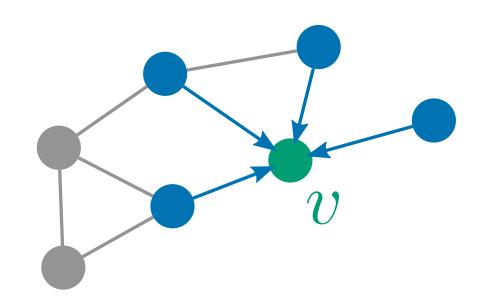
# Diffusion Improves Graph Learning



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### Motivation

Graph Neural Networks (GNNs):



$$egin{aligned} m{m}_{m{v}}^{(t+1)} &= \sum_{m{w} \in \mathcal{N}(m{v})} f_{ ext{message}}^{(t)}(m{h}_{m{v}}^{(t)}, m{h}_{m{w}}^{(t)}, m{e}_{m{v}m{w}}) \ m{h}_{m{v}}^{(t+1)} &= f_{ ext{update}}^{(t)}(m{h}_{m{v}}^{(t)}, m{m}_{m{v}}^{(t+1)}) \end{aligned}$$

- Only 1-hop neighbors. Severe limitation, real graphs are noisy.
- Real graphs are usually homophilic: Neighbors are similar. Models already leverage this by averaging over neighbors. Why not exploit this more systematically?
- → Generate more informative neighborhood via graph diffusion:

$$m{S} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} heta_k m{T}^k$$
 $ilde{m{A}} = m{A} + m{I}_n, \quad ilde{m{D}}_{ii} = \sum_j ilde{m{A}}_{ij}, \quad ilde{m{T}}_{ ext{sym}} = ilde{m{D}}^{-1/2} ilde{m{A}} ilde{m{D}}^{-1/2}$ 

e.g. heat kernel, personalized PageRank (PPR), GCN ( $\theta_1=1$ )

Sparsify result  $\rightarrow$  new sparse graph  $\tilde{S}$ , computationally efficient

### Spectral analysis

Why does GDC work?

- Communities in a graph correspond to eigenvectors of  $L = I_n T$  with low eigenvalues.
- Multiplying with  $\tilde{T}$  corresponds to a low-pass filter.
- We are not limited to  $\tilde{T}$ . Better filter? Graph diffusion.  $\rightarrow$  Allows tuning the filter to the graph.

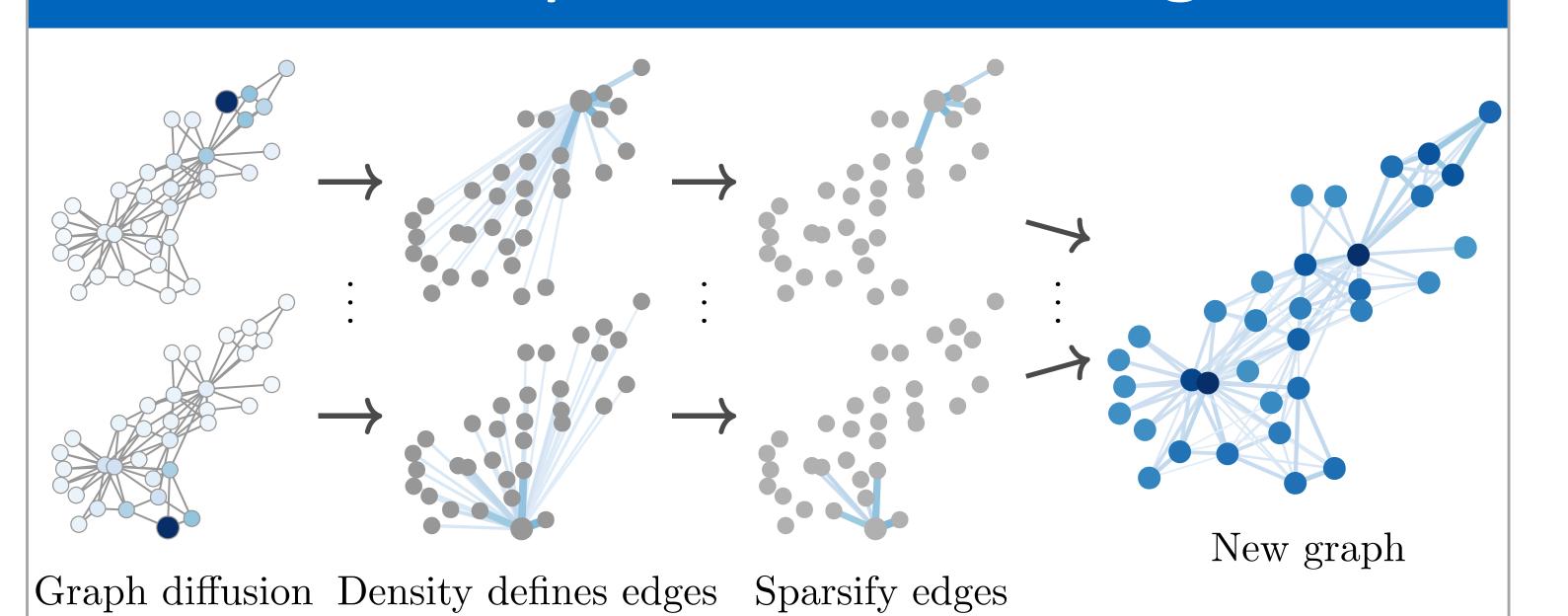
We show that graph diffusion is *equivalent* to a polynomial filter:

$$g_{\xi}(\boldsymbol{L}) = \sum_{j=0}^{J} \xi_{j} \boldsymbol{L}^{j}, \qquad \xi_{j} = \sum_{k=j}^{\infty} {k \choose j} (-1)^{j} \theta$$

Choosing proper  $\theta_k$  guarantees localization.

→ sparsification possible; generalizes to unseen graphs

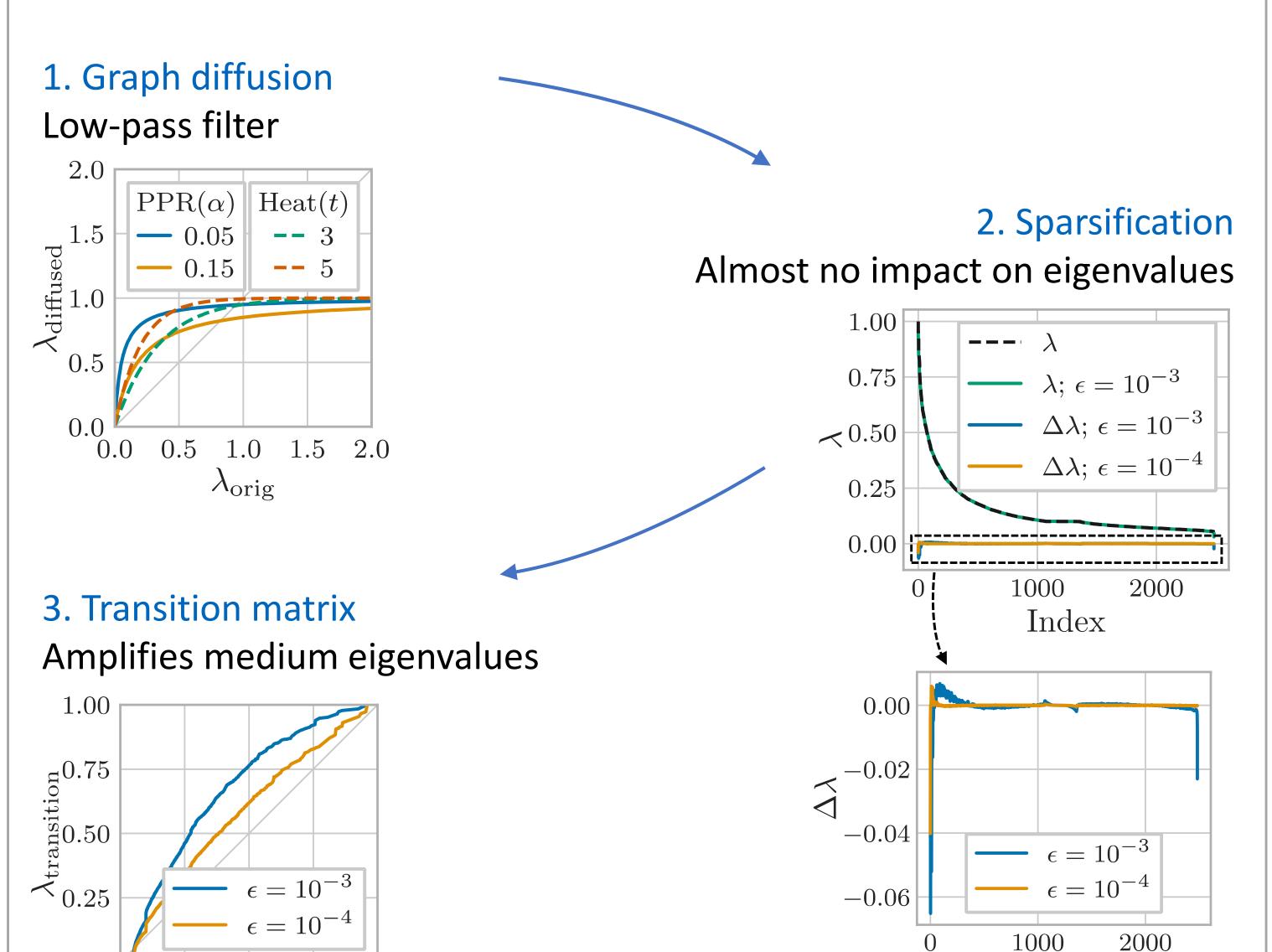
# Graph Diffusion Convolution (GDC): Plug-and-play preprocessing for improving graph-based models: GNNs, spectral clustering, ...



# GDC = Denoising filter

 $0.00 \ 0.25 \ 0.50 \ 0.75 \ 1.00$ 

 $\lambda_{
m sparsified}$ 

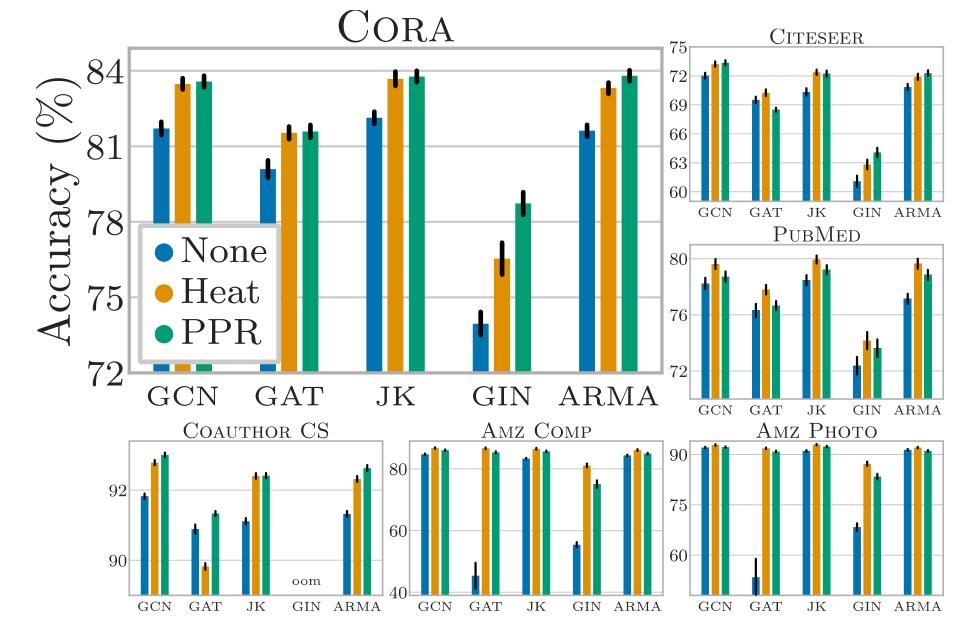


## Consistent performance improvements

- Every setting optimized individually
- >100,000 training runs
- Homophilic datasets, single edge type
- Hyperparameters consistently inside narrow range

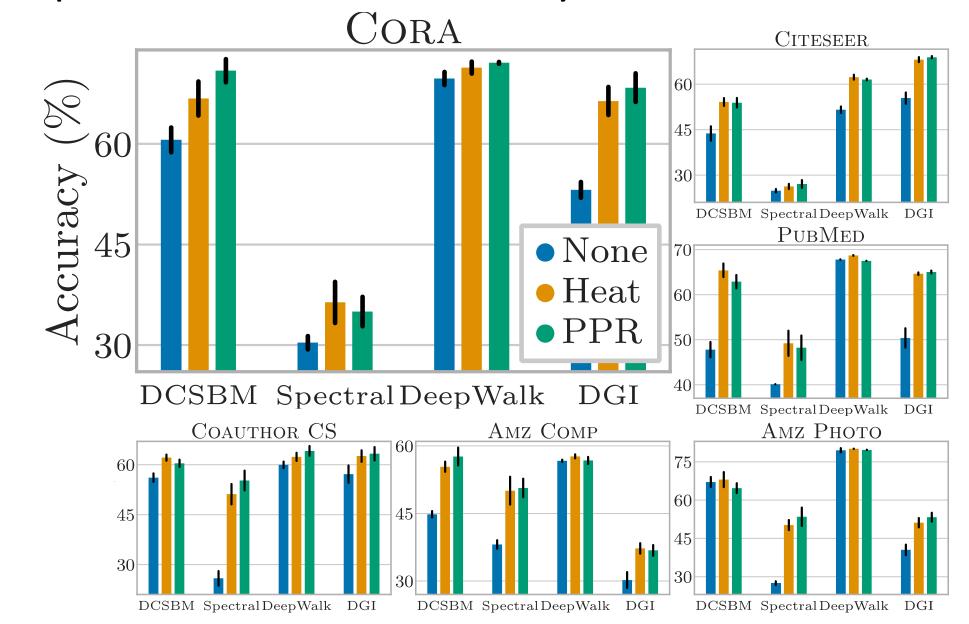
### Node classification

Improvements across 5 GNNs and 6 datasets



### Node clustering

Improvements across 4 vastly different models



### Graph density

Break-even point similar

80
CORA
CITESEER
AMZ COMP

100
101
102
103
Average degree

Index

### Label rates

GDC best for sparse labels

