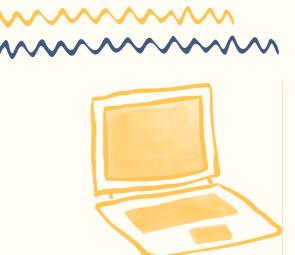




Data Structure MASSIGNMENT







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OUR PROJECT

We create a comprehensive train booking system using the C programming language, leveraging linked lists as the core data structure to enable efficient and dynamic management of reservations, cancellations, and user information.



Key Features:

1. User Registration and Login

Users can register with a username and password. They start with a wallet balance of zero.

Registered users can log in with a maximum of three attempts allowed.

```
void registerUser() {
    printf("Welcome to our family! Please register yourself.\n");
    printf("Enter username: ");
    scanf("%s", users[userCount].username);
   printf("Enter password: ");
   scanf("%s", users[userCount].password);
   users[userCount].walletBalance = 0.0;
   userCount++;
    printf("You have been registered successfully!\n");
int loginUser() {
    char username[50], password[50];
    int attempts = 3;
    while (attempts > 0) {
        printf("\nEnter your username: ");
        scanf("%s", username);
        for (int i = 0; i < userCount; i++) {
            if (strcmp(users[i].username, username) == 0) {
                printf("Enter your password: ");
                scanf("%s", password);
                if (strcmp(users[i].password, password) == 0) {
                    printf("Login successful!\n");
                    loggedInUser = i;
                    return 1;
                    printf("Incorrect password. Try again.\n");
                    attempts--;
        printf("Invalid username. Try again.\n");
        attempts--;
    printf("Too many failed attempts. Exiting...\n");
    return 0;
```

```
void initializeUsers() {
   strcpy(users[0].username, "Aakash");
   strcpy(users[0].password, "1");
   users[0].walletBalance = 900.0;

   strcpy(users[1].username, "Anshuman");
   strcpy(users[1].password, "2");
   users[1].walletBalance = 1000.0;

   strcpy(users[2].username, "Kaustubh");
   strcpy(users[2].password, "3");
   users[2].walletBalance = 800.0;

   strcpy(users[3].username, "Kiran");
   strcpy(users[3].password, "4");
   users[3].walletBalance = 900.0;

   userCount = 4;
}
```

2. Wallet System:

Each user has a wallet, which they can top up using the addfunds() function.

Wallet balance is used to pay for train reservations.

```
void addFunds() {
    float amount;
    printf("Enter amount to add to wallet: ");
    scanf("%f", &amount);
    users[loggedInUser].walletBalance += amount;
    printf("Funds added successfully! Current balance: $%.2f\n", users[loggedInUser].walletBalance);
}
```

3. Train Database:

The train structure stores information about available trains (train number, source, destination, time, and fare).

A predefined database of trains is initialized in the train array.



```
// Structure for train database
typedef struct Train {
    int trainNumber;
    char from[50];
    char to[50];
    char time[10];
    float fare;
} Train;

// Train database
Train trains[] = {
    {1, "Mumbai", "Allahabad", "10:00 AM", 50.0},
    {2, "Chennai", "Delhi", "2:00 PM", 60.0},
```

{3, "Kerala", "Kashmir", "6:00 PM", 70.0}, {4, "Odisha", "Gujarat", "9:00 PM", 80.0}

int trainCount = 4;

4. Seat Management with Linked Lists:

Seats are represented using a linked list (seat structure). The **insertseat()** function add seats to the list, and shows available seats.

Booked seats are tracked using a global array (bookedSeats).

```
// Global variables for booked seats and previous stats
int bookedSeats[100] = {0}; // 1 indicates booked, 0 indicates available
typedef struct {
   char username[50];
   int trainNumber;
   int seatNumber;
   float amountPaid;
} PreviousStat;
PreviousStat previousStats[10];
int previousStatsCount = 0;
// Structure for linked list to manage train seats
typedef struct Seat {
   int seatNumber;
   struct Seat *next;
void displayAvailableTrains() {
    printf("Available trains:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < trainCount; i++) {
        printf("%d. Train %d - From %s to %s - %s - Rs.%.2f\n",
              i + 1, trains[i].trainNumber, trains[i].from, trains[i].to, trains[i].time, trains[i].fare);
```

//Insert_seat function.

```
Seat* insertSeat(Seat *head, int seatNumber) {
    Seat *newSeat = (Seat *)malloc(sizeof(Seat));
    newSeat->seatNumber = seatNumber;
    newSeat->next = head;
    return newSeat;
}

void displaySeats(Seat *head) {
    Seat *temp = head;
    printf("Seat Numbers: ");
    while (temp != NULL) {
        printf("%d ", temp->seatNumber);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```

5. Reservation System:

Users can view available trains and seats, and book a seat ().

Booked seats are marked as reserved, and the wallet balance is updated. Booking details are saved in previousstats for reference.

```
void displayAvailableTrains() {
    printf("Available trains:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < trainCount; i++) {
        printf("%d. Train %d - From %s to %s - %s - Rs.%.2f\n",
               i + 1, trains[i].trainNumber, trains[i].from, trains[i].to, trains[i].time, trains[i].fare);
void reserveSeat() {
    int trainChoice, seatChoice;
    Seat *head = NULL;
    displayAvailableTrains();
    printf("Choose a train (Enter train number): ");
    scanf("%d", &trainChoice);
    if (trainChoice < 1 || trainChoice > trainCount) {
        printf("Invalid train choice. Try again.\n");
        return;
    // Create a seat list
    for (int i = 1; i \le 10; i++) {
        head = insertSeat(head, i);
    printf("Available seats:\n");
    displaySeats(head);
```

```
printf("Enter the seat number you want to book: ");
scanf("%d", &seatChoice);

if (bookedSeats[seatChoice]) {
    printf("Sorry, this seat is already booked. Try another.\n");
    return;
}

bookedSeats[seatChoice] = 1;
users[loggedInUser].walletBalance -= trains[trainChoice - 1].fare;

// Store in previous stats
strcpy(previousStats[previousStatsCount].username, users[loggedInUser].username);
previousStats[previousStatsCount].trainNumber = trainChoice;
previousStats[previousStatsCount].seatNumber = seatChoice;
previousStats[previousStatsCount].amountPaid = trains[trainChoice - 1].fare;
previousStatsCount++;

printf("Seat booked successfully!\n");
displayReceipt(trainChoice, seatChoice, trains[trainChoice - 1].fare);
```

6. Cancellation System:

Users can cancel their seat reservations, making seats available again.

```
void deleteReservation() {
   int seatChoice;
   printf("Enter the seat number you want to cancel: ");
   scanf("%d", &seatChoice);

   if (!bookedSeats[seatChoice]) {
      printf("No booking found for this seat.\n");
      return;
   }

   bookedSeats[seatChoice] = 0;
   printf("Reservation cancelled successfully!\n");
}
```

7. Receipt Display:

After booking a seat, a receipt is generated and displayed using **displayreceipt()** function





```
void displayReceipt(int trainNumber, int seatNumber, float fare) {
   printf("\n**** Receipt ****\n");
   printf("Train Number: %d\n", trainNumber);
   printf("Seat Number: %d\n", seatNumber);
   printf("Amount Paid: Rs.%.2f\n", fare);
   printf("********\n");
}
```

Main() Function.

```
int main() {
   int choice;
   printf("Welcome to the Train Reservation System!\n");
   initializeUsers();
   while (1) {
       printf("\nDo you want to login or register?\n");
        printf("0. Login\n");
       printf("1. Register\n");
       printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        if (choice == 1) {
            registerUser();
        } else if (choice == 0) {
            if (loginUser()) {
                while (1) {
                    printf("\nWhat would you like to do?\n");
                    printf("1. Reserve a seat in train\n");
                    printf("2. Delete reservation\n");
                    printf("3. Add funds\n");
                    printf("4. Exit\n");
                    printf("Enter your choice: ");
                    scanf("%d", &choice);
                    switch (choice) {
                        case 1:
                            reserveSeat();
                           break;
                        case 2:
                            deleteReservation();
                            break;
                        case 3:
                            addFunds();
                            break;
                        case 4:
                            printf("Exiting...\n");
                            exit(0);
                        default:
                            printf("Invalid choice. Try again.\n");
        } else {
           printf("Invalid input. Try again.\n");
```

Program Workflow:

1. Users choose to register or log in.



2. After logging in, they can:

Reserve a seat (choose train and seat, pay fare).

Cancel a reservation.

Add funds to their wallet.

Exit the program.

3. Seats and trains are displayed for the user's reference, and updates occur dynamically.

Example Usage...

A user logs in and chooses a train.

They view and select an available seat.

The seat is booked, and their wallet is charged the train fare.

A receipt is displayed, and the booking details are stored for future reference.

Output

Welcome to the Train Reservation System!

Do you want to login or register?

0. Login

Register

Enter your choice: 0

Enter your username: Aakash

Enter your password: 1

Login successful!

What would you like to do?

- Reserve a seat in train
- 2. Delete reservation
- Add funds
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Available trains:

- 1. Train 1 From Mumbai to Allahabad 10:00
- 2. Train 2 From Chennai to Delhi 2:00 PM
- 3. Train 3 From Kerala to Kashmir 6:00 PM
- 4. Train 4 From Odisha to Gujarat 9:00 PM

Choose a train (Enter train number): 1

Available seats:

Seat Numbers: 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Enter the seat number you want to book: 7

Seat booked successfully!

**** Receipt ****

Train Number: 1 Seat Number: 7

Amount Paid: Rs.50.00

What would you like to do?

- 1. Reserve a seat in train
- 2. Delete reservation
- 3. Add funds
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Enter amount to add to wallet: 100

Funds added successfully! Current balance: Rs.950.00

What would you like to do?

- 1. Reserve a seat in train
- 2. Delete reservation
- 3. Add funds
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter the seat number you want to cancel: 4

No booking found for this seat.

What would you like to do?

- 1. Reserve a seat in train
- 2. Delete reservation
- 3. Add funds
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter the seat number you want to cancel: 7

Reservation cancelled successfully!

What would you like to do?

- 1. Reserve a seat in train
- 2. Delete reservation
- 3. Add funds
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

Exiting...

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