# C library function - strncat()

## **Description**

The C library function char \*strncat(char \*dest, const char \*src, size\_t n) appends the string pointed to by **src** to the end of the string pointed to by **dest** up to **n** characters long.

#### **Declaration**

Following is the declaration for strncat() function.

```
char *strncat(char *dest, const char *src, size_t n)
```

#### **Parameters**

- dest This is pointer to the destination array, which should contain a C string, and should be large enough to contain the concatenated resulting string which includes the additional null-character.
- **src** This is the string to be appended.
- n This is the maximum number of characters to be appended.

### **Return Value**

This function returns a pointer to the resulting string dest.

## Example

The following example shows the usage of strncat() function.

Live Demo

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main () {
   char src[50], dest[50];
   strcpy(src, "This is source");
   strcpy(dest, "This is destination");
   strncat(dest, src, 15);
   printf("Final destination string : |%s|", dest);
```

```
return(0);
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program that will produce the following result -

Final destination string : |This is destinationThis is source|