## CS 320 - Spring 2023 Instructor: Meenakshi Syamkumar

Exam 1 — 13%

(Last)	Surname:	(First) Given name:	
NetID	(email):	@w	visc.edu
1. 2. 3.	n these fields (left to right) on the scantron form (use #2 pencil):  . LAST NAME (surname) and FIRST NAME (given name), fill in bubbles . IDENTIFICATION NUMBER is your Campus ID number, fill in bubbles . Under ABC of SPECIAL CODES, write your lecture number, fill in bubbles:  001 - MWF 11:00am 002 - MWF 1:20pm . Under F of SPECIAL CODES, write 1 and fill in bubble 1		
grade no b	e you against the correct	do it wrong), the system may answer key, and your grade w randomly guess on each question it's correct!	ill be
electro	nic devices during this exam. Yo	s. You may not use books, calculators, on the may not sit near your friends or look a e your student ID face up on your desk. Τ	at your

Use a #2 pencil to mark all answers. DO NOT USE PEN on the scantron.

and put away portable electronics (including smart watches) now.

When you're done, please hand in the exam and note sheet and your filled-in scantron form. The note sheet will not be returned.

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1. Consider the below code snippet.

```
class Car:
```

```
def __init__(self, make, models):
        self.make = make
        self.models = models

cars = Car("Toyota", ["Avalon", "Corolla", "Sienna"])
print(len(cars)) # line 7
```

Which of the following special methods must be implemented for # line 7 to produce 3 as the output?

```
A. len B. _repr_svg_ C. __getitem_ D. __len_ E. for
```

2. Which of the following implicitly invokes \_\_le\_ special method?

```
A. obj1 != obj2 B. obj1 == obj2 C. obj1 < obj2 D. obj1 <= obj2
```

3. Consider the below code snippet.

```
class Polygon:
```

```
def __init__(self, sides):
    self.sides = sides
```

class Rectangle(Polygon):

Which of the following lines of code can be used to invoke the Polygon class constructor to replace pass on # line 7?

- A.  $super._init_{-}(4)$
- B. super().\_\_init\_\_(4)
- C. self.\_\_init\_\_(4)
- D. self().\_\_init\_\_(4)

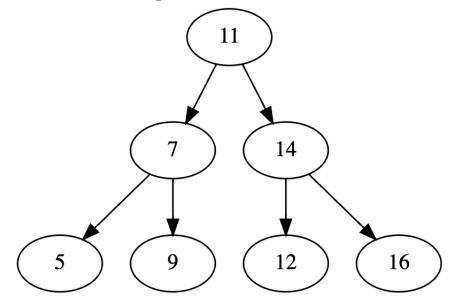
- 4. Consider the below code snippet.
  - class TrafficLight:

self.distance = distance

tl1 = TrafficLight("green", 10) # line 6

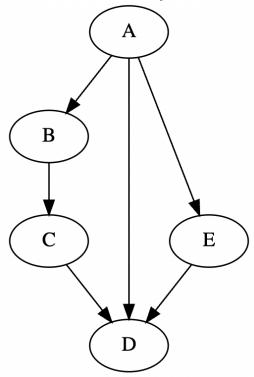
How many arguments are passed on # line 6?

- A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
- 5. If a BST is constructed using the algorithm we learned in class, and the insert order is [8, 3, 1, 6], where will 6 be?
  - A. root.left.left
  - B. root.left.right
  - C. root.right.left
  - D. root.right.right
- 6. Consider the BST insertion algorithm we learned in class. Given the below BST, which of the following **CANNOT** be the insertion order? For every node, consider first child as left and second child as right.



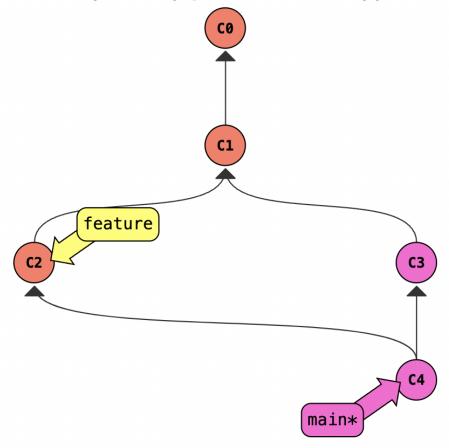
- A. [11, 5, 7, 14, 9, 12, 16]
- B. [11, 7, 14, 5, 9, 12, 16]
- C. [11, 7, 5, 9, 14, 12, 16]
- D. [11, 14, 7, 12, 9, 5, 16]

7. Given the below graph, which of the following paths will **DFS** return between nodes A and D? Assume that for every node its children nodes are alphabetically ordered.



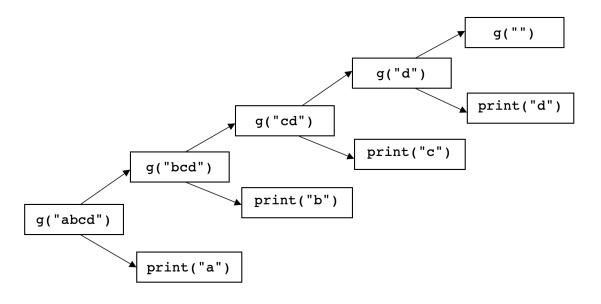
- A. None B. (A, D) C. (A, E, D) D. (A, B, C, D)
- 8. Considering the same graph as the previous question, which of the following paths will **BFS** return between nodes A and D? Again, assume that for every node its children nodes are alphabetically ordered.
  - A. None B. (A, D) C. (A, E, D) D. (A, B, C, D)

9. Given the below git commit graph, which of the following git commands was executed last?



- A. git tag
- B. git merge feature
- C. git commit
- D. git merge main
- 10. Which complexity class is worst / slowest among the following choices?
  - A.  $O(\log N)$
- B. O(N)
- C. O(N\*\*2)
- D. O(N log N)
- 11. Which of the following is the correct invocation of check\_output for executing git checkout command inside a directory called some\_repo? Assume that branch f1 exists.
  - A. check\_output("git checkout f1", cwd="some\_repo")
  - B. check\_output("git checkout f1", pwd="some\_repo")
  - C. check\_output(["git", "checkout", "f1"], cwd="some\_repo")
  - D. check\_output(["git", "checkout", "f1"], pwd="some\_repo")

12. Consider the below call graph. What gets printed first?



A. a B. b C. c D. d

13. What is the output of the below code snippet?

```
def mystery(some_nums):
    if len(some_nums) == 0:
        return []
    else:
        return [some_nums.pop(-1)] + mystery(some_nums)

some_nums = [5, 2, 7, -1]
print(mystery(some_nums))
```

- A. [-1, 7, 2, 5]
- B. [5, 2, 7, -1]
- C. [-1, 2]
- D. [7, 5]
- E. RecursionError

14. Which of the following will enable us to **efficiently** implement a queue for BFS?

A. set B. list C. deque D. heapq E. stack

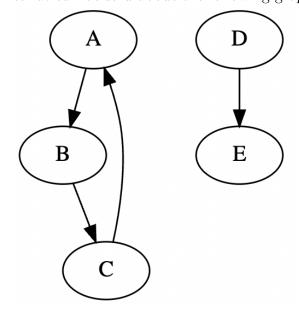
15. Suppose BSTNode class stores information about BST nodes, is the below implementation of \_\_getitem\_\_ method recursive?

```
class BSTNode:
    def __init__(self, name, val):
        self.key = name
        self.val = val
        self.left = None
        self.right = None

    def __getitem__(self, target):
        if target < self.key and self.left != None:
            return self.left[target]
        elif target > self.key and self.right != None:
            return self.right[target]
        assert self.key == target
        return self.val
```

A. True B. False

16. What can be said about the following graph?



- A. cyclic but not connected
- B. cyclic and connected
- C. acyclic but not connected
- D. acylic and connected

17. Which one of the following list operations have worst case complexity? Assume that L is storing a reference to a list object instance.

```
A. L.pop(-1) B. L.pop(0) C. L.append(1) D. L[len(L) // 2]
```

18. What is printed?

```
import heapq
items = []
for val in [10, 3, 1, 5, 21]:
    heapq.heappush(items, val)
print(heapq.heappop(items))
A. 1 B. 3 C. 5 D. 10 E. 21
```

19. What numbers get printed by the following code snippet?

```
def mystery():
    a = 0
    b = 1

while True:
    yield a
    temp = a + b
    a = b
    b = temp

f = mystery()
print(next(f))
print(next(f))
print(next(f))
A. 0, 1, 1 B. 0, 1, 2 C. 1, 1, 2 D. 1, 2, 3
```

20. Consider the below code snippet. How many attributes will the object instance referenced by cars have?

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