9-3) liberary (dplyor) settred ("D: | orp / Pot/ Data") mydata = read.csv ("D: /orp/ Pop/ pop.csv") View (mydata) istr (mydata) plot (mydata) learplot (my data & Orrowth Pate, col = 'purple') pie (my data & yeari) min (mydata \$ year) mor (mydata & year) mean (my data & year) median (my data \$ year) sd (mydata & Ovioueth Rate) var (my data & Growth Pate) List (my data & year, col = "blue") borplot (my data \$ year, col = 'red') dot chart (my data & year, col = 'black') quartile (my data of Growth Rate, 0.25)
quartile (my data of Growth Rate, 0.75)
summary (my data)

R version 4.1.1 (2021-08-10) -- "Kick Things" Copyright (C) 2021 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)

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Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or 'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.

Type 'q()' to quit R.

[Workspace loaded from D:/rp/Pop/

```
Data/.RData]
> ## loading the dplyr library
> library(dplyr)
Attaching package: 'dplyr'
The following objects are masked
from 'package:stats':
  filter, lag
The following objects are masked
from 'package:base':
  intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
Warning message:
package 'dplyr' was built under R
version 4.1.2
>
> ## setting working directory
> setwd("D:/rp/Pop/Data")
> ## reading the dataset (.csv)
> mydata<-read.csv("D:/rp/Pop/
pop.csv")
```

```
> ## viewing dataset
> View(mydata)
> ## displaying internal structure
> str(mydata)
'data.frame': 12 obs. of 3 variables:
$ Year : int 2021 2020 2019 2018
2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 ...
$ Population: int 1393409038
1380004385 1366417754
1352642280 1338676785
1324517249 1310152403
1295600772 1280842125
1265780247 ...
$ GrowthRate: num 0.97 0.99 1.02
1.04 1.07 1.1 1.12 1.15 1.19 1.24 ...
>
> ## drawing points (markers)
> plot(mydata)
>
> ## representing data in rectangular
bars with length of the bar
proportional to the value of variable
> barplot(mydata$GrowthRate, col =
'purple')
>
> ## representing data as slices of a
circle with different colors
```

```
> pie(mydata$Year)
> ## finding minimum element
present in the dataset
> min(mydata$Year)
[1] 2010
> ## finding maximum element
present in the dataset
> max(mydata$Year)
[1] 2021
> ## calculating arithmetic mean of
the dataset
> mean(mydata$Year)
[1] 2015.5
> ## calculating median (middle
most value) in the dataset
> median(mydata$Year)
[1] 2015.5
> ## calculating standard diviation
> sd(mydata$GrowthRate)
[1] 0.123543
> ## calculating variance
> var(mydata$GrowthRate)
```

```
[1] 0.01526288
> ## representing the frequencies of
values of variables
> hist(mydata$Year, col = 'blue')
> ## representing that how well
distributed is the data in the dataset
> boxplot(mydata$Year, col = 'red')
>
> ## representing specified data in
the dot form
> dotchart(mydata$Year, color =
'black')
> ## creating sample quantiles
within a dataset with probability [0, 1]
> quantile(mydata$GrowthRate, 0.25)
 25%
1.035
>
> quantile(mydata$GrowthRate, 0.75)
 75%
1.2025
>
> ## summary of the dataset
> summary(mydata)
            Population
   Year
```

```
– quantile(inyuataşgiowtilkate, 0.23)
25%
1.035
> quantile(mydata$GrowthRate, 0.75)
 75%
1.2025
> ## summary of the dataset
> summary(mydata)
  Year Population
GrowthRate
Min. :2010 Min. :1.234e+09
Min. :0.970
1st Qu.:2013 1st Qu.:1.277e+09
1st Qu.:1.035
Median :2016
              Median:1.317e+09
Median :1.110
Mean :2016
             Mean :1.316e+09
Mean :1.129
3rd Qu.:2018
             3rd Qu.:1.356e+09
3rd Qu.:1.202
Max. :2021
            Max. :1.393e+09
Max. :1.360
```