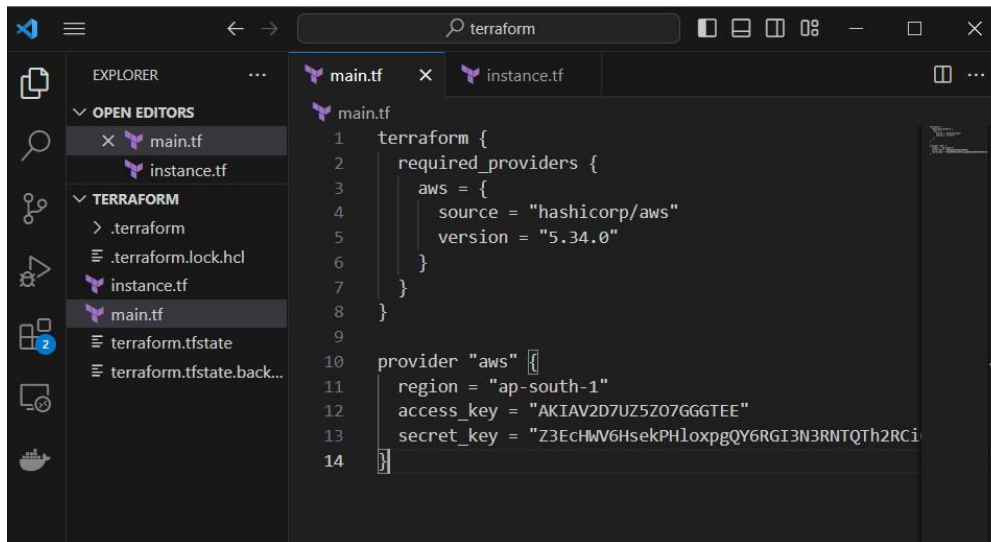


## LAB-4

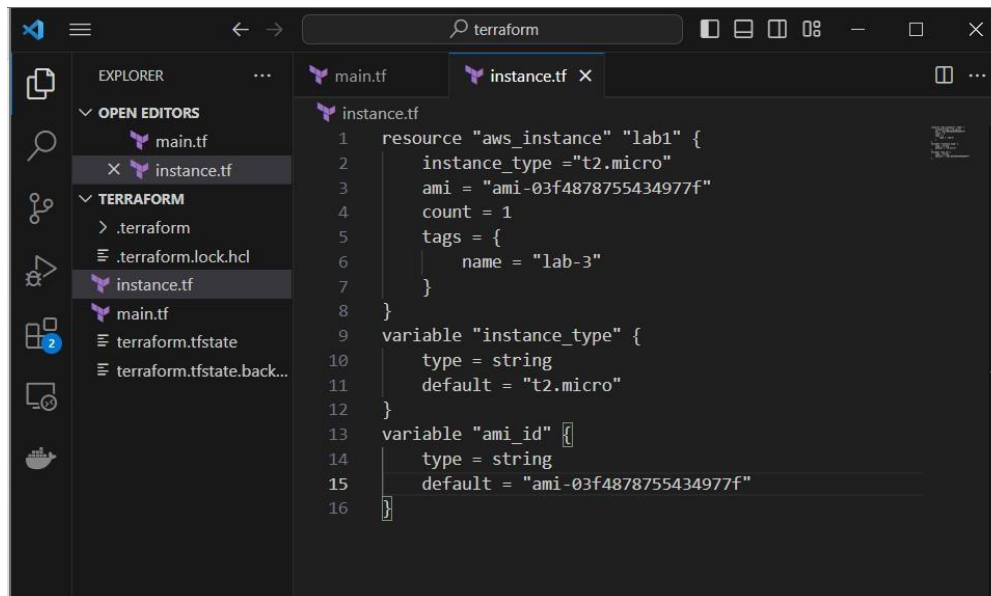
### Terraform Variable

We will see different ways to declare variable in terraform

Step 1: First we will see declaring variable in instance.tf file



```
1 terraform {
2   required_providers {
3     aws = {
4       source = "hashicorp/aws"
5       version = "5.34.0"
6     }
7   }
8 }
9
10 provider "aws" {
11   region = "ap-south-1"
12   access_key = "AKIAV2D7UZ5Z07GGGTEE"
13   secret_key = "Z3EchWV6HsekPHloxpqQY6RGI3N3RNTQTh2RCi"
```



```
1 resource "aws_instance" "lab1" {
2   instance_type = "t2.micro"
3   ami = "ami-03f4878755434977f"
4   count = 1
5   tags = {
6     name = "lab-3"
7   }
8 }
9
10 variable "instance_type" {
11   type = string
12   default = "t2.micro"
13 }
14
15 variable "ami_id" {
16   type = string
17   default = "ami-03f4878755434977f"
```

```
Command Prompt
with Terraform immediately by creating Terraform configuration files.

C:\Users\hp>cd terraform

C:\Users\hp\terraform>terraform init

Initializing the backend...

Initializing provider plugins...
- Reusing previous version of hashicorp/aws from the dependency lock file
- Using previously-installed hashicorp/aws v5.34.0

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.

C:\Users\hp\terraform>terraform validate
Success! The configuration is valid.

C:\Users\hp\terraform>|
```

```
Command Prompt

C:\Users\hp\terraform>terraform plan

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution
plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.lab1[0] will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "lab1" {
  + ami                  = "ami-03f4878755434977f"
  + arn                  = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone     = (known after apply)
  + cpu_core_count        = (known after apply)
  + cpu_threads_per_core   = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop       = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized          = (known after apply)
  + get_password_data      = false
  + host_id                = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile    = (known after apply)
  + id                     = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_lifecycle      = (known after apply)
  + instance_state          = (known after apply)
  + instance_type           = "t2.micro"
  + ipv6_address_count       = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses           = (known after apply)
  + key_name                = (known after apply)
  + monitoring               = (known after apply)
  + outpost_arn              = (known after apply)
  + password_data            = (known after apply)
  + placement_group          = (known after apply)
  + placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
  + primary_network_interface_id = (known after apply)
  + private_dns              = (known after apply)
```

```
Command Prompt
guarantee to take exactly these actions if you run "terraform apply" now.

C:\Users\hp\terraform>terraform apply

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution
plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.lab1[0] will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "lab1" {
+   ami                    = "ami-03f4878755434977f"
+   arn                    = (known after apply)
+   associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
+   availability_zone       = (known after apply)
+   cpu_core_count          = (known after apply)
+   cpu_threads_per_core    = (known after apply)
+   disable_api_stop        = (known after apply)
+   disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
+   ebs_optimized           = (known after apply)
+   get_password_data        = false
+   host_id                 = (known after apply)
+   host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
+   iam_instance_profile    = (known after apply)
+   id                      = (known after apply)
+   instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
+   instance_lifecycle      = (known after apply)
+   instance_state          = (known after apply)
+   instance_type           = "t2.micro"
+   ipv6_address_count       = (known after apply)
+   ipv6_addresses          = (known after apply)
+   key_name                 = (known after apply)
+   monitoring               = (known after apply)
+   outpost_arn              = (known after apply)
+   password_data            = (known after apply)
+   placement_group         = (known after apply)
+   placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
+   primary_network_interface_id = (known after apply)
+   private_dns              = (known after apply)
```

```
Command Prompt

+   private_dns              = (known after apply)
+   private_ip              = (known after apply)
+   public_dns              = (known after apply)
+   public_ip               = (known after apply)
+   secondary_private_ips   = (known after apply)
+   security_groups          = (known after apply)
+   source_dest_check        = true
+   spot_instance_request_id = (known after apply)
+   subnet_id               = (known after apply)
+   tags                    = {
+     "name" = "lab-3"
+   }
+   tags_all                = {
+     "name" = "lab-3"
+   }
+   tenancy                  = (known after apply)
+   user_data                = (known after apply)
+   user_data_base64         = (known after apply)
+   user_data_replace_on_change = false
+   vpc_security_group_ids   = (known after apply)
}

Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

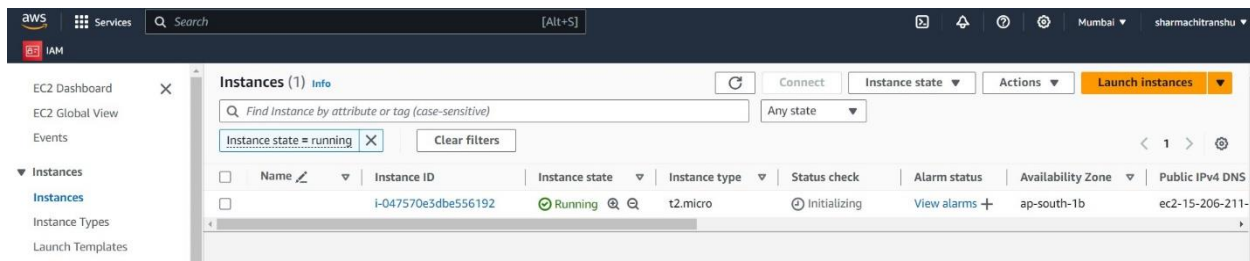
Do you want to perform these actions?
  Terraform will perform the actions described above.
  Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

  Enter a value: yes

aws_instance.lab1[0]: Creating...
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Still creating... [20s elapsed]
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Still creating... [30s elapsed]
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Creation complete after 35s [id=i-047570e3dbe556192]

Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

C:\Users\hp\terraform>
```



```
Command Prompt
C:\Users\hp\terraform>terraform destroy
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Refreshing state... [id=i-047570e3dbe556192]

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution
plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
- destroy

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.lab1[0] will be destroyed
- resource "aws_instance" "lab1" {
  ami              = "ami-03f4878755434977f" -> null
  arn              = "arn:aws:ec2:ap-south-1:399699660658:instance/i-047570e3dbe556192" -> null
  associate_public_ip_address = true -> null
  availability_zone = "ap-south-1b" -> null
  cpu_core_count    = 1 -> null
  cpu_threads_per_core = 1 -> null
  disable_api_stop   = false -> null
  disable_api_termination = false -> null
  ebs_optimized      = false -> null
  get_password_data   = false -> null
  hibernation         = false -> null
  id                 = "i-047570e3dbe556192" -> null
  instance_state     = "running" -> null
  instance_type      = "t2.micro" -> null
  ipv6_address_count = 0 -> null
  ipv6_addresses     = [] -> null
  monitoring         = false -> null
  placement_partition_number = 0 -> null
  primary_network_interface_id = "eni-06c8b0813ed11982a" -> null
  private_dns        = "ip-172-31-15-82.ap-south-1.compute.internal" -> null
  private_ip         = "172.31.15.82" -> null
  public_dns         = "ec2-15-206-211-79.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com" -> null
  public_ip          = "15.206.211.79" -> null
  secondary_private_ips = [] -> null
  security_groups    = [
    - "default",
  ] -> null
  source_dest_check   = true -> null
  instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = "stop" -> null
}
```

```
Command Prompt

- "name" = "lab-3"
} -> null
- tenancy = "default" -> null
- user_data_replace_on_change = false -> null
- vpc_security_group_ids = [
  - "sg-0a013be3e8908a3e6",
] -> null

- capacity_reservation_specification {
  - capacity_reservation_preference = "open" -> null
}

- cpu_options {
  - core_count = 1 -> null
  - threads_per_core = 1 -> null
}

- credit_specification {
  - cpu_credits = "standard" -> null
}

- enclave_options {
  - enabled = false -> null
}

- maintenance_options {
  - auto_recovery = "default" -> null
}

- metadata_options {
  - http_endpoint = "enabled" -> null
  - http_protocol_ipv6 = "disabled" -> null
  - http_put_response_hop_limit = 1 -> null
  - http_tokens = "optional" -> null
  - instance_metadata_tags = "disabled" -> null
}

- private_dns_name_options {
  - enable_resource_name_dns_a_record = false -> null
  - enable_resource_name_dns_aaaa_record = false -> null
}
```

```
Command Prompt

- private_dns_name_options {
  - enable_resource_name_dns_a_record = false -> null
  - enable_resource_name_dns_aaaa_record = false -> null
  - hostname_type = "ip-name" -> null
}

- root_block_device {
  - delete_on_termination = true -> null
  - device_name = "/dev/sda1" -> null
  - encrypted = false -> null
  - iops = 100 -> null
  - tags = {} -> null
  - throughput = 0 -> null
  - volume_id = "vol-0074a77bdd266cdc3" -> null
  - volume_size = 8 -> null
  - volume_type = "gp2" -> null
}
}

Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 1 to destroy.

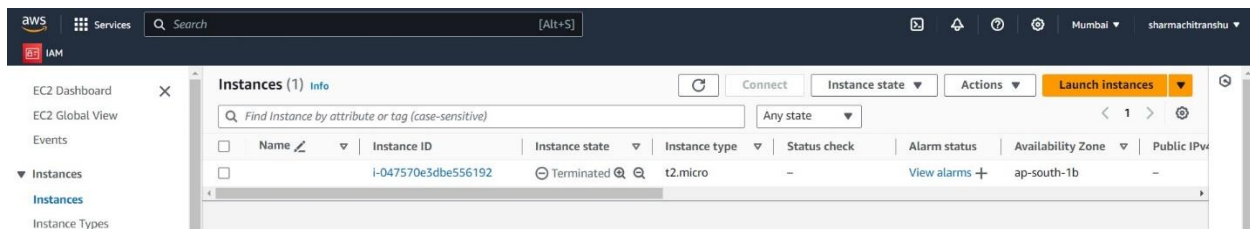
Do you really want to destroy all resources?
  Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
  There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

Enter a value: yes

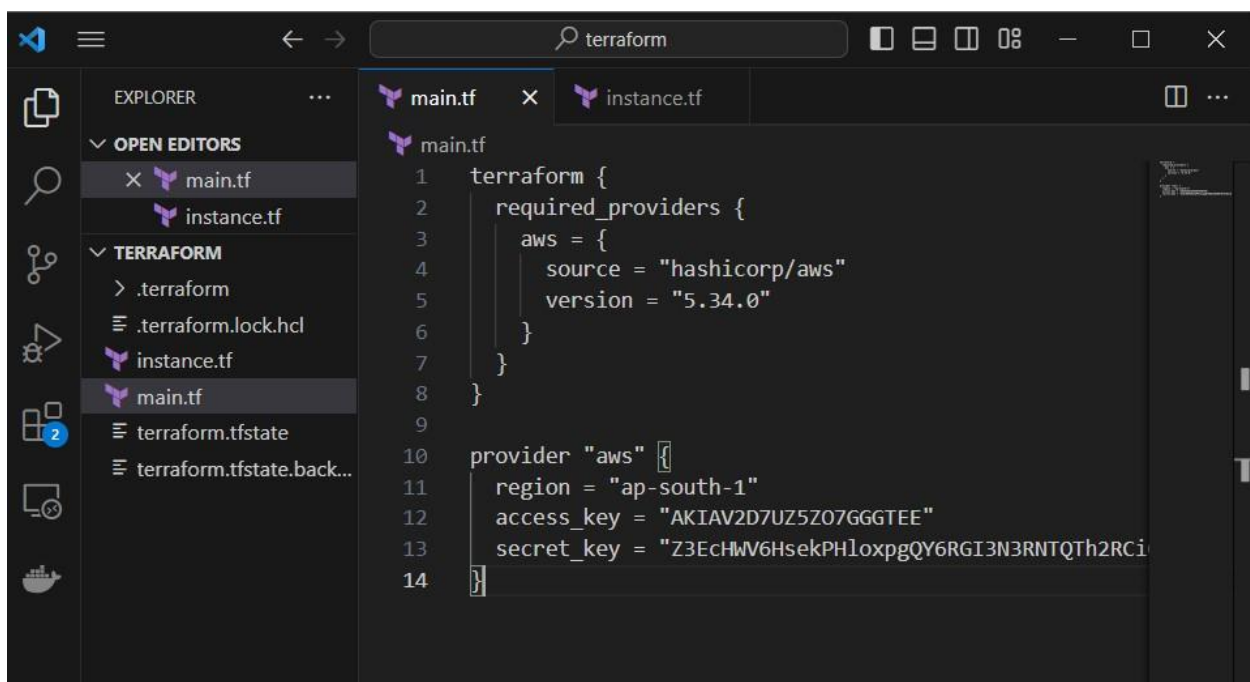
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Destroying... [id=i-047570e3dbe556192]
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-047570e3dbe556192, 10s elapsed]
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-047570e3dbe556192, 20s elapsed]
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-047570e3dbe556192, 30s elapsed]
aws_instance.lab1[0]: Destruction complete after 31s

Destroy complete! Resources: 1 destroyed.

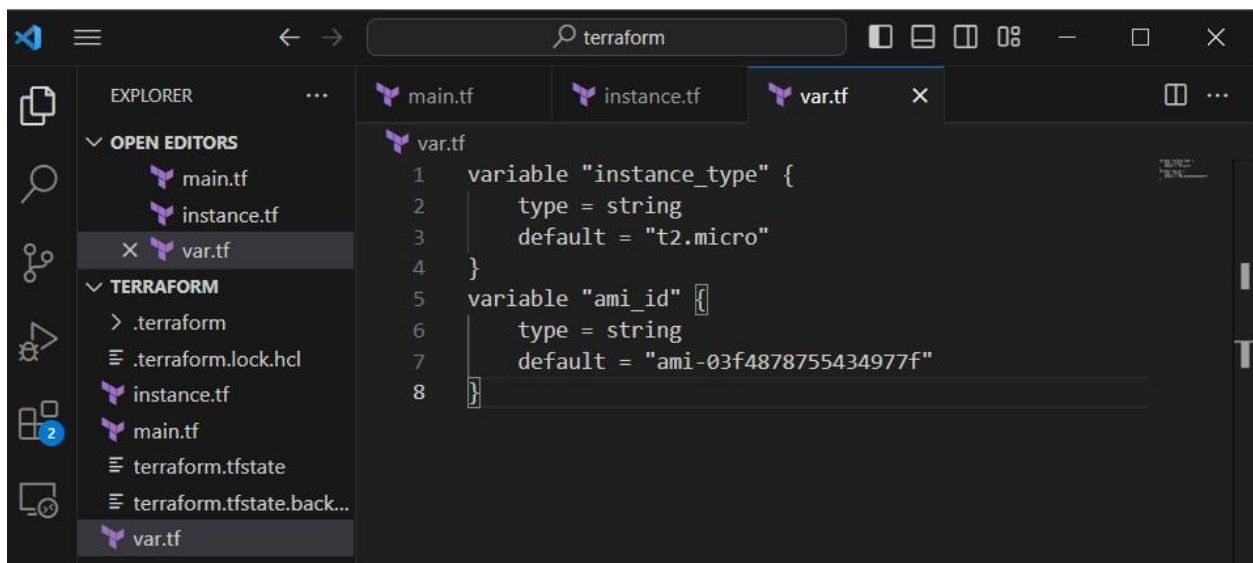
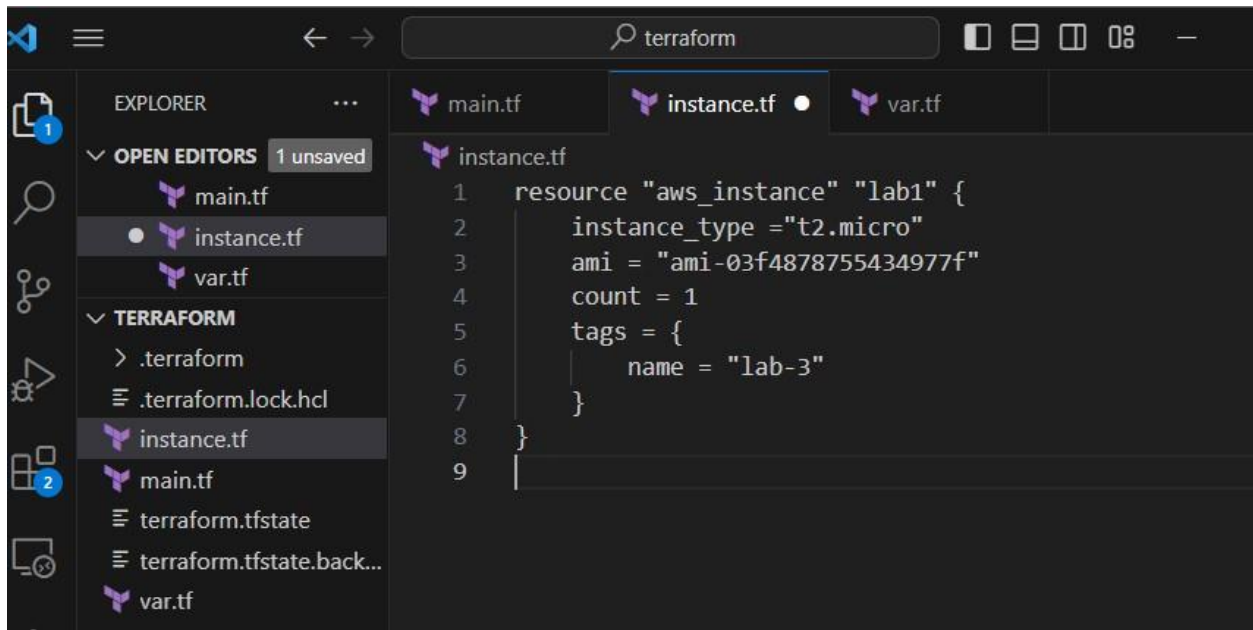
C:\Users\hp\terraform>
```



Step 2: Now We will to create a var.tf file to create variable

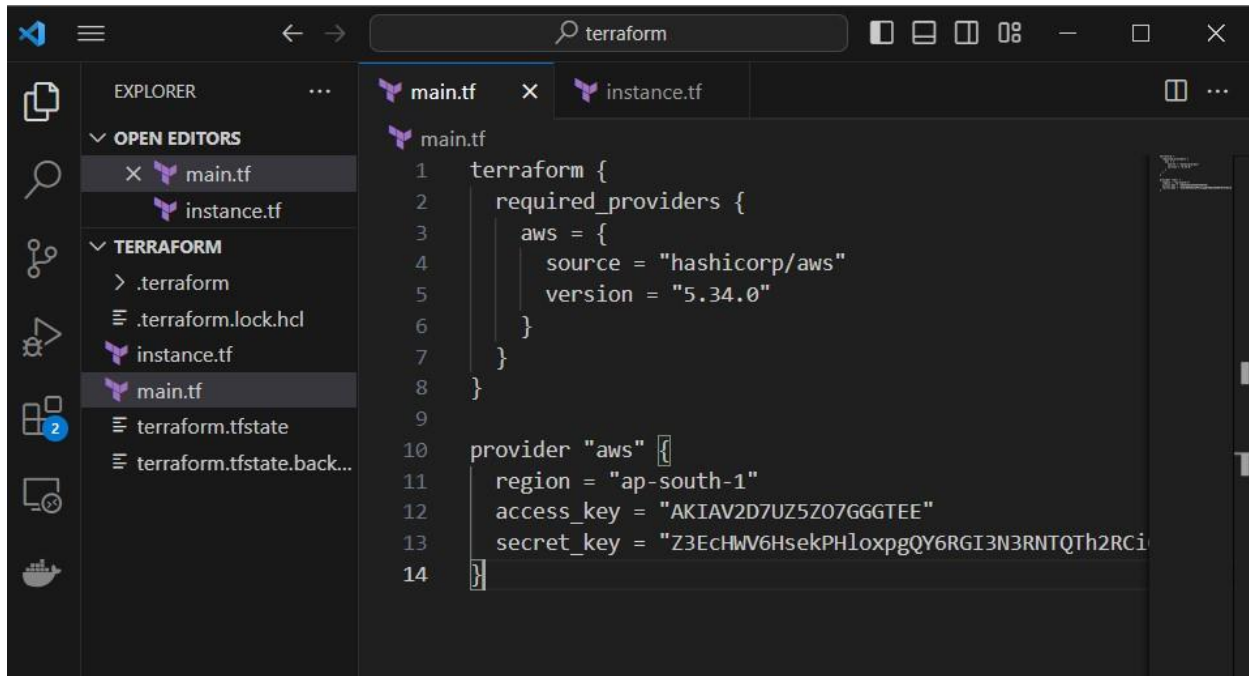






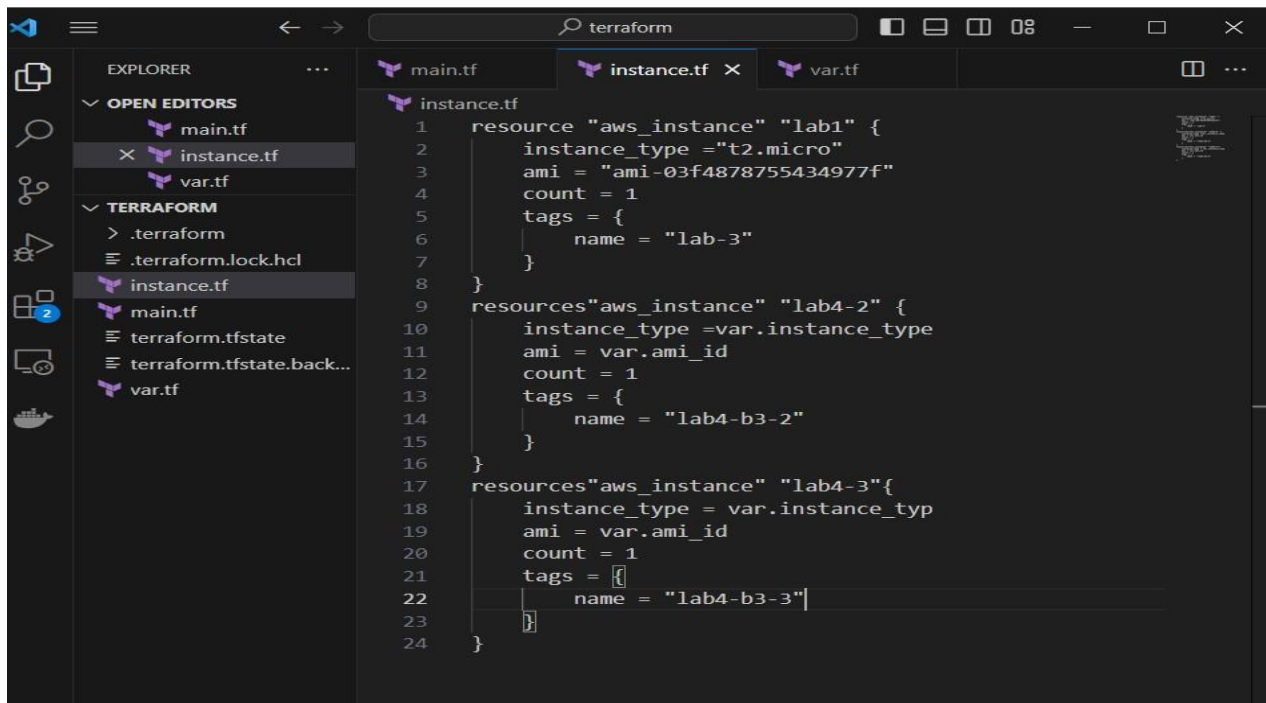
Now by again running the terraform plan and terraform apply instance will be created.

Step 3: To create multiple instances by changing instance.tf file



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the Terraform project. The Explorer panel on the left shows the file structure with 'main.tf' selected. The main editor displays the content of 'main.tf'.

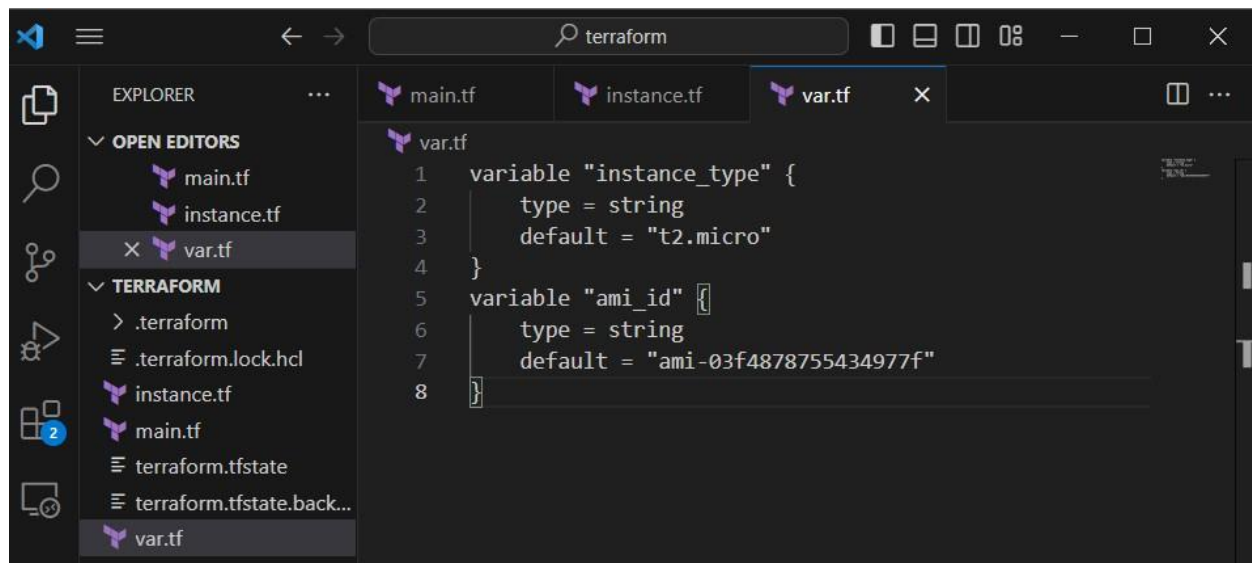
```
1 terraform {
2   required_providers {
3     aws = {
4       source = "hashicorp/aws"
5       version = "5.34.0"
6     }
7   }
8 }
9
10 provider "aws" {
11   region = "ap-south-1"
12   access_key = "AKIAV2D7UZ5Z07GGGTEE"
13   secret_key = "Z3EcHwV6HsekPHloxpqQY6RGI3N3RNTQTh2RCi"
14 }
```



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the Terraform project. The Explorer panel on the left shows the file structure with 'instance.tf' selected. The main editor displays the content of 'instance.tf'.

```
1 resource "aws_instance" "lab1" {
2   instance_type = "t2.micro"
3   ami = "ami-03f4878755434977f"
4   count = 1
5   tags = {
6     name = "lab-3"
7   }
8 }
9
10 resources "aws_instance" "lab4-2" {
11   instance_type = var.instance_type
12   ami = var.ami_id
13   count = 1
14   tags = {
15     name = "lab4-b3-2"
16   }
17 }
18
19 resources "aws_instance" "lab4-3" {
20   instance_type = var.instance_type
21   ami = var.ami_id
22   count = 1
23   tags = {
24     name = "lab4-b3-3"
25   }
26 }
```





Now by again running the terraform plan and terraform apply multiple instance will be created.