8. P(n): Prove that every natural number is either even or odd.

Proof. (Induction).

Suppose n = 1, the minimal natural number. Since 1 = 2(0) + 1, it follows that n is odd. Thus P(1).

Now suppose n is some natural number for which P(n), hence we consider two cases:

- 1. Let n be even. Then n = 2x for some non-negative integer x. Since n + 1 = 2x + 1, it follows that n + 1 is odd.
- **2.** Let n be odd. Then n = 2x + 1 for some non-negative integer x. Since n + 1 = (2x + 1) + 1 = 2(x + 1), thus n + 1 is even. Thus P(n + 1). Therefore, by induction, it follows that every natural number is either even or odd.