

7 Branching Statement Lectures - Week 4 - Branching Statements - Introduction to Programming in C++ - edX_2.15 - VLC media player

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Branching Statements

Module 3 Part 2
Itay Tal

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Classifying a character

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Problem
Write a program that reads from the user a character,
and classifies it to one of the following:

- Lower case letter
- Upper case letter
- Digit
- Not alpha-numeric character

Example
Please enter a character:
D
D is an upper case letter



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ASCII Table, ASCII char...

www.asciitable.com

0 0 000 NUL (null)	32 20 040 #32: Space	64 40 100 #64: @	96 60 140 #96: `
1 1 001 SOH (start of heading)	33 21 041 #33: !	65 41 101 #65: A	97 61 141 #97: a
2 2 002 STX (start of text)	34 22 042 #34: "	66 42 102 #66: B	98 62 142 #98: b
3 3 003 ETX (end of text)	35 23 043 #35: #	67 43 103 #67: C	99 63 143 #99: c
4 4 004 EOT (end of transmission)	36 24 044 #36: \$	68 44 104 #68: D	100 64 144 #100: d
5 5 005 ENQ (enquiry)	37 25 045 #37: %	69 45 105 #69: E	101 65 145 #101: e
6 6 006 ACK (acknowledge)	38 26 046 #38: &	70 46 106 #70: F	102 66 146 #102: f
7 7 007 BEL (bell)	39 27 047 #39: '	71 47 107 #71: G	103 67 147 #103: g
8 8 010 BS (backspace)	40 28 050 #40: (72 48 110 #72: H	104 68 150 #104: h
9 9 011 TAB (horizontal tab)	41 29 051 #41:)	73 49 111 #73: I	105 69 151 #105: i
10 A 012 LF (NL line feed, new line)	42 2A 052 #42: *	74 4A 112 #74: J	106 6A 152 #106: j
11 B 013 VT (vertical tab)	43 2B 053 #43: +	75 4B 113 #75: K	107 6B 153 #107: k
12 C 014 FF (NP form feed, new page)	44 2C 054 #44: ,	76 4C 114 #76: L	108 6C 154 #108: l
13 D 015 CR (carriage return)	45 2D 055 #45: -	77 4D 115 #77: M	109 6D 155 #109: m
14 E 016 SO (shift out)	46 2E 056 #46: .	78 4E 116 #78: N	110 6E 156 #110: n
15 F 017 SI (shift in)	47 2F 057 #47: /	79 4F 117 #79: O	111 6F 157 #111: o
16 10 020 DLE (data link escape)	48 30 060 #48: 0	80 50 120 #80: P	112 70 160 #112: p
17 11 021 DC1 (device control 1)	49 31 061 #49: 1	81 51 121 #81: Q	113 71 161 #113: q
18 12 022 DC2 (device control 2)	50 32 062 #50: 2	82 52 122 #82: R	114 72 162 #114: r
19 13 023 DC3 (device control 3)	51 33 063 #51: 3	83 53 123 #83: S	115 73 163 #115: s
20 14 024 DC4 (device control 4)	52 34 064 #52: 4	84 54 124 #84: T	116 74 164 #116: t
21 15 025 NAK (negative acknowledge)	53 35 065 #53: 5	85 55 125 #85: U	117 75 165 #117: u
22 16 026 SYN (synchronous idle)	54 36 066 #54: 6	86 56 126 #86: V	118 76 166 #118: v
23 17 027 ETB (end of trans. block)	55 37 067 #55: 7	87 57 127 #87: W	119 77 167 #119: w
24 18 030 CAN (cancel)	56 38 070 #56: 8	88 58 130 #88: X	120 78 170 #120: x
25 19 031 EM (end of medium)	57 39 071 #57: 9	89 59 131 #89: Y	121 79 171 #121: y
26 1A 032 SUB (substitute)	58 3A 072 #58: :	90 5A 132 #90: Z	122 7A 172 #122: z
27 1B 033 ESC (escape)	59 3B 073 #59: ;	91 5B 133 #91: [123 7B 173 #123: {
28 1C 034 FS (file separator)	60 3C 074 #60: <	92 5C 134 #92: \	124 7C 174 #124:
29 1D 035 GS (group separator)	61 3D 075 #61: =	93 5D 135 #93:]	125 7D 175 #125: }
30 1E 036 RS (record separator)	62 3E 076 #62: >	94 5E 136 #94: ^	126 7E 176 #126: ~
31 1F 037 US (unit separator)	63 3F 077 #63: ?	95 5F 137 #95: _	127 7F 177 #127: DEL

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Convert 24-hour to 12-hour

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Problem

Write a program that reads from the user a time entered in a 24-hour format, and prints the equivalent time in a 12-hour format.

Example

Please enter a time in a 24-hour format:

15:37

15:37 is 3:37 pm



Convert 24-hour to 12-hour

24-hour format	12-hour format	Period
0	12	am
1	1	
2	2	
3	3	
...	...	
11	11	pm
12	12	
13	1	
14	2	
15	3	
...	...	
23	11	



24-hour format	12-hour format	Period
0	12	am
1	1	
2	2	
3	3	
...	...	
11	11	pm
12	12	
13	1	
14	2	
15	3	
...	...	
23	11	


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Switch Statements

<u>Data</u>	<u>Expressions</u>	<u>Control Flow</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• int• float• double• char• string• bool	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• I/O expressions• Arithmetic expressions• Boolean expressions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sequential• Branching<ul style="list-style-type: none">- if- if-else- if-else if-else



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Switch Statements

```
...
switch(numeric-expression) {
    case constant:
        ...
        break;
    case constant:
        ...
        break;
    .
    default:
        ...
        break;
}
...
```



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Computing Value Of A Simple Expression

Problem

Write a program that reads from the user a simple mathematical expression (operators allowed: +, -, /, *), and prints it's value.

Example

Please enter an expression of the form
argument op argument:

5.2 * 4
20.8



Switch Statement – Syntactic Notes

- The **numeric-expression** must be of type **int** (**short int**, **int**, or **long int**), **char** or **bool**
- The **case** labels must be constants (literals or named constants).
- If no **case** label matches the value of **numeric-expression**, control branches to the **default** label (If there is no **default** label than control passes to the statement following the entire switch statement)
- After a branch is taken, control proceeds sequentially until either **break** or the end of the switch statement occurs. That's why there is usually a **break** at the end of each branch

