Standard Code Library

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一切的开始

宏定义

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
   using namespace std;
   typedef long long LL;
   typedef unsigned u32;
    typedef unsigned long long u64;
    typedef long double LD;
   #define il inline
   #define pln putchar('\n')
          \# define \  \, For(i,a,b) \quad for(int \ i=(a),(i\# i)=(b);i<=(i\# i);++i) 
    #define Rep(i,n) for(int i=0,(i##i)=(n);i<(i##i);++i)
    #define Fodn(i,a,b) for(int i=(a),(i##i)=(b);i \ge (i##i);--i)
    const int M=10000000007,INF=0x3f3f3f3f3f;
   const long long INFLL=0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f1
   const int N=1000010;
14
```

数学

类欧几里得

- $m = \lfloor \frac{an+b}{c} \rfloor$.
- $f(a,b,c,n) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} \lfloor \frac{ai+b}{c} \rfloor$: 当 $a \ge c$ or $b \ge c$ 时, $f(a,b,c,n) = (\frac{a}{c})n(n+1)/2 + (\frac{b}{c})(n+1) + f(a \bmod c, b \bmod c, c, n)$; 否则 f(a,b,c,n) = nm f(c,c-b-1,a,m-1)。
 $g(a,b,c,n) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} i \lfloor \frac{ai+b}{c} \rfloor$: 当 $a \ge c$ or $b \ge c$ 时, $g(a,b,c,n) = (\frac{a}{c})n(n+1)/(2n+1)/(6+(\frac{b}{c})n(n+1)/(2n+1)/($
- g(a mod c, b mod c, c, n);否则 $g(a, b, c, n) = rac{1}{2}(n(n+1)m f(c, c-b-1, a, m-1) h(c, c-b-1, a, m-1))$ 。
- $h(a,b,c,n) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} \lfloor \frac{ai+b}{c} \rfloor^2$: $\exists a \geq c \text{ or } b \geq c \text{ fl}, \ h(a,b,c,n) = (\frac{a}{c})^2 n(n+1)(2n+1)/6 + (\frac{b}{c})^2 (n+1) + (\frac{b}{c})^2 (n+1)$ $(\frac{a}{c})(\frac{b}{c})n(n+1)+h(a \bmod c, b \bmod c, c, n)+2(\frac{a}{c})g(a \bmod c, b \bmod c, c, n)+2(\frac{b}{c})f(a \bmod c, b \bmod c, c, n);$ 否则 h(a,b,c,n) = nm(m+1) - 2g(c,c-b-1,a,m-1) - 2f(c,c-b-1,a,m-1) - f(a,b,c,n) = nm(m+1) - 2g(c,c-b-1,a,m-1) - 2f(c,c-b-1,a,m-1) - 2f(c,c-b-1,a,m-1)

图论

LCA

● 倍增

```
void dfs(int u, int fa) {
        pa[u][0] = fa; dep[u] = dep[fa] + 1;
        FOR (i, 1, SP) pa[u][i] = pa[pa[u][i - 1]][i - 1];
        for (int& v: G[u]) {
            if (v == fa) continue;
            dfs(v, u);
   }
    int lca(int u, int v) {
        if (dep[u] < dep[v]) swap(u, v);</pre>
11
        int t = dep[u] - dep[v];
12
        FOR (i, 0, SP) if (t & (1 << i)) u = pa[u][i];
13
        FORD (i, SP - 1, -1) {
14
            int uu = pa[u][i], vv = pa[v][i];
            if (uu != vv) { u = uu; v = vv; }
16
17
        return u == v ? u : pa[u][0];
18
```

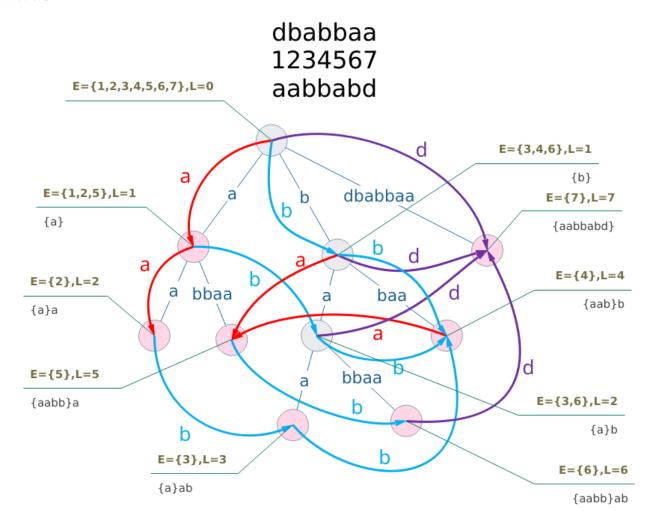
计算几何

二维几何: 点与向量

```
#define y1 yy1
   #define nxt(i) ((i + 1) % s.size())
   typedef double LD;
   const LD PI = 3.14159265358979323846;
    const LD eps = 1E-10;
   int sgn(LD x) { return fabs(x) < eps ? 0 : (x > 0 ? 1 : -1); }
   struct P;
    typedef P V;
    struct P {
       LD x, y;
11
        explicit P(LD x = 0, LD y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
12
        explicit P(const L& l);
13
   };
14
15
    struct L {
        Ps, t;
16
        L() {}
        L(P s, P t): s(s), t(t) {}
18
   };
19
20
   P operator + (const P& a, const P& b) { return P(a.x + b.x, a.y + b.y); }
21
   P operator - (const P& a, const P& b) { return P(a.x - b.x, a.y - b.y); }
   P operator * (const P& a, LD k) { return P(a.x * k, a.y * k); }
23
   P operator / (const P& a, LD k) { return P(a.x / k, a.y / k); }
24
   inline bool operator < (const P& a, const P& b) {</pre>
25
        return sgn(a.x - b.x) < 0 \mid | (sgn(a.x - b.x) == 0 && sgn(a.y - b.y) < 0);
26
27
   bool operator == (const P& a, const P& b) { return !sgn(a.x - b.x) && !sgn(a.y - b.y); }
28
   P::P(const L& l) { *this = l.t - l.s; }
29
   ostream &operator << (ostream &os, const P &p) {</pre>
30
        return (os << "(" << p.x << "," << p.y << ")");
31
32
    istream &operator >> (istream &is, P &p) {
33
34
        return (is >> p.x >> p.y);
35
   }
   LD dist(const P& p) { return sqrt(p.x * p.x + p.y * p.y); }
   LD dot(const V& a, const V& b) { return a.x * b.x + a.y * b.y; }
38
   LD det(const V& a, const V& b) { return a.x * b.y - a.y * b.x; }
   LD cross(const P& s, const P& t, const P& o = P()) { return det(s - o, t - o); }
```

字符串

后缀自动机



杂项

STL

copy

```
template <class InputIterator, class OutputIterator>
OutputIterator copy (InputIterator first, InputIterator last, OutputIterator result);
```