PROGRAM 1 : Calendar

<u>a.</u>

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
struct CalendarDay {
char* dayName;
int date;
char* activity;
};
int main() {
struct CalendarDay calendar[7];
char *d[] = {"Sunday","Monday","Tuesday","Wednesday","Thursday",
"Friday", "Saturday"};
char *a[] = {"Movie with friends", "Play-Indoor", "Outdoor", "Trip to
Mysore", "Sleep hard", "Work work work", "Gaming"};
for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
calendar[i].dayName = (char*)malloc(20 * sizeof(char));
calendar[i].activity = (char*)malloc(100 * sizeof(char));
calendar[i].date = i + 1;
strcpy(calendar[i].dayName, d[i]);
```

```
strcpy(calendar[i].activity, a[i]);
}
for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
  printf("Day %d: %s, Date: %d, Activity: %s\n", i + 1, calendar[i].dayName,
  calendar[i].date, calendar[i].activity);
}
for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
  free(calendar[i].dayName);
  free(calendar[i].activity);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
<u>B.</u>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
struct CalendarDay {
char* dayName;
int date;
char* activity;
} calendar[7];
void create() {
  for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
  calendar[i].dayName = (char*)malloc(20 * sizeof(char));
  calendar[i].activity = (char*)malloc(100 * sizeof(char));
  }
}
void read() {
  for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
    printf("Enter the day name for Day %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%s", calendar[i].dayName);
    printf("Enter the date for Day %d: ", i + 1);
```

```
scanf("%d", &calendar[i].date);
    printf("Enter the activity description for Day %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf(" %99[^\n]", calendar[i].activity);
  }
 }
void display() {
  printf("\nWeekly Activity Details:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++)
printf("Day %d: %s, Date: %d, Activity: %s\n", i + 1, calendar[i].dayName,
calendar[i].date, calendar[i].activity);
}
int main() {
create();
read();
display();
for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
  free(calendar[i].dayName);
  free(calendar[i].activity);
}
return 0;
}
```

PROGRAM 2: String Operations

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char str[100], pat[50], rep[50], ans[100]; int i, j, c, m, k, flag=0;
void stringmatch(){
  i = m = c = j = 0;
  while(str[c]!='0')
  {
    if(str[m]==pat[i])
    {
       i++;
       m++;
       if(pat[i]=='\0')
       {
         flag= 1;
         for(k = 0; rep[k] != '\0'; k++, j++)
         ans[j] = rep[k];
         i = 0;
         c = m;
      }
    }
    else
    {
       ans[j] = str[c]; j++;
       C++;
```

```
m = c;
      i = 0;
    }
  }
  ans[j] = '\0';
}
void main() {
  printf("\nEnter a main string \n");
  gets(str);
  printf("\nEnter a pattern string \n");
  gets(pat);
  printf("\nEnter a replace string \n");
  gets(rep);
  stringmatch();
  if(flag==1)
  printf("\nThe resultant string is\n %s" , ans);
  else
  printf("\nPattern string NOT found\n");
}
```

PROGRAM 3: Stack Operations

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define MAX 4
int stack[MAX], item,ch, top = -1, count = 0;
void push(){
  if (top == (MAX-1))
    printf("\n\nStack is Overflow");
  else
    stack[++top] = item;
}
int pop(){
  int ret;
  if(top == -1)
    printf("\n\nStack is Underflow");
  else{
    ret = stack[top--];
    printf("\nPopped element is %d", ret);
  }
  return ret;
}
void palindrome(){
  int i, j, flag=1;
  for(i=0, j=top;i<j; i++, j--){
```

```
if(stack[i] ==stack[j])
       flag = 1;
    else{
       flag =0;
       break;
    }
  }
  if(flag==1)
     printf("\nStack contents are Palindrome");
  else
     printf("\nStack contents are not palindrome");
}
void display( ){
  int i;
  printf("\nThe stack contents are:");
  if(top == -1)
    printf("\nStack is Empty");
  else{
    for(i=top; i>=0; i--)
    printf("\n -----\n| %d |", stack[i]); printf("\n");
  }
}
```

```
void main(){
  int temp;
  do{
    printf("\n\n----\n");
    printf("\n1. PUSH (Insert) in the Stack");
    printf("\n2. POP (Delete) from the Stack");
    printf("\n3. PALINDROME check using Stack");
    printf("\n4. Exit (End the Execution)");
    printf("\nEnter Your Choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1: printf("\nEnter a element to be pushed: ");
          scanf("%d", &item);
          push();
          display();
           break;
      case 2: temp=pop();
           display();
           break;
      case 3: palindrome();
           break;
      case 4: exit(0);
      default: printf("\nEND OF EXECUTION");
    }
  } while (ch != 4);
}
```

PROGRAM 4: Infix to Postfix

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int F(char symbol){
  switch(symbol){
    case '+' :
    case '-': return 2;
    case '*':
    case '/': return 4;
    case '^':
    case '$': return 5;
    case '(': return 0;
    case '#': return -1;
    default: return 8;
}
}
int G(char symbol){
  switch(symbol){
    case '+':
    case '-': return 1;
    case '*':
    case '/': return 3;
    case '^':
    case '$': return 6;
    case '(': return 9;
    case ')': return 0;
```

```
default: return 7;
  }
}
void infix postfix(char infix[], char postfix[]){
  int top, j, i;
  char s[30], symbol;
  top = -1;
  s[++top] = '#';
  j = 0;
  for(i=0; i < strlen(infix); i++){</pre>
    symbol = infix[i];
    while(F(s[top]) > G(symbol)){
       postfix[j] = s[top--];
      j++;
    }
    if(F(s[top])!=G(symbol))
       s[++top] = symbol;
     else
    top--;
  }
  while(s[top]!='#')
     postfix[j++] = s[top--];
  postfix[j] = '\0';
}
void main(){
  char infix[20], postfix[20];
```

```
printf("\nEnter a valid infix expression\n");
  gets(infix);
  infix_postfix(infix,postfix);
  printf("\nThe infix expression is:\n");
  printf ("%s",infix);
  printf("\nThe postfix expression is:\n");
  printf ("%s",postfix);
}
```

PROGRAM 5: Postfix evaluation and Tower

<u>a.</u>

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<string.h>
double compute(char symbol, double op1, double op2){
  switch(symbol){
    case '+': return op1 + op2;
    case '-': return op1 - op2;
    case '*': return op1 * op2;
    case '/': return op1 / op2;
    case '$':
    case '^': return pow(op1,op2);
    default: return 0;
  }
}
void main(){
  double s[20], res, op1, op2;
  int top, i;
  char postfix[20], symbol;
  printf("\nEnter the postfix expression:\n");
  gets(postfix);
  top=-1;
  for(i=0; i<strlen(postfix); i++){</pre>
    symbol = postfix[i];
```

```
if(isdigit(symbol))
    s[++top] = symbol - '0';
else{
    op2 = s[top--];
    op1 = s[top--];
    res = compute(symbol, op1, op2);
    s[++top] = res;
}

res = s[top--];
printf("\nThe result is : %f\n", res);
}
```

<u>b.</u>

```
#include<math.h>

woid tower(int n, int source, int temp,int destination){
    if(n == 0) return;
    tower(n-1, source, destination, temp);
    printf("\nMove disc %d from %c to %c", n, source, destination);
    tower(n-1, temp, source, destination);
}

void main(){
    int n;
    printf("\nEnter the number of discs: \n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    tower(n, 'A', 'B', 'C');
    printf("\n\nTotal Number of moves are: %d", (int)pow(2,n)-1);
}
```

PROGRAM 6: Circular Q

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define MAX 4
int ch, front = 0, rear = -1, count=0;
char q[MAX], item;
void insert(){
  if(count == MAX)
    printf("\nQueue is Full");
  else{
    rear = (rear + 1) \% MAX;
    q[rear]=item;
    count++;
  }
}
void del(){
  if(count == 0)
    printf("\nQueue is Empty");
  else{
    if(front>rear && rear==MAX-1){
      front=0;
      rear=-1;
      count=0;
    }
    else{
```

```
item=q[front];
      printf("\nDeleted item is: %c",item);
      front = (front + 1) % MAX;
       count--;
    }
  }
}
void display(){
  int i, f=front, r=rear;
  if(count == 0)
    printf("\nQueue is Empty");
  else{
    printf("\nContents of Queue is:\n");
    for(i=f; i!=r; i=(i+1)%MAX)
      printf("%c ",q[i]);
    printf("%c",q[i]);
  }
}
void main(){
  do{
    printf("\n1. Insert\n2. Delete\n3. Display\n4. Exit");
    printf("\nEnter the choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
```

PROGRAM 7: Singly Linked List

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int MAX=4, count;
struct student{
  char usn[10];
  char name[30];
 char branch[5];
  int sem;
  char phno[10];
  struct student *next;
};
typedef struct student NODE;
NODE *head;
int countnodes(){
  NODE *p;
  count=0;
  p=head;
 while(p!=NULL)
    p=p->next;
    count++;
 }
  return count;
}
```

```
NODE* getnode(){
  NODE *newnode;
  newnode= (NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
  printf("\nEnter USN, Name, Branch, Sem, Ph.No\n");
  scanf("%s",newnode->usn);
  scanf("%s",newnode->name);
  scanf("%s",newnode->branch);
  scanf("%d",&(newnode->sem));
  scanf("%s",newnode->phno);
  newnode->next=NULL;
  return newnode;
}
NODE* display(){
  NODE *p;
  if(head == NULL)
    printf("\nNo student data\n");
  else{
    p=head;
    printf("\n----STUDENT DATA----\n");
    printf("\nUSN\tNAME\t\tBRANCH\tSEM\tPh.NO.");
    while(p!=NULL){
      printf("\n%s\t%s\t\t%s\t\d\t%s", p->usn, p->name, p->branch, p->sem,p->phno);
      p = p->next;
    }
```

```
printf("\nThe no. of nodes in list is: %d",countnodes(head));
  }
  return head;
}
NODE* create(){
 NODE *newnode;
 if(head==NULL){
    newnode=getnode();
    head=newnode;
  }
  else{
    newnode=getnode();
    newnode->next=head;
    head=newnode;
  }
 return head;
}
void insert_front(){
 if(countnodes(head)==MAX)
    printf("\nList is Full / Overflow!!");
  else
    head=create();
}
void delete_front(){
```

```
NODE *p;
  if(head==NULL)
    printf("\nList is Empty/Underflow (STACK/QUEUE)");
  else{
    p=head;
    head=head->next;
    free(p);
    printf("\nFront(first)node is deleted");
  }
}
void main(){
  int ch, i, n;
  head=NULL;
  printf("\n*-----*");
  do
  {
    printf("\n 1.Create\t 2.Display\t 3.Insert f\t 4.Delete f\t 5.Exit");
    printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1: printf("\nHow many student data you want to create: ");
          scanf("%d", &n);
          for(i=0;i<n;i++)
            create();
          break;
      case 2: display();
```

```
break;
case 3: insert_front();
break;
case 4: delete_front();
break;
case 5: exit(0);
}
while(ch!=7);
}
```

PROGRAM 8: Doubly Linked List

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int MAX=4, count;
struct emp{
int ssn,sal;
char name[20],dept[10],desig[15],phno[10];
struct emp *left;
struct emp *right;
};
typedef struct emp NODE;
int countnodes(NODE *head){
  NODE *p;
  count=0;
  p=head;
 while(p!=NULL){
    p=p->right;
    count++;
  }
  return count;
}
NODE* getnode(NODE *head){
  NODE *newnode;
```

```
newnode=(NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
  newnode->right=newnode->left=NULL;
  printf("\nEnter SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, Ph.No\n");
  scanf("%d",&newnode->ssn);
  scanf("%s",newnode->name);
  scanf("%s",newnode->dept);
  scanf("%s",newnode->desig);
  scanf("%d",&newnode->sal);
  scanf("%s",newnode->phno);
  head=newnode;
  return head;
}
NODE* display(NODE *head){
  NODE *p;
  if(head==NULL)
    printf("\nNo Employee data\n");
  else{
    p=head;
    printf("\n----EMPLOYEE DATA----\n");
    printf("\nSSN\tNAME\tDEPT\tDESINGATION\tSAL\t\tPh.NO.");
    while(p!=NULL){
      printf("\n%d\t%s\t%s\t1%d\t\t%s", p->ssn, p->name, p->dept,p->desig,p->sal, p-
>phno);
      p = p->right;
    }
    printf("\nThe no. of nodes in list is: %d",countnodes(head));
```

```
}
 return head;
}
NODE* create(NODE *head){
 NODE *p, *newnode;
  p=head;
 if(head==NULL){
    newnode=getnode(head);
    head=newnode;
 }
 else{
    newnode=getnode(head);
   while(p->right!=NULL)
      p=p->right;
    p->right=newnode;
    newnode->left=p;
 }
 return head;
}
NODE* insert_end(NODE *head){
 if(countnodes(head)==MAX)
    printf("\nList is Full!!");
  else
    head=create(head);
```

```
return head;
}
NODE* insert_front(NODE *head){
 NODE *p, *newnode;
 if(countnodes(head)==MAX)
 printf("\nList is Full!!");
  else{
 if(head==NULL){
    newnode=getnode(head);
    head=newnode;
  }
  else{
    newnode=getnode(head);
    newnode->right=head;
    head->left=newnode;
    head=newnode;
  }
 }
 return head;
}
NODE* insert(NODE *head){
  int ch;
 do{
```

```
printf("\n 1.Insert at Front(First) \t 2.Insert at End(Rear/Last)\t3.Exit");
    printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
    case 1: head=insert_front(head);
        break;
    case 2: head=insert_end(head);
        break;
    case 3: break;
    }
    head=display(head);
  } while(ch!=3);
  return head;
}
NODE* delete front(NODE *head){
  NODE *p;
  if(head==NULL)
    printf("\nList is Empty (QUEUE)");
  else{
    p=head;
    head=head->right;
    head->right->left=NULL;
    free(p);
    printf("\nFront(first)node is deleted");
```

```
}
  return head;
}
NODE* delete_end(NODE *head){
 NODE *p, *q;
  p=head;
  while(p->right!=NULL)
    p=p->right;
  q=p->left;
  q->right=NULL;
  p->left=NULL;
  free(p);
  printf("\nLast(end) entry is deleted");
 return head;
}
NODE *del(NODE *head){
  int ch;
 do {
    printf("\n1.Delete from Front(First)\t2. Delete from End(Rear/Last))\t3.Exit");
    printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1: head=delete_front(head);
          break;
```

```
case 2: head=delete_end(head);
           break;
      case 3: break;
    }
    head=display(head);
  } while(ch!=3);
  return head;
}
NODE* queue(NODE *head){
  int ch, ch1, ch2;
  do{
    printf("\nDLL used as Double Ended Queue");
    printf("\n1.QUEUE- Insert at Rear & Delete from Front");
    printf("\n2.QUEUE- Insert at Front & Delete from Rear");
    printf("\n3.Exit");
    printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1: do{
           printf("\n1.Insert at Rear\t2.Delete from From Front\t3.Exit");
           printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
           scanf("%d", &ch1);
           switch(ch1){
             case 1: head=insert end(head); break;
             case 2: head=delete front(head); break;
```

```
}
         } while(ch1!=3);
         break;
    case 2: do{
           printf("\n1.Insert at Front\t2.Delete from Rear\t3.Exit");
           printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
           scanf("%d", &ch2);
           switch(ch2){
             case 1: head=insert_front(head); break;
             case 2: head=delete_end(head); break;
             case 3: break;
           }
          }while(ch2!=3);
         break;
    case 3: break;
  }
} while(ch!=3);
head=display(head);
return head;
```

case 3: break;

}

```
void main(){
  int ch, i, n;
  NODE *head;
  head=NULL;
  printf("\n-----");
  do{
    printf("\n1.Create\t2.Display\t3.Insert\t4.Delete\t5.Queue\t6.Exit"); printf("\nEnter your
choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1: printf("\nHow many employees data you want to create: ");
          scanf("%d", &n);
          for(i=0;i<n;i++)
          head=create(head);
          break;
      case 2: head=display(head);
          break;
      case 3: head=insert(head);
          break;
      case 4: head=del(head);
          break;
      case 5: head=queue(head);
          break;
      case 6: exit(0);
    }
  } while(ch!=6); }
```

PROGRAM 9: Polynomial (SCLL)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
struct node{
 int cf, px, py, pz,flag;
  struct node *link;
};
typedef struct node NODE;
NODE* getnode(){
  NODE *x;
 x=(NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
 if(x==NULL){
    printf("Insufficient memory\n");
    exit(0);
  }
  return x;
}
void display(NODE *head){
  NODE *temp;
  if(head->link==head){
    printf("Polynomial does not exist\n");
    return;
```

```
}
  temp=head->link;
  printf("\n");
  while(temp!=head){
    printf("%d x^%d y^%d z^%d",temp->cf,temp->px,temp->py,temp->pz);
    if(temp->link != head)
      printf(" + ");
    temp=temp->link;
    }
    printf("\n");
}
NODE* insert_rear(int cf,int x,int y,int z,NODE *head){
       NODE *temp,*cur;
      temp=getnode();
       temp->cf=cf;
       temp->px=x;
       temp->py=y;
       temp->pz=z;
       temp->flag=0;
       cur=head->link;
       while(cur->link!=head)
         cur=cur->link;
       cur->link=temp;
       temp->link=head;
       return head;
```

```
NODE* read_poly(NODE *head){
       int px, py, pz, cf, ch;
       do{
    printf("\nEnter coeff: ");
    scanf("%d",&cf);
    printf("\nEnter x, y, z powers(0-indiacate NO term): ");
    scanf("%d%d%d", &px, &py, &pz);
    head=insert_rear(cf,px,py,pz,head);
    printf("\nlf you wish to continue press 1 otherwCSE 0: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    } while(ch!=0);
    return head;
}
NODE* add poly(NODE *h1,NODE *h2,NODE *h3){
  NODE *p1,*p2;
  int x1,x2,y1,y2,z1,z2,cf1,cf2,cf;
  p1=h1->link;
  while(p1!=h1){}
    x1=p1->px;
    y1=p1->py;
    z1=p1->pz;
    cf1=p1->cf;
    p2=h2->link;
```

}

```
while(p2!=h2){}
    x2=p2->px;
    y2=p2->py;
    z2=p2->pz;
    cf2=p2->cf;
    if(x1==x2 && y1==y2 && z1==z2)
    break;
    p2=p2->link;
  }
    if(p2!=h2){
      cf=cf1+cf2;
      p2->flag=1;
      if(cf!=0)
        h3=insert_rear(cf,x1,y1,z1,h3);
    }
    else
      h3=insert_rear(cf1,x1,y1,z1,h3);
      p1=p1->link;
  }
  p2=h2->link;
  while(p2!=h2){}
  if(p2->flag==0)
    h3=insert_rear(p2->cf,p2->px,p2->py,p2->pz,h3);
  p2=p2->link;
  }
return h3;
```

```
void evaluate(NODE *h1){
       NODE *head;
       int x, y, z;
       float result=0.0;
  head=h1;
  printf("\nEnter x, y, z, terms to evaluate:\n");
  scanf("%d%d%d", &x, &y, &z);
  while(h1->link != head){
    h1=h1->link;
    result = result + (h1->cf * pow(x,h1->px) * pow(y,h1->py) * pow(z,h1->pz));
    h1=h1->link;
  }
  result = result + (h1->cf * pow(x,h1->px) * pow(y,h1->py) * pow(z,h1->pz));
  printf("\nPolynomial result is: %f", result);
}
void main(){
  NODE*h1,*h2,*h3;
  int ch;
  h1=getnode();
  h2=getnode();
  h3=getnode();
  h1->link=h1;
  h2->link=h2;
```

}

```
h3->link=h3;
while(1){
  printf("\n\n1.Evaluate polynomial\n2.Add two polynomials\n3.Exit\n");
  printf("Enter your choice: ");
  scanf("%d", &ch);
  switch(ch){
    case 1: printf("\nEnter polynomial to evaluate:\n");
        h1=read_poly(h1);
         display(h1);
         evaluate(h1);
        h1->link=h1;
         break;
    case 2: printf("\nEnter the first polynomial:");
        h1=read_poly(h1);
         printf("\nEnter the second polynomial:"); h2=read_poly(h2);
        h3=add_poly(h1,h2,h3);
        printf("\nFirst polynomial is: ");
         display(h1);
         printf("\nSecond polynomial is: ");
         display(h2);
         printf("\nThe sum of 2 polynomials is: ");
         display(h3);
        h1->link=h1;
        h2->link=h2;
        h3->link=h3;
         break;
```

```
case 3: exit(0);
  default: printf("\nInvalid entry");
      break;
}
```

PROGRAM 10: Binary Search Tree

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct BST
{
       int data;
       struct BST *left;
       struct BST *right;
};
typedef struct BST NODE;
NODE *node;
NODE* createtree(NODE *node, int data)
{
       if (node == NULL)
       {
              NODE *temp;
              temp= (NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
              temp->data = data;
              temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
              return temp;
       }
       if (data < (node->data))
       {
              node->left = createtree(node->left, data);
       }
```

```
else if (data > node->data)
       {
              node -> right = createtree(node->right, data);
       }
       return node;
}
NODE* search(NODE *node, int data)
{
       if(node == NULL)
       printf("\nElement not found");
       else if(data < node->data)
       {
              node->left=search(node->left, data);
       }
       else if(data > node->data)
       {
              node->right=search(node->right, data);
       }
       else
              printf("\nElement found is: %d", node->data);
              return node;
       }
void inorder(NODE *node)
{
```

```
if(node != NULL)
       {
              inorder(node->left);
              printf("%d\t", node->data);
              inorder(node->right);
       }
}
void preorder(NODE *node)
{
       if(node != NULL)
       {
              printf("%d\t", node->data);
              preorder(node->left);
              preorder(node->right);
       }
}
void postorder(NODE *node)
{
       if(node != NULL)
       {
              postorder(node->left);
              postorder(node->right);
              printf("%d\t", node->data);
       }
}
```

```
void main(){
       int data, ch, i, n;
       NODE *root=NULL;
       while (1)
       {
               printf("\n1.Insertion in Binary Search Tree");
               printf("\n2.Search Element in Binary Search Tree");
    printf("\n3.Inorder\n4.Preorder\n5.Postorder\n6.Exit");
               printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
               scanf("%d", &ch);
               switch (ch)
               {
                      case 1: printf("\nEnter N value: " );
                             scanf("%d", &n);
               printf("\nEnter the values to create BST like(6,9,5,2,8,15,24,14,7,8,5,2)\n");
                             for(i=0; i<n; i++)
                             {
                                     scanf("%d", &data);
                                     root=createtree(root, data);
                             }
                              break;
                      case 2: printf("\nEnter the element to search: ");
                              scanf("%d", &data);
```

```
root=search(root, data);
                              break;
                      case 3: printf("\nInorder Traversal: \n");
                              inorder(root);
                              break;
                      case 4: printf("\nPreorder Traversal: \n");
                              preorder(root);
                              break;
                      case 5: printf("\nPostorder Traversal: \n");
                              postorder(root);
                              break;
                      case 6: exit(0);
                      default:printf("\nWrong option");
                              break;
               }
       }
}
```

PROGRAM 11: Graph Operations

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct BST
{
       int data;
       struct BST *left;
       struct BST *right;
};
typedef struct BST NODE;
NODE *node;
NODE* createtree(NODE *node, int data)
{
       if (node == NULL)
       {
              NODE *temp;
              temp= (NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
              temp->data = data;
              temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
              return temp;
       }
       if (data < (node->data))
       {
              node->left = createtree(node->left, data);
       }
```

```
else if (data > node->data)
       {
              node -> right = createtree(node->right, data);
       }
       return node;
}
NODE* search(NODE *node, int data)
{
       if(node == NULL)
       printf("\nElement not found");
       else if(data < node->data)
       {
              node->left=search(node->left, data);
       }
       else if(data > node->data)
       {
              node->right=search(node->right, data);
       }
       else
              printf("\nElement found is: %d", node->data);
              return node;
       }
void inorder(NODE *node)
{
```

```
if(node != NULL)
       {
              inorder(node->left);
              printf("%d\t", node->data);
              inorder(node->right);
       }
}
void preorder(NODE *node)
{
       if(node != NULL)
       {
              printf("%d\t", node->data);
              preorder(node->left);
              preorder(node->right);
       }
}
void postorder(NODE *node)
{
       if(node != NULL)
       {
              postorder(node->left);
              postorder(node->right);
              printf("%d\t", node->data);
       }
}
```

```
void main(){
       int data, ch, i, n;
       NODE *root=NULL;
       while (1)
       {
               printf("\n1.Insertion in Binary Search Tree");
               printf("\n2.Search Element in Binary Search Tree");
    printf("\n3.Inorder\n4.Preorder\n5.Postorder\n6.Exit");
               printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
               scanf("%d", &ch);
               switch (ch)
               {
                      case 1: printf("\nEnter N value: " );
                             scanf("%d", &n);
               printf("\nEnter the values to create BST like(6,9,5,2,8,15,24,14,7,8,5,2)\n");
                             for(i=0; i<n; i++)
                             {
                                     scanf("%d", &data);
                                     root=createtree(root, data);
                             }
                              break;
                      case 2: printf("\nEnter the element to search: ");
                              scanf("%d", &data);
```

```
root=search(root, data);
                              break;
                      case 3: printf("\nInorder Traversal: \n");
                              inorder(root);
                              break;
                      case 4: printf("\nPreorder Traversal: \n");
                              preorder(root);
                              break;
                      case 5: printf("\nPostorder Traversal: \n");
                              postorder(root);
                              break;
                      case 6: exit(0);
                      default:printf("\nWrong option");
                              break;
               }
       }
}
```

PROGRAM 12: Hash Table

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 10
struct employee
{
       int id;
       char name[15];
};
typedef struct employee EMP;
EMP emp[MAX];
int a[MAX];
int create(int num){
       int key;
       key = num % 10;
       return key;
}
int getemp(EMP emp[],int key){
       printf("\nEnter emp id: ");
      scanf("%d",&emp[key].id);
       printf("\nEnter emp name: ");
  scanf("%s",emp[key].name);
```

```
return key;
}
void display(){
       int i, ch;
       printf("\n1.Display ALL\n2.Filtered Display");
       printf("\nEnter the choice: ");
       scanf("%d",&ch);
       if(ch == 1){
              printf("\nThe hash table is:\n");
              printf("\nHTKey\tEmpID\tEmpName");
              for(i=0; i<MAX; i++)
                 printf("\n%d\t%d\t%s", i, emp[i].id, emp[i].name);
       }
       else
       {
              printf("\nThe hash table is:\n");
              printf("\nHTKey\tEmpID\tEmpName");
              for(i=0; i<MAX; i++)
              if(a[i] != -1){
                      printf("\n%d\t%d\t%s", i, emp[i].id, emp[i].name);
                      continue;
              }
       }
}
```

```
void linear_prob(int key,int num){
       int flag,i;
       flag=0;
       for(i=key+1;i<=MAX;i++){</pre>
               if(a[i]==-1){
                       a[i]=getemp(emp,i);
                       flag=1;
                       break;
               }
       }
       for(i=0;i< key\&\&flag==0;i++){
                if(a[i]==-1){
                       a[i]=getemp(emp,i);
                       flag=1;
                       break;
               }
       }
       if(!flag)
               printf("hash tabl full:");
}
void main(){
       int num,key,i;
        int ans=1;
        printf("\nCollision handling by linear probing:");
```

```
for(i=0;i<MAX;i++){
              a[i]=-1;
              printf("%d",a[i]);
       }
       do{
              printf("\nEnter the data:\n");
              scanf("%d",&num);
              key=create(num);
              if(a[key]==-1)
                      a[key]=getemp(emp,key);
              else{
                      printf("collision detected\n");
                      linear_prob(key,num);
              }
              printf("\nDo you wish to continue?(1/0): ");
              scanf("%d",&ans);
       } while(ans);
       display();
}
```