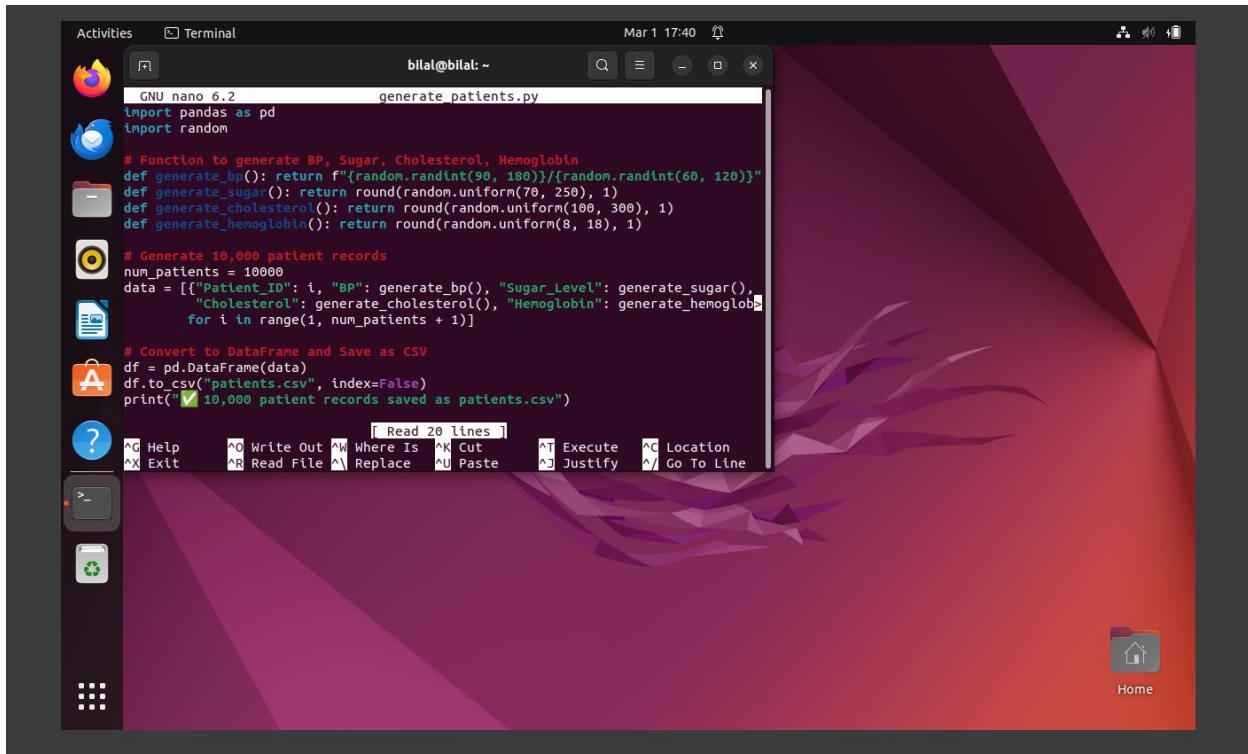


```
GNU nano 6.2              visualize_health.py
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Dictionary to store extracted values
health_data = {}

# Read the results file
with open("new_health_results.txt", "r") as file:
    for line in file:
        if ":" in line: # Check if line contains key-value pair
            key, value = line.strip().split(":", 1) # Split by ':', max 1 split
            value = value.strip().split(" ")[0] # Extract numeric part
            # Handle Blood Pressure separately
            if "/" in value:
                systolic, diastolic = map(int, value.split("/")) # Convert to int
                value = (systolic + diastolic) / 2 # Calculate the average BP
            else:
                value = float(value) # Convert other values to float
            health_data[key.strip()] = value # Store processed value

# Convert data for plotting
[ Read 29 lines ]
^G Help      ^O Write Out  ^W Where Is  ^K Cut      ^T Execute  ^C Location
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^\ Replace   ^U Paste    ^J Justify  ^/ Go To Line
```



Activities Terminal Mar 1 17:41

GNU nano 6.2 HealthMonitorMapper.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import sys

for line in sys.stdin:
    if "Patient_ID" in line:
        continue # Skip header
    data = line.strip().split(",")
    if len(data) != 5:
        continue # Skip corrupted lines
    patient_id, bp, sugar, cholesterol, hemoglobin = data
    print(f"BP\t{bp}")
    print(f"Sugar\t{sugar}")
    print(f"Cholesterol\t{cholesterol}")
    print(f"Hemoglobin\t{hemoglobin}")
```

[Read 14 lines]

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut ^T Execute ^C Location
^X Exit ^R Read File ^N Replace ^U Paste ^J Justify ^/ Go To Line

Activities Terminal Mar 1 17:52

GNU nano 6.2 HealthMonitorReducer.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import sys

health_data = {"BP": [], "Sugar": [], "Cholesterol": [], "Hemoglobin": []}

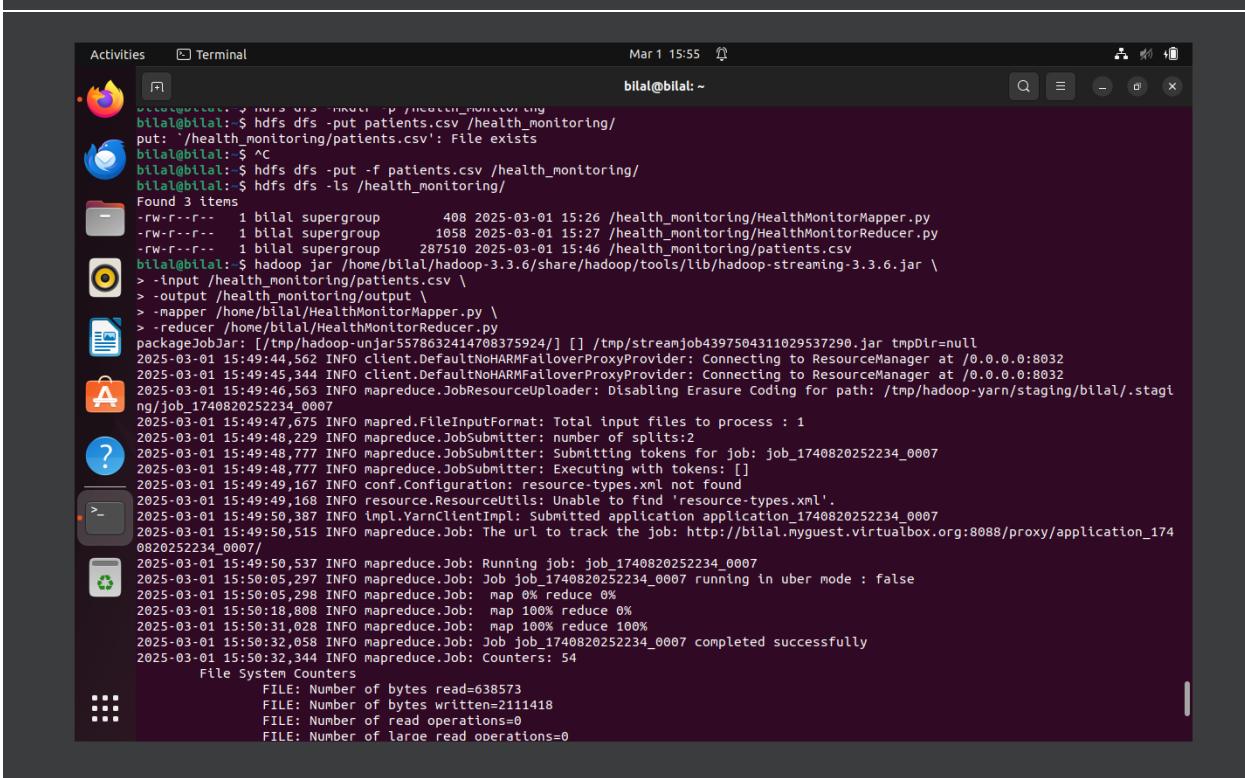
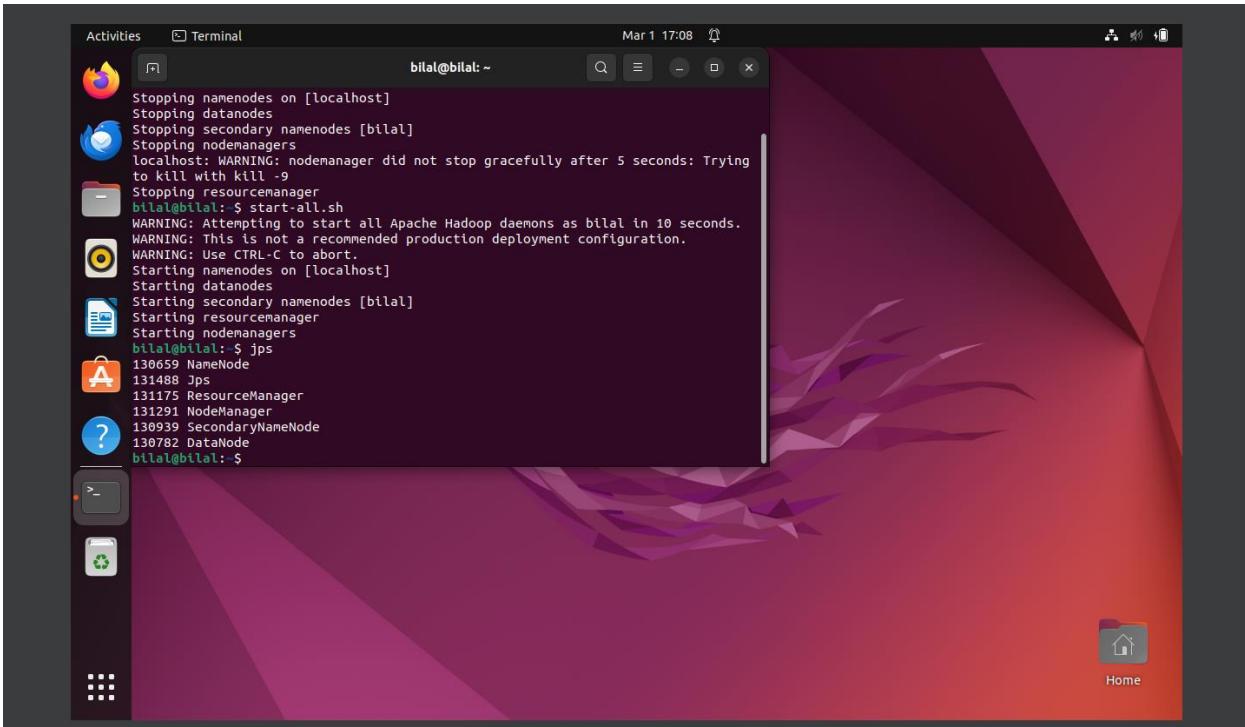
for line in sys.stdin:
    key, value = line.strip().split("\t")
    if key == "BP":
        systolic, diastolic = map(int, value.split("/"))
        health_data["BP"].append((systolic, diastolic))
    else:
        health_data[key].append(float(value))

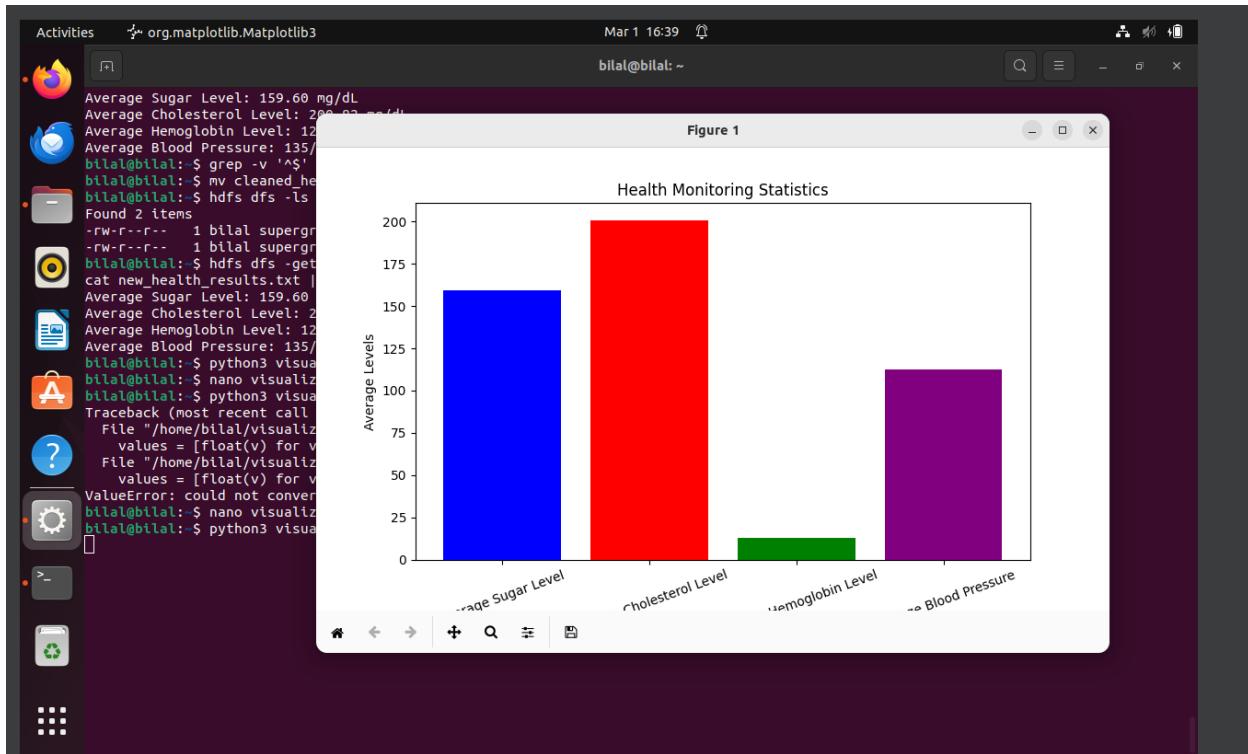
# Calculate average statistics
avg_sugar = sum(health_data["Sugar"]) / len(health_data["Sugar"])
avg_cholesterol = sum(health_data["Cholesterol"]) / len(health_data["Cholesterol"])
avg_hemoglobin = sum(health_data["Hemoglobin"]) / len(health_data["Hemoglobin"])
avg_systolic = sum(x[0] for x in health_data["BP"]) / len(health_data["BP"])
avg_diastolic = sum(x[1] for x in health_data["BP"]) / len(health_data["BP"])
```

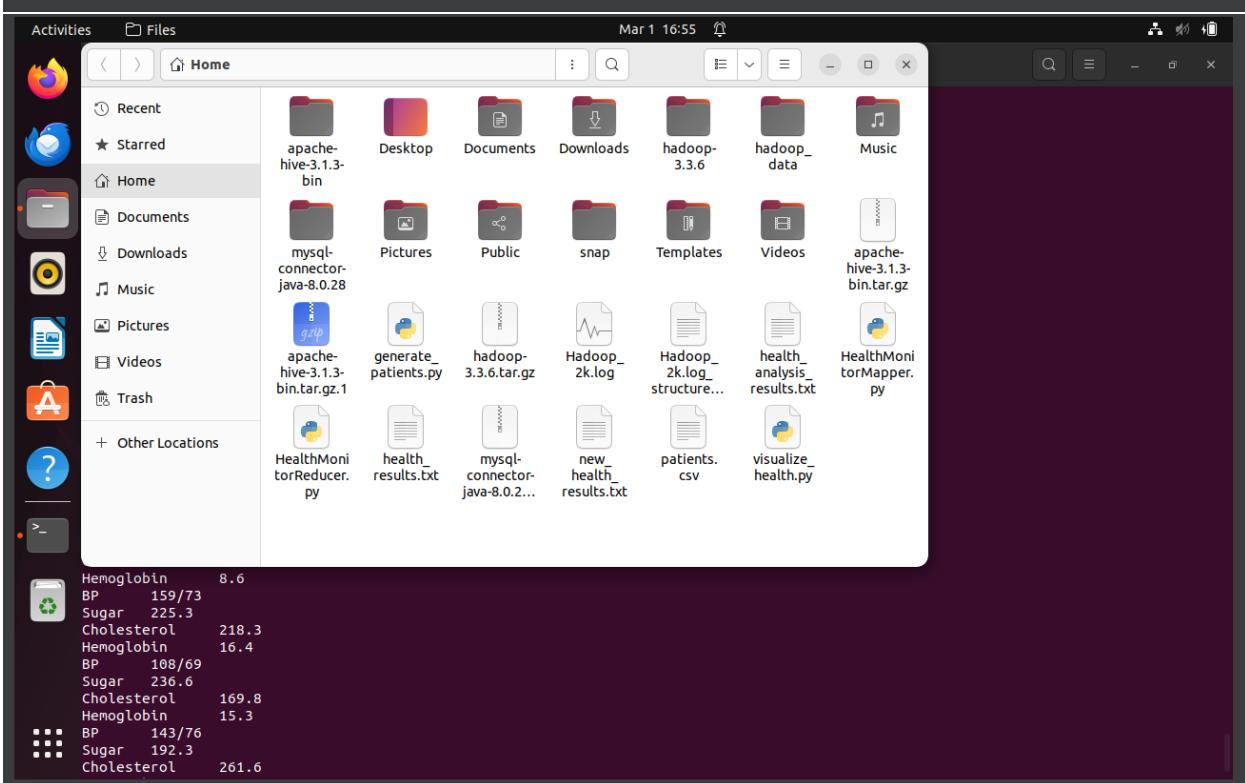
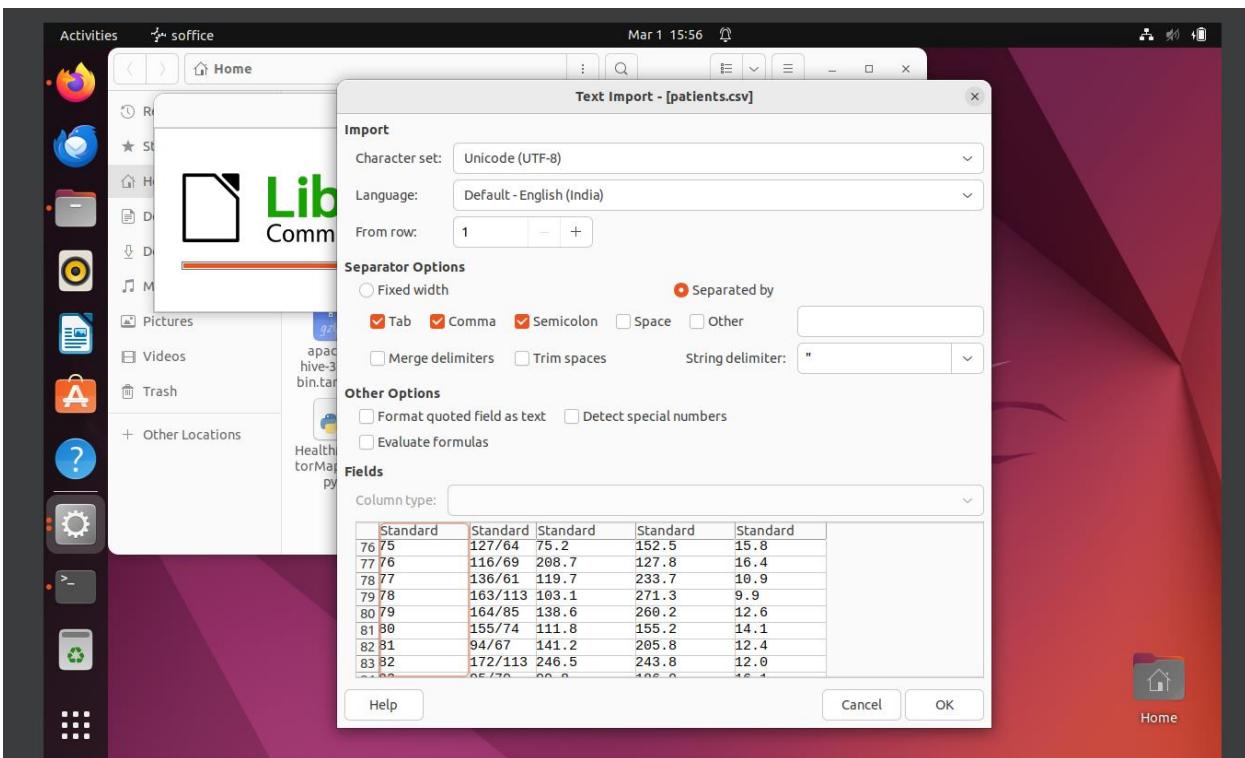
[Read 25 lines]

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut ^T Execute ^C Location
^X Exit ^R Read File ^N Replace ^U Paste ^J Justify ^/ Go To Line

Home





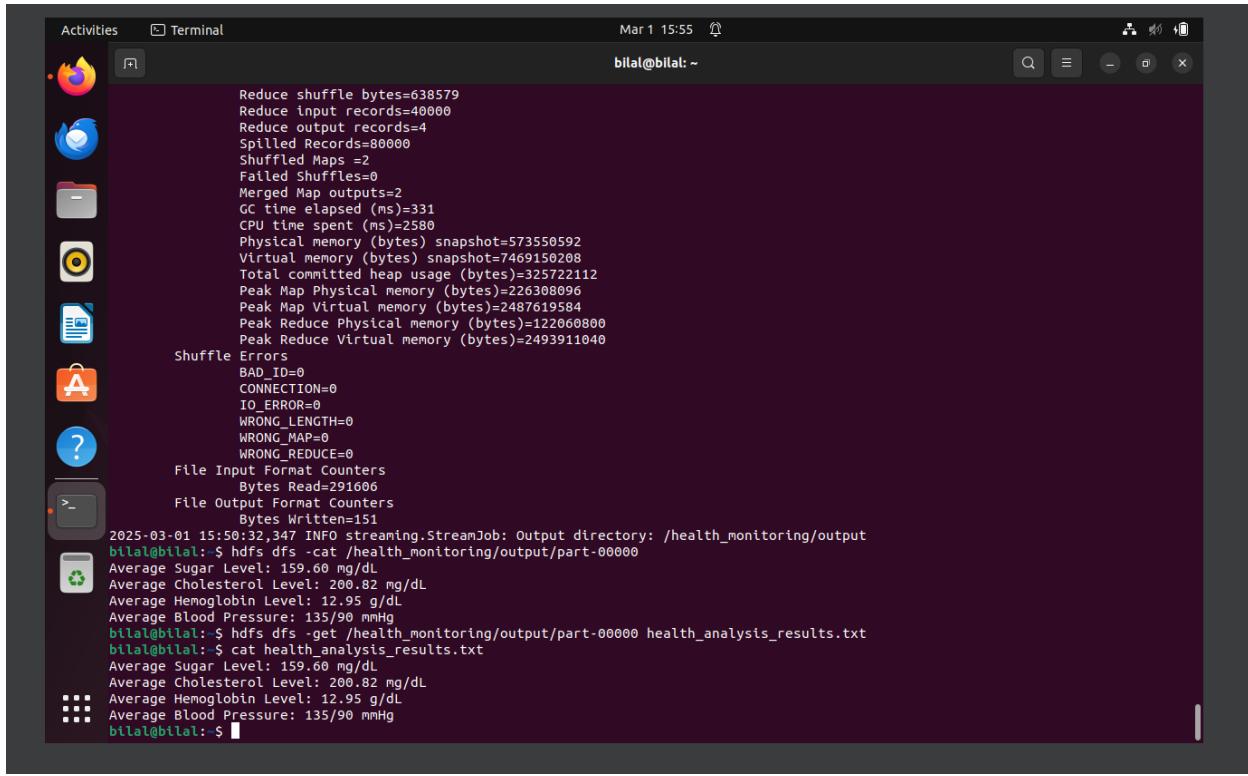


Activities Terminal Mar 1 15:53 bilal@bilal: ~

```
Processing triggers for mailcap (3.10.2-1) ...
Processing triggers for mailcap (3.10+nmu1ubuntu1) ...
bilal@bilal: $ pip install pandas
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting pandas
  Downloading pandas-2.2.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (13.1 MB)
    13.1/13.1 MB 8.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-dateutil>=2.8.2
  Downloading python_dateutil-2.9.0.post0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (229 kB)
    229.9/229.9 KB 2.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (from pandas) (2022.1)
Collecting tzdata==2022.7
  Downloading tzdata-2025.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (346 kB)
    346.8/346.8 KB 3.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting numpy>=1.22.4
  Downloading numpy-2.2.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (16.4 MB)
    16.4/16.4 MB 8.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas) (1.16.0)
Installing collected packages: tzdata, python-dateutil, numpy, pandas
  WARNING: The scripts fipy and numpy-config are installed in '/home/bilal/.local/bin' which is not on PATH.
  Consider adding this directory to PATH or, if you prefer to suppress this warning, use --no-warn-script-location.
Successfully installed numpy-2.2.3 pandas-2.2.3 python-dateutil-2.9.0.post0 tzdata-2025.1
bilal@bilal: $ nano ~/.bashrc
bilal@bilal: $ source ~/.bashrc
bilal@bilal: $ echo $PATH
/home/bilal/.local/bin:/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-amd64/bin:/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-amd64/bin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin:/usr/games:/local/games:/snap/bin:/snap/bin:/home/bilal/hadoop-3.3.6/sbin:/home/bilal/hadoop-3.3.6/bin:/home/bilal/hadoop-3.3.6/sbin:/home/bilal/hadoop-3.3.6/bin:/home/bilal/apache-hive-3.1.3-bin/bin:/home/bilal/hadoop-3.3.6/bin:/home/bilal/hadoop-3.3.6/sbin:/home/bilal/hadoop-3.3.6/bin:/home/bilal/apache-hive-3.1.3-bin/bin
bilal@bilal: $ nano generate_patients.py
bilal@bilal: $ python3 generate_patients.py
10,000 patient records saved as patients.csv
bilal@bilal: $ ls -lh patients.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 bilal bilal 281K Mar 1 13:21 patients.csv
bilal@bilal: $ head -n 5 patients.csv
Patient_ID,BP,Sugar_Level,Cholesterol,Hemoglobin
1,171/67,74.5,155.0,10.2
2,103/103,203.3,209.1,13.9
3,94/61,86.9,146.5,14.0
4,161/72,198.9,240.3,12.2
bilal@bilal: $ hdfs dfs -mkdir /health monitoring
```

Activities Terminal Mar 1 15:53 bilal@bilal: ~

```
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
395 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
bilal@bilal: $ sudo apt install python3 python3-pip -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  binutils binutils-common binutils-x86_64-linux-gnu build-essential dpkg-dev
  fakeroot g++-4.11 gcc gcc-11 javascript-common libalgorithm-diff-perl
  libalgorithm-diff-xs-perl libalgorithm-merge-perl libasan libbinutils
  libc-dev-bin libc-devtools libc6 libc6-dbg libc6-dev libgcc1-0 libcrypt-dev
  libctf-nobfd0 libctf0 libdpkg-perl libexpat1 libexpat1-dev libfakeroot
  libfile-fcntllock-perl libgcc-11-dev libitm1 libtbs-jquery libtbs-sphinxdoc
  libtbs-underscore libtsan0 libtsnl libtbspython3-dev libtbspython3-stldb
  libtbspython3.10 libtbspython3.10-dev libtbspython3.10-minimal libtbspython3.10-stldb
  libquadmath0 libstdc++-11-dev libtirpc-dev libtsan0 libubsan1 linux-libc-dev
  lto-disabled-list make manpages-dev python3-dev python3-distutils
  python3-minimal python3-pkg-resources python3-setuptools python3-wheel
  python3.10 python3.10-dev python3.10-minimal rpcsvc-proto zlib1g-dev
Suggested packages:
  binutils-doc debian-keyring g++-multilib g++-11-multilib gcc-11-doc
  gcc-multilib autoconf automake libtool flex bison gcc-doc gcc-11-multilib
  gcc-11-locales apache2 | lighttpd | httpd libgc-doc git bzr libstdc++-11-doc
  make-doc python3-doc python3-tk python3-venv python-setuptools-doc
  python3.10-venv python3.10-doc bnfnt-support
Recommended packages:
  libnss-nis libnss-nisplus
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  binutils binutils-common binutils-x86_64-linux-gnu build-essential dpkg-dev
  fakeroot g++-4.11 gcc gcc-11 javascript-common libalgorithm-diff-perl
  libalgorithm-diff-xs-perl libalgorithm-merge-perl libasan libbinutils
  libc-dev-bin libc-devtools libc6 libc6-dbg libc6-dev libgcc1-0 libcrypt-dev libctf-nobfd0
  libctf0 libdpkg-perl libexpat1 libfakeroot libfile-fcntllock-perl
  libgcc-11-dev libitm1 libtbs-jquery libtbs-sphinxdoc libtbs-underscore libtsan0
  libtsnl libtbspython3-dev libtbspython3.10-dev libquadmath0 libstdc++-11-dev
  libtirpc-dev libtsan0 libubsan1 linux-libc-dev lto-disabled-list make
  manpages-dev python3-dev python3-distutils python3-pip python3-setuptools
  python3-wheel python3.10-dev rpcsvc-proto zlib1g-dev
```



A screenshot of an Ubuntu desktop environment showing a terminal window. The terminal window is titled "Terminal" and has the command "bilal@bilal: ~" in the title bar. The date and time "Mar 1 15:55" are also displayed. The terminal content shows the execution of HDFS commands to analyze health monitoring data. The output includes statistics like reduce shuffle bytes, reduce input records, and various error counts. It also shows the contents of a file named "health_analysis_results.txt" which contains average levels for sugar, cholesterol, hemoglobin, and blood pressure.

```
Reduce shuffle bytes=638579
Reduce input records=40000
Reduce output records=4
Spilled Records=80000
Shuffled Maps =2
Failed Shuffles=0
Merged Map outputs=2
GC time elapsed (ms)=331
CPU time spent (ms)=2580
Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=573550592
Virtual memory (bytes) snapshot=7469150208
Total committed heap usage (bytes)=325722112
Peak Map Physical memory (bytes)=226308096
Peak Map Virtual memory (bytes)=2487619584
Peak Reduce Physical memory (bytes)=122060800
Peak Reduce Virtual memory (bytes)=2493911040
Shuffle Errors
BAD_ID=0
CONNECTION=0
IO_ERROR=0
WRONG_LENGTH=0
WRONG_MAP=0
WRONG_REDUCE=0
File Input Format Counters
Bytes Read=291606
File Output Format Counters
Bytes Written=151
2025-03-01 15:50:32,347 INFO streaming.StreamJob: Output directory: /health_monitoring/output
bilal@bilal: $ hdfs dfs -cat /health_monitoring/output/part-00000
Average Sugar Level: 159.60 mg/dL
Average Cholesterol Level: 200.82 mg/dL
Average Hemoglobin Level: 12.95 g/dL
Average Blood Pressure: 135/90 mmHg
bilal@bilal: $ hdfs dfs -get /health_monitoring/output/part-00000 health_analysis_results.txt
bilal@bilal: $ cat health_analysis_results.txt
Average Sugar Level: 159.60 mg/dL
Average Cholesterol Level: 200.82 mg/dL
Average Hemoglobin Level: 12.95 g/dL
Average Blood Pressure: 135/90 mmHg
bilal@bilal: $
```