

Given an array of size n

, find the number of distinct elements in the array.

Chef already tried an attempt to solve the above problem and he came up with this [code](#).

The approach is simple, for each new number that is obtained, iterate over the previously obtained numbers and if a match is found then add one to the count of distinct numbers obtained so far, otherwise leave it as is (add zero).

However when Chef submitted the above code he got Time Limit Exceeded.

Determine the worst case time complexity of Chef's code.

It can be shown that the worst case time complexity is $\Theta(na)$

where a

is an integer.

First find the value of a

, and then optimise Chef's code using the data structures that you have learnt.

(Hint: Think about sets/ dictionary and how it could be used to solve this problem)

Input

First line contains an integer n

, the size of the array Next n

lines each contain a single integer, the elements of the array

Output

Print two lines, in the first line print the value of a

where the worst case time complexity of Chef's code is $\Theta(na)$

In the second line, print a single integer, the number of distinct values in the given array.

Constraints

$$1 \leq n \leq 10^5$$

$$0 \leq A_i \leq 10^9$$

The elements of the array are generated uniformly randomly among the given constraints

Sample Input

```
3
1
2
1
```

Sample Output

```
*  
2
```

Explanation

In order to not give away the answer, the first line is given as "*", note that this is not the correct answer but just a placeholder to explain the output format

The given array contains the values 1 and 2 (1 repeated twice), hence the number of distinct values is 2 and is printed in the second line