

1 point

1.

```
1 var employees = [ {name:"Ali", salary: 50000},  
2                   {name:"Zoe", salary:75000},  
3                   {name:"Jack", salary: 60000},  
4                   {name:"Felix", salary: 35000}];  
5  
6
```

A company wants to calculate total salaries it pays to its employees. Which of the following options can be used to compute the sum of the salaries.

☒

```
1 let totalsalary = d3.sum(employees, (d) => d.salary)
```

☐

```
1 let totalsalary = d3.sum(employees.map((d) => d.salary))
```

☐

```
1 let totalsalary = employees.reduce(  
2   (cur, prev) => cur + prev.salary, 0)
```

☐ None of the above

1 point

2.

Numeric scale can be used for both categorical and quantitative data.

☐ True

☒ False

1 point

3.

```
1 let car = [ {model:"500", price: 50000},  
2             {model:"600", price:75000},  
3             {model:"700", price: 60000},  
4             {model:"400", price: 35000}];  
5  
6 car = car.filter(d => d.price > 55000)  
7  
8 let m= d3.mean(car, (d)=> d.price)  
9
```

What will be the value stored in the variable 'm' after the execution of the above lines of code?

☐ 55000

☒ 67500

☐ 220000

☐ Undefined

1 point

4.

Given an empty html list, d3.selectAll("li").data(data) will create a list item for each data point in the data

☒ True

☐ False

1 point

5.

```
1 let container= d3.select("#container");  
2 let cars = [  
3   {name:"toyota", price: 50000},  
4   {name:"BMW", price:75000},  
5   {name:"Tesla", price: 60000},  
6   {name:"Jeep", price: 35000}];  
7  
8 let join = container  
9   .selectAll("li")  
10  .data(cars);  
11  
12 join.enter()  
13   .append("li")  
14   .text( _____ )  
15  
16
```

Which of the following options correctly fills in the blank in the above code to display the list of names and corresponding prices of cars?

☐ d => cars

☐ d

☒ d=> d.name + " " + d.price

☐ All of the above

1 point

6.

The above code can be used to load data from **json** file.

☐ True

☒ False

1 point

7.

D3 api 'd3.extent(data[, accessor])' can be used to get both the maximum and the minimum value from the data

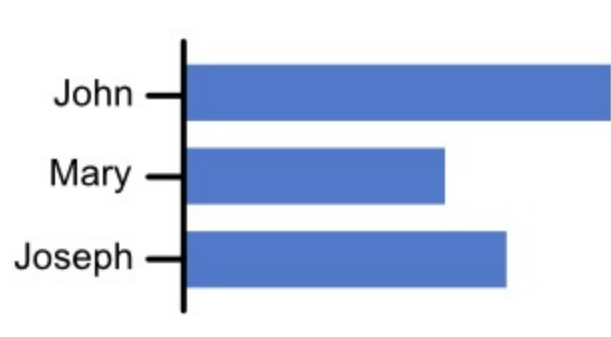
☒ True

☐ False

1 point

8.

In the chart below, which axis and scale could we use to create the axes with the names.



☐ d3.scaleBand and d3.axisTop

☐ d3.scaleLinear and d3.axisLeft

☐ d3.scaleLinear and d3.axisTop

☒ d3.scaleBand and d3.axisLeft

1 point

9.

Which of the following options correctly draws a circle with radius 5 at position (10,10)

☒

```
1< <svg>  
2  <circle r="5" cx="10" cy="10" />  
3  </svg>
```

☐

```
1< <svg>  
2  <circle cx="10" cy="10" />  
3  </svg>
```

☐

```
1< <svg>  
2  <circle r="5" x="10" y="10" />  
3  </svg>
```

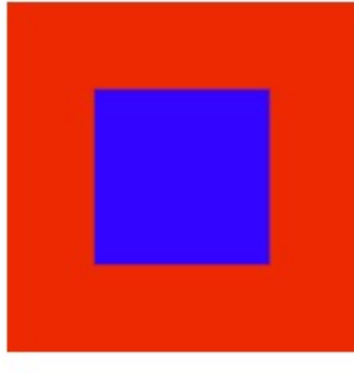
1 point

10.

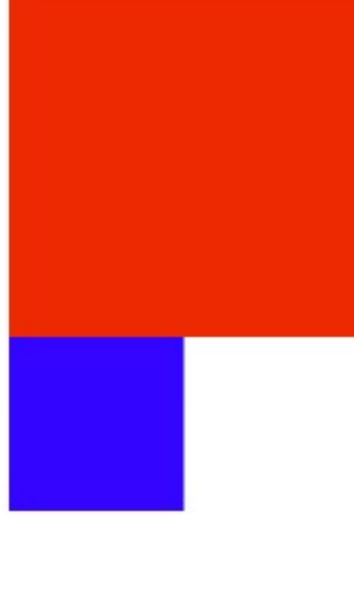
How the blue square will be positioned in relation to the red square?

```
1< <svg>  
2  <rect width="100" height="100" fill="red" />  
3  <rect width="50" height="50" fill="blue" />  
4  </svg>
```

☐ Centered



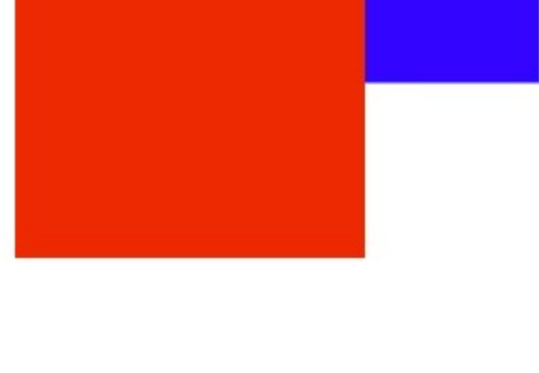
☐ On the bottom



☒ Top-left



☐ On the left



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