

Enthalpy and Energy Quiz

19/20 Great!

For full marks, please provide complete solutions with all units and significant digits where appropriate.
Good luck! ☺

$$c_{\text{water}} = 4.184 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$d_{\text{water}} = 1.0 \text{ g/mL}$$

1. Identify each of the following systems as open, closed or isolated: (1 mark K)

a) An automobile with all doors, vents and windows closed. closed

b) The ocean. open

2. A sample of ethanol absorbs 32.5 kJ of energy. The temperature of the sample increases from 3.5°C to 21.7°C. What is the mass of the ethanol sample? The specific heat capacity of ethanol is 2.46 J/g°C.
(3 marks = 2 marks T, 1 mark C)

$$32500 = mc\Delta T$$

$$32500 = m$$

$$18.2(2.46)$$

$$m = 725.9 \text{ g}$$

$$m = 7.3 \times 10^2 \text{ g}$$

$$\Delta T = 21.7 - 3.5$$

$$\Delta T = 18.2^\circ\text{C}$$

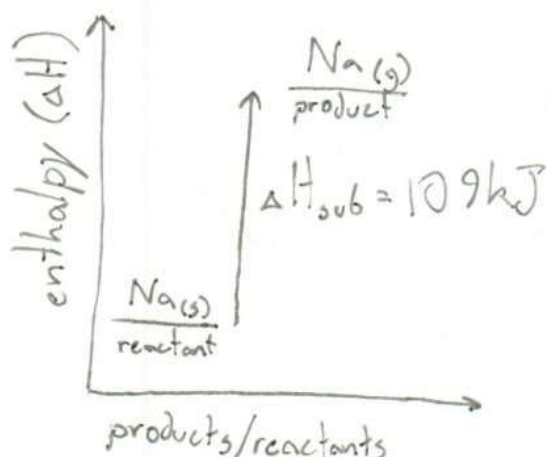
3. Solid sodium metal undergoes sublimation according to the equation below:



a) State whether the change is endothermic or exothermic. (1 mark C)

endothermic

b) Draw a labelled enthalpy diagram of the reaction. (2 marks C)



c) Calculate the enthalpy for this change 110g of solid sodium metal undergoes sublimation.
(4 marks = 3 marks T, 1 mark C)

$$\text{mm Na} = 22.99 \text{ g/mol}$$

molar ΔH : 1 mol Na yields

109 kJ, so

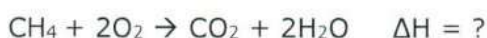
molar enthalpy

is 109 kJ/mol

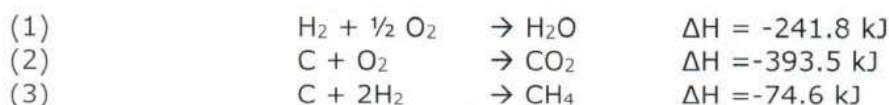
$$110 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{22.99 \text{ g}} \times \frac{109 \text{ kJ}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 522 \text{ kJ of energy must be added.}$$

$$\Delta H = 522 \text{ kJ}$$

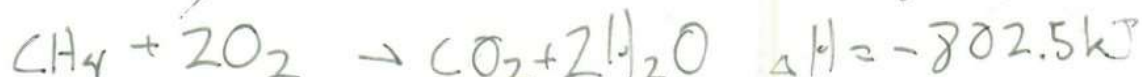
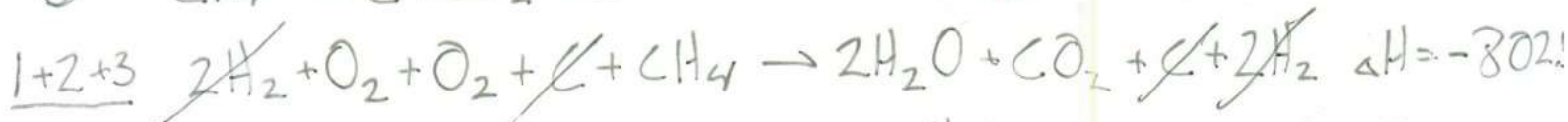
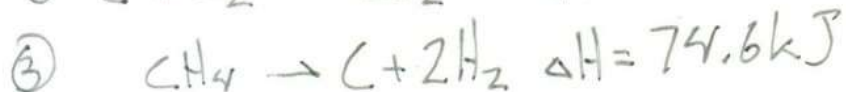
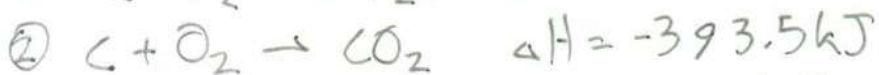
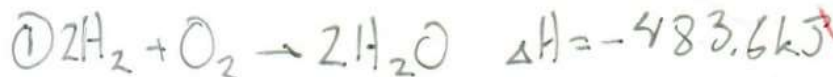
4. Use Hess' law to find the enthalpy of the following reaction



given the following reactions:



Remember to show all work to receive full marks. (4 marks = 3 marks T, 1 mark C)



$$\Delta H = -802.5 \text{ kJ}$$

4

5. A 60.0mL sample of 0.50mol/L hydrochloric acid, HCl(aq), was mixed with 70.0mL of a 1.0mol/L solution of potassium hydroxide, KOH(aq) in a coffee cup calorimeter. If both solutions had an initial temperature of 22.4°C, and after mixing the temperature was recorded as 34.7°C, what was the molar enthalpy of hydrochloric acid for the reaction? (5 marks = 4 marks T, 1 mark C)

kJ/mol

$$Q = mc\Delta T$$

$$Q = 130(4.184)(34.7 - 22.4)$$

$$Q = 6690.2 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{HCL} \quad 0.060 \text{ L} \times \frac{0.5 \text{ mol}}{\text{L}} = 0.03 \text{ mol HCL}$$

This is Q surroundings, since

$$Q_{\text{sur}} = -Q_{\text{sys}}$$

$$Q_{\text{sys}} = -6690.2 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{molar enthalpy} = \frac{-6690.2 \text{ J}}{0.03 \text{ mol}}$$

$$= -223006.6 \text{ J/mol}$$

$$= -223 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

∴ the molar enthalpy of hydrochloric acid in this reaction is -223 kJ/mol.

4.5