## Travelling Salesman Problem

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## A problem...



Elections are coming! Modi-ji wants to visit all the above cities covered under "Smart Cities Mission" as a part of his election campaign. Keeping in mind the fact that the elections are in two days, he wants to speed-run through the cities...

## Travelling salesman problem

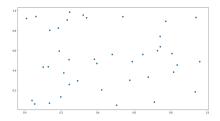


Figure: Cities that need to be covered

Given a list of cities and the distances between each pair of cities, what is the shortest possible route that visits each city exactly once and returns to the origin city?



# Other applications

- Maths club project
- In GPS systems
- DNA sequencing
- Global routing (in Circuit Design)

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Objective function is not convex



Approach



# Simulated Annealing

#### **Definition**

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- We simulate this process to apply it to optimizing the TSP
- Instead of always choosing the better path, sometime choose something worse
- Balance Exploration versus Exploitation



# Polar Optimization



Figure: Implementation of Polar Optimization

- We choose one city as the centroid
- Choose closest cities in terms of angles
- Connect and continue the process
- Connect the final city to the original



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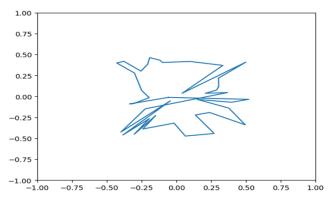
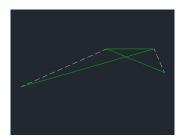
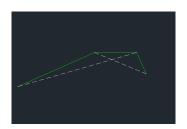


Figure: step1

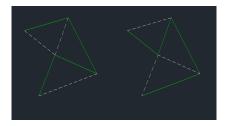
What about such a pair?



Idea .. Swap their neighbors!



We might even extend this!



It's making the figure more "spread out"



### Convex Hull method

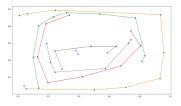


Figure: Implementation of Convex Hull method

- Intuition behind the algorithm is the triangle inequality
- Generate the set of convex hulls and connect them
- Disconnect longest path and connect to adjacent hull



Approach Results

Results of our work



### Results of Convex Hull method

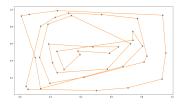


Figure: The result of Convex Hull method

- As the method is simply out of intuition and involves mere connection of convex hull shapes, it has the largest path length of 11.3928
- We can optimize this algorithm by including the solutions found out in polar optimization method

# Results of Polar Optimization

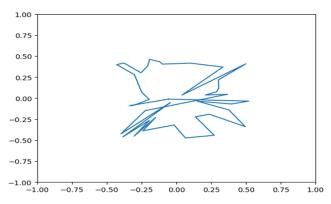


Figure: step1

# Results of Polar Optimization

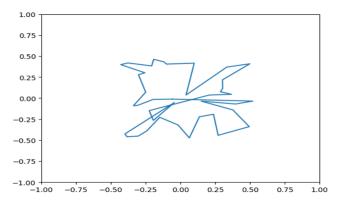


Figure: step2: the figure is spreading out

# Results of Polar Optimization

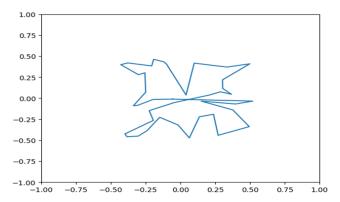


Figure: step3: the figure is spreading out

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- PS: it runs a lot faster!