

先创建shell脚本文件.sh

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "yslinux@localhost:~". The menu bar contains "文件(F)", "编辑(E)", "查看(V)", "搜索(S)", "终端(T)", and "帮助(H)". The command prompt shows "[yslinux@localhost ~]\$ vi shelltest.sh" followed by a cursor. The main area of the terminal is blank.

yslinux@localhost:~

文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)

[yslinux@localhost ~]\$ vi shelltest.sh


进入vim后 按i进入编辑模式后, 然后写入一下内容, 第一句必须有!!!

```
ysclinux@localhost:~  
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)  
#!/bin/bash  
echo "hello world"  
  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~  
~
```

全部

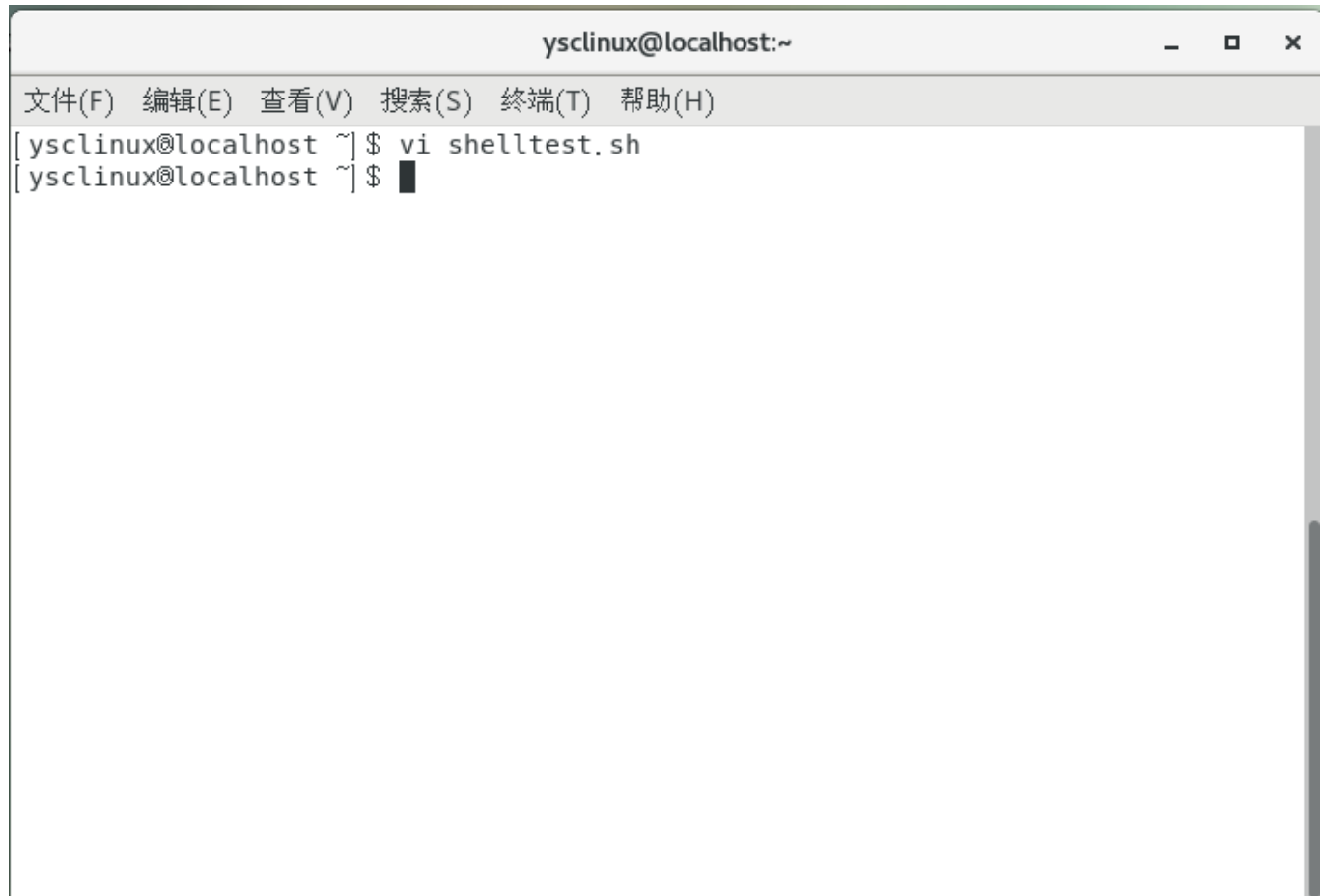


The screenshot shows a terminal window with a title bar that reads "ysclinux@localhost:~". The menu bar contains "文件(F)", "编辑(E)", "查看(V)", "搜索(S)", "终端(T)", and "帮助(H)". The main area of the terminal displays the prompt "#!/bin/bash" in blue, followed by the command "echo "hello world"" in red. Below the command, there is a black cursor bar and a series of tilde characters (~) representing the output of the command.




```
ysclinux@localhost:~  
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)  
#!/bin/bash  
echo "hello world"  
hello world
```

输入wq保存退出vim

A terminal window titled 'ysclinux@localhost:~' with standard window controls. The menu bar shows '文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)'. The command history shows the user entering 'vi shelltest.sh' and then pressing Enter, resulting in a new prompt line. A black cursor is visible on the second prompt line.

```
ysclinux@localhost:~  
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$ vi shelltest.sh  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$
```

使用chmod a+x 文件名.sh
为shell文件赋予执行权限

A terminal window titled 'ysclinux@localhost:~' with standard window controls. The menu bar shows '文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)'. The command history shows the user entering 'vi shelltest.sh', then 'chmod a+x shelltest.sh', and finally pressing Enter, resulting in a new prompt line.

```
ysclinux@localhost:~  
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$ vi shelltest.sh  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$ chmod a+x shelltest.sh  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$
```

输入 `./文件名.sh` 执行文件

A terminal window titled 'ysclinux@localhost:~' with standard window controls. The menu bar includes '文件(F)', '编辑(E)', '查看(V)', '搜索(S)', '终端(T)', and '帮助(H)'. The terminal content shows a sequence of commands: 'vi shelltest.sh', 'chmod a+x shelltest.sh', and './shelltest.sh'. The output of the last command is 'hello world'. The prompt returns to '[ysclinux@localhost ~]\$' with a cursor.

```
ysclinux@localhost:~  
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 搜索(S) 终端(T) 帮助(H)  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$ vi shelltest.sh  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$ chmod a+x shelltest.sh  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$ ./shelltest.sh  
hello world  
[ysclinux@localhost ~]$
```