

Q4-Ans Descriptive statistics:-

Summary:- gives us the descriptive sets like
in case of Numerical data:-

gives mean, mode, median, range

Measures of Central Tendency

\Rightarrow mean (titanic & fare)

32.20421

[On Average person
spent \$ 32 to board the
titanic]

= mode (titanic & Age)
24

[mode common Age on
titanic]

\Rightarrow median (train & fare)

14.542

Measures of spread:-

range (titanic & fare)

0.000 512.3292

[It shows lowest &
highest value of fare]

\Rightarrow var (titanic & fare)

2469.437

\Rightarrow sqrt (var (titanic & fare))

49.69343

Inferential Statistics :-

Hypothesis Testing:-

```
new_data (-subset (titanic, $pclass = 2)
```

```
=> test2 = function (a, b, c) {
```

```
  Sample-mean = mean(a)
```

```
  Pop-mean = mean(b)
```

```
  C = nrow = (n)
```

```
  var b = var(b)
```

```
  data = (Sample-mean, pop-mean) / sqrt (var-b/c)
```

```
  return data,
```

Call function :-

```
Z' test2 (newdata $ Survived, titanic $ Survived,  
          new_data)
```

```
7.423820
```

Ans.