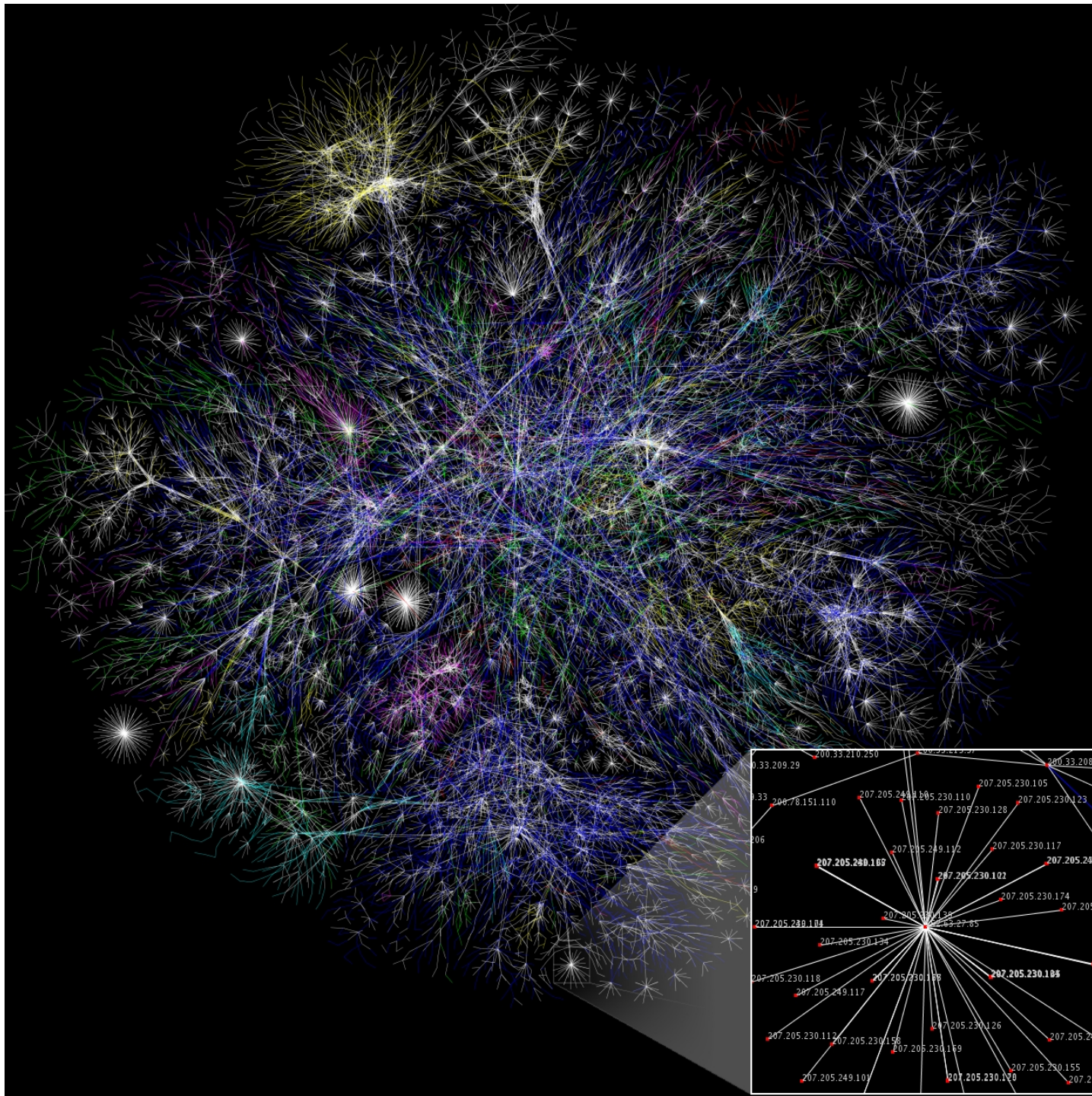


# What is the Internet?

CVJ 341: Introduction to Web Design

Lien Tran

Fall 2013



# The technical

The internet is an information protocol which passes data back and forth between **computers** and **servers**.

This protocol is called **TCP/IP**, which stands for Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.

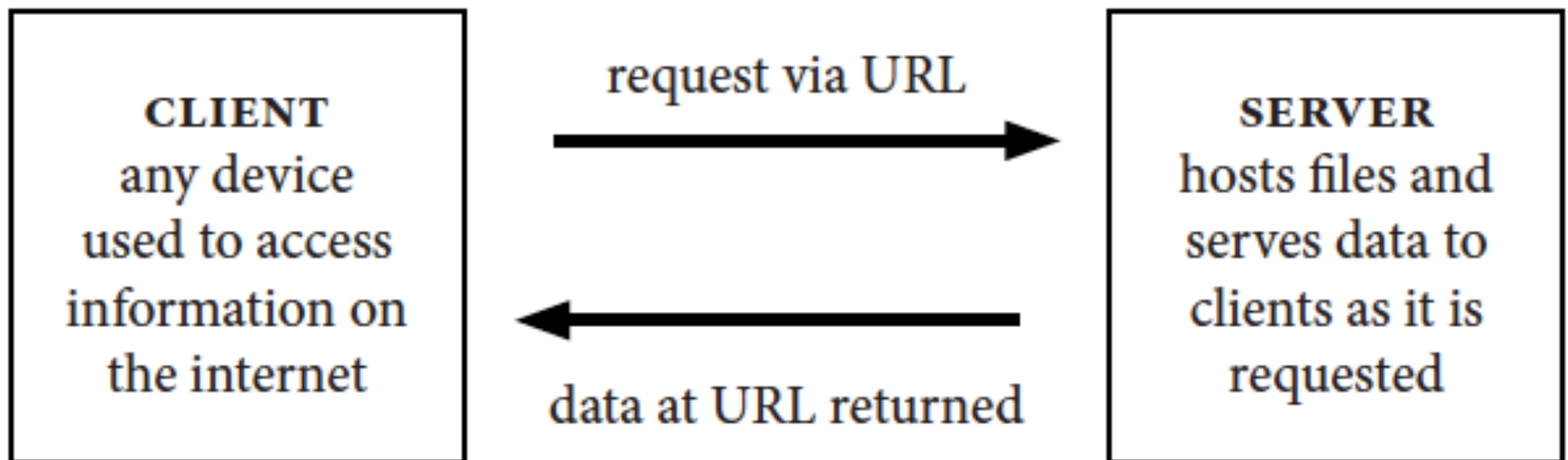
It is how the web serves you hypertext documents, email, and everything else you see "online."

# Internet vs. the Web

The **Internet** is a worldwide network of computers and systems cooperating with each other to exchange data using a common set of networking and software protocols.

The **Web** is a collection of documents whose content are structured with hypertext.

# Client-Server Model



# Servers and files

Servers and computers have IP addresses. These represent locations on the web. These look like: 184.152.46.88.

URLs point people to server IPs in order to download information they are looking for.

URLs not only make IP addresses easier for humans to remember, but they also allow multiple paths to point to the same IP address.

# Web clients

Web clients or browsers show us the content at a particular IP.

These clients interpret hypertext documents into visual elements.

As this interpretation is done at the browser level, it is important to test your HTML in as many browsers as possible.



# HTML

Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)

HTML is a language for describing webpages

HTML is not a coding language, it is a **markup** language



# HTML History

Created in 1991 by Sir Tim Berners-Lee.

Based off of SGML  
(Standard Generalized Markup Language)

HTML DOCUMENTS



VISUAL WEB PAGES

INVESTMENT BANKING | AUGUST 25, 2013, 9:26 PM | 39 Comments

# Shoeshines Keep Wall Street in the Black (or Maybe Brown)

BY WILLIAM ALDEN



Ozier Muhammad/The New York Times

A morning rush at Eddie's Shoe Repair in Rockefeller Center.

Mauricio Dias was being courted by Wall Street.

After losing his job at the investment bank Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette when it was sold to [Credit Suisse](#), he received a phone call from the office of Hamilton E. James, the executive who had orchestrated the sale, Mr. Dias said. Mr. James was starting a new role as the No. 2 at the [Blackstone Group](#), a big investment firm, and wanted Mr. Dias to join him.

## Article Tools

[f FACEBOOK](#)
[SAVE](#)

Mr. Dias, now a 10-year stalwart at Blackstone, is no banker with a briefcase, however. He carries a shoeshine box.

PREVIOUS ARTICLE  
[Amgen to Buy Onyx for \\$10.4 Billion](#)

NEXT ARTICLE  
[An Appreciation of Leather and Polish Shoeshines](#)

## More New York Times News by Sector

[GLOBAL](#) [ENERGY](#) [MEDIA](#) [HEALTH CARE](#)

[DealBook: Indian Firm to Pay \\$2.6 Billion to Build Its Stake in African Gas Project](#)

ONGC Videsh, a unit of the India's state-run Oil and Natural Gas Corporation, says it will acquire a 10 percent stake in a natural gas project in Mozambique from Anadarko Petroleum in an all-cash deal.

[Under Obama, Little Progress on High-Level Jobs for Women](#)

The president, who is considering candidates for a new Federal Reserve leader, has named no more women to major posts than Bill Clinton did. Janet L. Yellen, the Federal Reserve's vice chairwoman, is a finalist for the position.

[DealBook: U.S. Short-Seller Takes Aim at Chinese Vegetable Producer](#)

The Glaucus Research Group has accused the China Minzhong Food Corporation of fabricating sales and doctoring financial statements, leading to a 48 percent fall in Minzhong's stock before trading was suspended on Monday.

## News by Sector

Energy  
 Industrials  
 Cyclical Goods & Services  
 Autos  
 Media  
 Non-Cycl. Goods & Services  
 Food & Beverage

Technology  
 Financials  
 Real Estate  
 Basic Materials  
 Health Care  
 Telecom  
 Utilities

## Morning Agenda With William Alden

### A Blockbuster Biotech Deal

Amgen agrees to buy Onyx Pharmaceuticals for about \$10.4 billion. | Muriel Siebert, the first woman to buy a seat on the New York Stock Exchange, has died at 80. | Inside New York's investment houses, the service has proved remarkably resilient. | Pawnshops are

```
view-source:dealbook.nyti x
view-source:dealbook.nytimes.com/2013/08/25/keeping-wall-st-in-the-black-or-maybe-brown/?hp&r=0
<h1 class="entry-title">Shoeshines Keep Wall Street in the Black (or Maybe Brown)</h1>
<address class="byline author vcard">By <a href="/author/william-alden/" class="url fn" title="See all posts by WILLIAM ALDEN">WILLIAM ALDEN</a></address></header>
<!-- The Content -->
<div class="entry-content"><div class="w592"><span class="credit">Ozier Muhammad/The New York Times</span><span class="caption">A morning rush at Eddie's Shoe Repair in Rockefeller Center.</span></div>
<p>Mauricio Dias was being courted by Wall Street.</p>
<p>After losing his job at the investment bank Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette when it was sold to <a href="http://dealbook.nytimes.com/public/overview?symbol=CS&#038;inline=nyt-org" class="tickerized" title="More information about Credit Suisse Group A.G">Credit Suisse</a>, he received a phone call from the office of Hamilton E. James, the executive who had orchestrated the sale, Mr. Dias said. Mr. James was starting a new role as the No. 2 at <a href="http://dealbook.nytimes.com/public/overview?symbol=BX&#038;inline=nyt-org" class="tickerized" title="More information about The Blackstone Group">the Blackstone Group</a>, a big investment firm, and wanted Mr. Dias to join him.</p>
<div class="w231 left module">
<div class="entry entry-utility">
<h4>Article Tools</h4> <meta name="emailThisHash" content="tnzA+VJqsovm1TTs7Yus4Q">
<div class="shareTools shareToolsThemeClassic shareToolsThemeClassicHorizontal articleShareToolsBottom " data-shares="facebook,save,twitter,email,google,print,showall|Share,permalink" data-url="http://dealbook.nytimes.com/2013/08/25/keeping-wall-st-in-the-black-or-maybe-brown/" data-title="Shoeshines Keep Wall Street in the Black (or Maybe Brown)" data-description="In-house shoeshine service has proved resilient, surviving the rise of technology and even the 2008 financial crisis, which snuffed out many of Wall Street's quirks."></div>
</div><!-- end .utility -->
<div class="entry entry-related">
<h4>Related Links</h4><div class="entry-related">
<ul>
<li><a href="http://dealbook.nytimes.com/2013/08/25/an-appreciation-of-leather-and-polish/">An Appreciation of Leather and Polish</a></li></ul>
</div><!-- end .entry-related -->
</div><!-- end .entry-related -->
</div><!-- end .module -->
<p>Mr. Dias, now a 10-year stalwart at Blackstone, is no banker with a briefcase, however. He carries a shoeshine box.</p>
<p>Inside New York's investment houses, a vestige of old Wall Street lives on. Gone are the days when offices were filled with smoke and secretaries were the only women in sight. But in-house shoeshine service has proved remarkably resilient, surviving the rise of technology and even the turmoil of the 2008 financial crisis, which snuffed out many of Wall Street's quirks.</p>
<p>Mr. Dias, 52, is at the top of the heap in the shoeshine world. He charges $6 for a shine in Blackstone's offices, while the Dr. Shine shoeshine parlor in the building's lobby charges $3. Not counting the tip.</p>
<p>"He's a V.I.P.," said Gotardo Cortez, 38, a co-owner of Dr. Shine. A spokesman for Blackstone declined to comment.</p>
<p>Though they are not bank employees, Wall Street's shoeshine workers are privy to the hidden dramas of trading floors and executive suites. At <a href="http://dealbook.nytimes.com/public/overview?symbol=JPM&#038;inline=nyt-org" class="tickerized" title="More information about JPMorgan Chase &#038; Company">JPMorgan Chase</a>, for example, a shoeshine worker said that <a href="http://topics.nytimes.com/top/reference/timestopics/people/d/james_dimon/index.html?inline=nyt-per" class="tickerized" title="More articles about James Dimon.">Jamie Dimon</a>, the bank's powerful chief executive — who favors Ferragamo loafers — typically offers $10 for a shoeshine, "the same thing the guys on the trading floor pay."</p>
<p>But the modern shoeshine business has changed since the old days, reflecting the evolution of Wall Street firms from private partnerships to large, public corporations. Senior traders from <a href="http://topics.nytimes.com/top/news/business/companies/bear_stearns_companies/index.html?inline=nyt-org" class="tickerized" title="More information about Bear Stearns Cos">Bear Stearns</a> recall the days when they could put their feet up on a shoeshine
```



# HTML Tags

`<html>`

`</html>`

- Keywords are surrounded by brackets
- Tags come in pairs with an opening and closing tag
- Tags describe page content

# HTML ELEMENTS

`<p> This whole line is an HTML element. </p>`

- Everything between the start and end tags, including the tags

# BASIC STRUCTURE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
  <head>
```

```
    <meta charset = "utf-8">
```

```
    <title>Page Name</title>
```

```
  </head>
```

```
  <body>
```

```
    <p>My first paragraph.</p>
```

```
  </body>
```

```
</html>
```



# WHY DO WE NEED STRUCTURE?

Correctly written HTML and CSS improves findability and SEO (Search Engine Optimization)

# HTML Elements

`<p>Hello world.</p>`

Opening tag

Closing tag

lowercase

## Empty Elements

`<br />`

Empty elements have no content.

# HTML Headings

`<h1>This is the main heading.</h1>`

`<h2>This is the next heading.</h2>`

`<h3>And the next....</h3>`

`<h4> ... </h4>`

`<h5> ... </h5>`

`<h6> ... </h6>`

# HTML Headings

`<h1>This is the main heading.</h1>`

`<h2>This is the next heading.</h2>`

`<h3>And the next....</h3>`

`<h4> ... </h4>`

`<h5> ... </h5>`

`<h6> ... </h6>`

# HTML Paragraphs

`<p>This is a paragraph.</p>`

`<p>This is a paragraph <br /> with a line  
break. </p>`

# HTML Comments

`<!-- This is a comment. It does not show up on the browser. -->`

Use comments to help you identify the purpose of segments in your code.

# HTML Links

Provide additional information about an element specified in the opening tag

Attributes come in name/value pairs. A value is enclosed in quotes.

Format:

name="value"



# HTML Links

```
<a href="url">Click here</a>
```

Example of an EXTERNAL link:

```
<a href="http://miami.edu">University of  
Miami</a>
```

# HTML Links

```
<a href="xxxx">Click me</a>
```

Example of an INTERNAL link:

```
<a href="about.html">About Me</a>
```

```
<a href="/help/faq.html">FAQs</a>
```

# HTML Images

```

```

Example of an IMAGE tag:

```

```

# Review

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head> .....</head>

<body>

    <h1> through <h6>

    <p> </p>

    <br />

    <a> .... </a>

<img .... />

</body>

</html>

# Web Resources

W3C: World Wide Web Consortium

Validate & Debug:  
<http://validator.w3.org>

Web Development Resource:  
<http://w3schools.com>

# Head Element

Includes scripts and stylesheets (css)

Example:

```
<head>  
    <meta charset="utf-8" />  
    <title>CVJ 341 Web Design</title>  
</head>
```

## Useful Tips

Write clean HTML with proper indentation.

Use comments to annotate and organize your code (and to test different code before deleting it)

Validate your pages at <http://validator.w3.org>.

Test your website in multiple browsers (cross-browser compatibility)

Use “Inspect Element” and other developer tools to debug and test code



# What is Image Compression?

The reduction of the file size of images, which also reduces the quality of the image.

# Why Image Compression?

Create faster loading web pages because there are less bytes to download (better user experience)

Reduce the burden on your user's browser  
(uses less bandwidth / less of your data plan)

Protecting your images from being misused  
(putting up lower quality image reduces chances someone will use your image without your permission)

Free up space on your server

Increase your search engine optimization (SEO)

# Image Resolutions

Print - 300 dpi

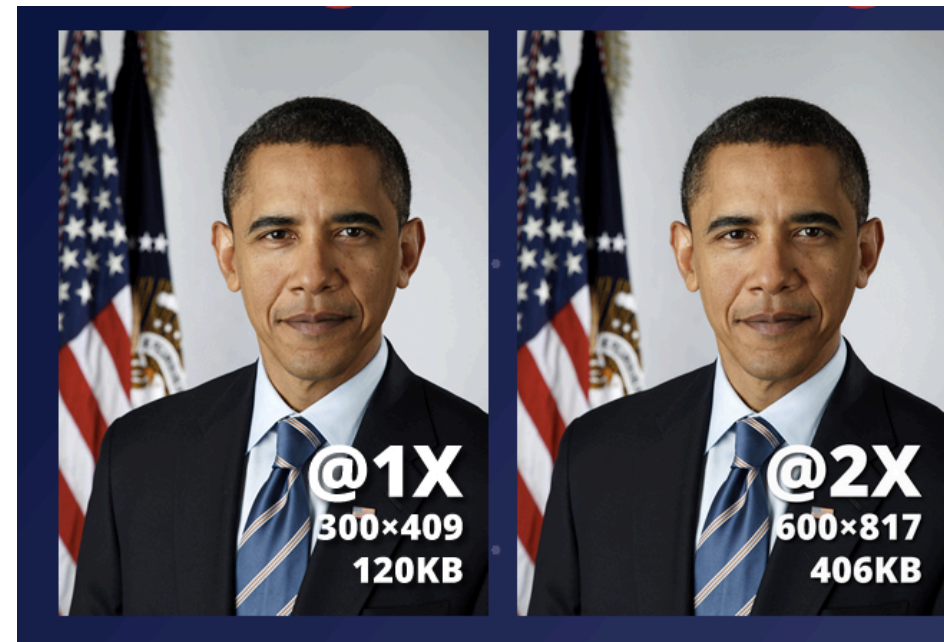
Web - 72 dpi

# Images for Retina Displays

**Double the size of all your images.**

Instead of uploading a 300 x 409 pixel image to your site, upload a 600 x 817 pixel image instead.

Keep in mind that you are more than doubling the file size of the image when you double the dimensions.



# Image Compression Tools

ImageOptim – <http://imageoptim.com/>

Tiny PNG – <http://tinypng.org/>

Apple Preview > Tools > Adjust Size

Photoshop > File > Save for Web