

## Operations on an Array

Following operations are supported by an array.

Traversal

Insertion

Deletion

Search

⇒ There can be many other operations one can perform on arrays as well.  
eg: Sorting asc., Sorting desc.

Traversal

Visiting every element of an array once → Traversal

Why traversal? → For use cases like:

It is  $O(n)$

→ Storing all elements → using scanf  
→ Printing all elements → using printf

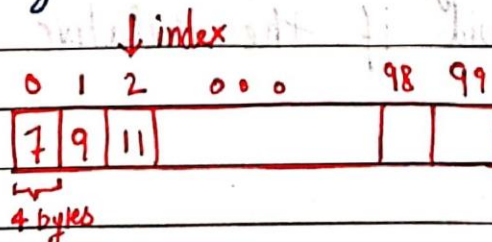
An important note about arrays

If we create an array of length 100 using `a[100]` in C language, we need not use all the elements.

It is possible for a program to use just 60 elements out of these 100.

↳ But we cannot go beyond 100 elements.

An array can easily be traversed using a for loop in C language





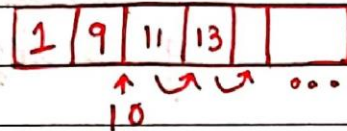
## Insertion

An element can be inserted in an array at a specified position.

In order for this operation to be successful, the array should have enough capacity.

Best Case  $\rightarrow O(1)$

Worst Case  $\rightarrow O(n)$

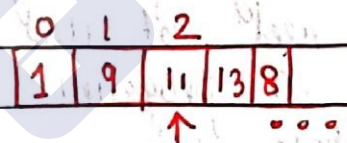


$\Rightarrow$  Elements need to be shifted to maintain relative order.

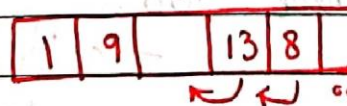
When no position is specified it's best to insert the element at the end.

## Deletion

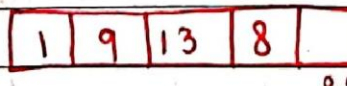
An element at specified position can be deleted creating a void which needs to be fixed by shifting all the elements to the left as follows:



Delete 11 at ind 2



Shift the elements



Deletion done!

We can also bring the last element of the array to fill the void if the relative ordering is not important.

Best Case  $\rightarrow O(1)$

Worst Case  $\rightarrow O(n)$



## Searching

Searching can be done by traversing the array until the element to be searched is found

0	1	2	3	
7	9	11	12	...

→ Search

↓  
For sorted array time taken to search is much less than unsorted array!!

## Sorting

Sorting means arranging an array in order (asc or desc)

We will see various sorting techniques later in the course.

12	7	18	1	8
----	---	----	---	---

unsorted array

⇒

1	7	8	12	18
---	---	---	----	----

sorted array