

#### **VARIABLES IN C++**



- · A Variable is a container to hold data
- Variable can be of various types. Primarily we have these variable types in C++:
  - I. Int
  - 2. Float
  - 3. Char
  - 4. Double
  - 5 Boolean
- int sum = 34; means sum is an integer variable which holds value 34 in memory

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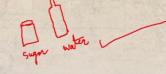


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  - 2. Float 1.21 3.77
  - 3. Char '6' '4' '6'
  - 4. Double ~ 1.218....]
  - 5. Boolean Morf No:



int sum = 34; means sum is an integer variable which holds value 34 in memory



### SYNTAX FOR DECLARING VARIABLES IN C++



• Data\_type Variable\_name = Value; int a = 4;

int a=4; char letter = '0'

• Ex. Int a =4, b=6;

Based on Scope, variable can be classified into two types:

1. Local Variables

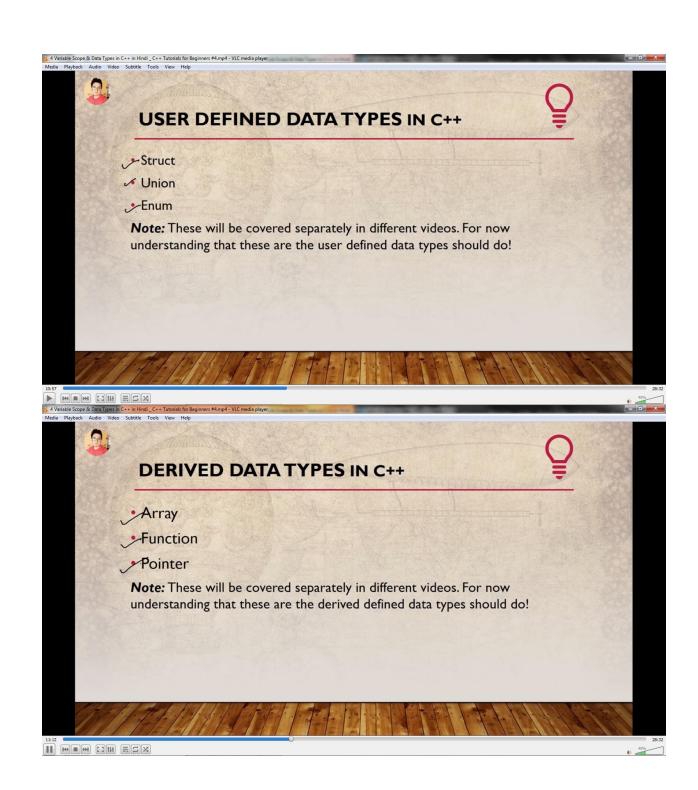
2. Global Variables



#### **VARIABLE SCOPE**



- Scope of a variable is the region in code where the existence of variable is valid.
- Based on scope we have local and global variables in C++
- function and can be accessed only from there.
- •Global Variables: Global variables are declared outside any function and can be accessed from anywhere.
- · Can global and local variable have same name in C++? : Yes, we will see!







## **RULES TO DECLARE VARIABLES IN C++**

- Variable names in C++ can range from 1 to 255 characters.
- All variable names must begin with a letter of the alphabet or an underscore(\_).
- · After the first initial letter, variable names can also contain letters and numbers.
- · Variable names are case sensitive.
- · No spaces or special characters are allowed.
- You cannot use a C++ keyword (a reserved word) as a variable name.