

## C library function - fwrite()

### Description

The C library function **size\_t fwrite(const void \*ptr, size\_t size, size\_t nmemb, FILE \*stream)** writes data from the array pointed to, by **ptr** to the given **stream**.

### Declaration

Following is the declaration for fwrite() function.

```
size_t fwrite(const void *ptr, size_t size, size_t nmemb, FILE *stream)
```

### Parameters

- **ptr** – This is the pointer to the array of elements to be written.
- **size** – This is the size in bytes of each element to be written.
- **nmemb** – This is the number of elements, each one with a size of **size** bytes.
- **stream** – This is the pointer to a FILE object that specifies an output stream.

### Return Value

This function returns the total number of elements successfully returned as a **size\_t** object, which is an integral data type. If this number differs from the **nmemb** parameter, it will show an error.

### Example

The following example shows the usage of fwrite() function.

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main () {
    FILE *fp;
    char str[] = "This is tutorialspoint.com";

    fp = fopen( "file.txt" , "w" );
    fwrite(str , 1 , sizeof(str) , fp );

    fclose(fp);

    return(0);
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program that will create a file **file.txt** which will have following content –

```
This is tutorialspoint.com
```

Now let's see the content of the above file using the following program –

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main () {
    FILE *fp;
    int c;

    fp = fopen("file.txt","r");
    while(1) {
        c = fgetc(fp);
        if( feof(fp) ) {
            break ;
        }
        printf("%c", c);
    }
    fclose(fp);
    return(0);
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program to produce the following result –

```
This is tutorialspoint.com
```