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$$1. \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(-1, 0, 1); \quad 2. \lambda = 2\mu; \quad 3. 4; \quad 4. 0; \quad 5. 2x + 4y - z - 8 = 0;$$

$$6. \int_0^1 dy \int_y^y f(x, y) dx; \quad 7. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} d\theta \int_0^{\tan\theta \sec\theta} f(\rho \cos\theta, \rho \sin\theta) \rho d\rho; \quad 8. \sqrt{2}; \quad 9. 2\pi;$$

$$10. 6;$$

$$\text{二、11. 过直线 } L \text{ 的平面束方程为 } x + 2z - 4 + \lambda(2y - z + 8) = 0, \quad 2 \text{ 分}$$

$$\vec{n} = (1, 2\lambda, 2 - \lambda) \perp \vec{s} = (1, 1, 1), \text{ 故 } 1 + 2\lambda + 2 - \lambda = 0, \lambda = -3; \quad 6 \text{ 分}$$

$$\text{所求平面方程为 } x - 6y + 5z - 28 = 0; \quad 7 \text{ 分}$$

$$12. \text{ 方程两边微分得 } dz = (2xdx + 2ydy)e^y + (x^2 + y^2)e^y dy; \quad 6 \text{ 分}$$

$$\text{即 } dz = 2xe^y dx + (x^2 + y^2 + 2y)e^y dy; \quad 7 \text{ 分}$$

$$13. F_x = F_u, F_y = F_v, F_z = -aF_u - bF_v, \quad 4 \text{ 分}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{F_u}{aF_u + bF_v}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{F_v}{aF_u + bF_v}, \quad 6 \text{ 分}$$

$$\therefore a \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + b \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 1; \quad 7 \text{ 分}$$

14. 设 (x, y, z) 是曲线上任一点, 则它到原点的距离平方为

$$d^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2, \quad 2 \text{ 分}$$

作拉格朗日函数 $L(x, y, z, \lambda, \mu) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + \lambda(x^2 + y^2 - z) + \mu(x + y + z - 4)$,

$$\begin{cases} L_x = 2x + 2\lambda x + \mu = 0, \\ L_y = 2y + 2\lambda y + \mu = 0, \\ L_z = 2z - \lambda + \mu, \\ L_\lambda = x^2 + y^2 - z = 0, \\ L_\mu = x + y + z - 4 = 0. \end{cases}$$

解方程组得两驻点 $p_1(1, 1, 2), p_2(-2, -2, 8)$, 6 分

经验证 $p_1(1,1,2)$ 为所求的最小值点, 最短距离为 $\sqrt{6}$; $p_2(-2,-2,8)$ 为所求的最大值

点, 最长距离为 $6\sqrt{2}$; 7 分

$$15. \iint_D e^{-y^2} d\sigma = \int_0^1 dy \int_0^y e^{-y^2} dx \quad 4 \text{ 分}$$

$$= \int_0^1 ye^{-y^2} dy = \left. \frac{-1}{2} e^{-y^2} \right|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} (1 - e^{-1}) = \frac{e-1}{2e}; \quad 7 \text{ 分}$$

$$16. \int_{(1,1)}^{(2,3)} (2x+y)dx + (x-2y)dy = \int_1^2 (2x+1)dx + \int_1^3 (2-2y)dy \quad 4 \text{ 分}$$

$$= (x^2 + x) \Big|_1^2 + (2y - y^2) \Big|_1^3 = 0; \quad 7 \text{ 分}$$

17. 补有向线段 $OA: y=0, x \in [0, 4a]$;

$$\text{且 } \int_{OA} (e^x \sin y - my)dx + (e^x \cos y - m) dy = 0, \quad 2 \text{ 分}$$

由 $P(x, y) = e^x \sin y - my$, $Q(x, y) = e^x \cos y - m$ 则

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = e^x \cos y - m, \quad \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = e^x \cos y, \quad 4 \text{ 分}$$

记 $L+OA$ 围成的闭区域为 D , 由 Green 公式得

$$\int_L = \oint_{L+OA} - \int_{OA} = \iint_D m dx dy - 0 = 2m\pi a^2; \quad 6 \text{ 分}$$

18. 由 Gauss 公式得

$$\oint_{\Sigma} = \iiint_{\Omega} (1-4x+8x-4x)dv \quad 4 \text{ 分}$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^1 \rho d\rho \int_{\rho^2}^1 dz = \frac{\pi}{2}; \quad 6 \text{ 分}$$

$$19. V = \iiint_{\Omega} dv = \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} d\varphi \int_0^{2a\cos\varphi} \rho^2 \sin\varphi d\rho \quad 4 \text{ 分}$$

$$= \pi a^3. \quad 6 \text{ 分}$$